Regd. No. B 1065 CITY EDITION Regd. No. B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

VOL. XXVII NO. 59 BOMBAY: SATURDAY MARCH 11, 1939 PRICE: ONE ANNA

Subhas' Call To Sink Differences

Fervent Appeal To Utilize Favourable Opportunity

Ultimatum To Britain Suggested

Set Time Limit To Secure National Demands

TRIPURI, March 10.

Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose did not preside at the open session of the Congress to-day, owing to his illness and Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, the senior-most ex-President of the Congress, took the chair.

Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose, Mr. Subhas Bose's brother, read out the English version of the presidential speech.

A CLARION CALL TO THE NATION TO SINK ITS DIFFERENCES, POOL ITS RESOURCES AND PULL ITS FULL WEIGHT IN THE NATIONAL STRUGGLE AND TO TAKE ADVANTAGE OF THE PRESENT FAVOURABLE OPPORTUNITY WAS SENT FORTH BY MR. SUBHAS BOSE IN HIS PRESIDENTIAL ADDRESS TO THE 52ND SESSION OF THE CONGRESS.

THE ADDRESS SET UP A RECORD FOR THE BREVITY OF PRESIDENTIAL UTTERANCES.

Mr. Bose referred at the outset to the settlement of the Rajkot issue and the successful termination of Mahatma Gandhi's fast and expressed the joy of the Congress at the success of Mahatma Gandhi's mission and also his feeling of happiness.

He referred to the events leading to the resignation of the Working Committee and said that in the extraordinary circumstances in which he found himself his address had to be very brief.

After welcoming the Wafdist delegation he referred to the European situation.

Turning then to home politics he said "I must give clear and unequivocal expression to what I have been feeling for some time past. The time has come to raise the issue of Swaraj and submit our national demands to the British Government in the form of an ultimatum".

He felt that the problem was no longer as to when Federation would be forced down their throat. The problem was as to what they should do if the federal scheme was conveniently shelved.

They should submit their national demands in the form of an ultimatum with a time limit at the expiry of which a reply should be demanded.

There were certain people in the Congress so pessimistic as to think that the time was not ripe for a major assault on British imperialism. But looking at the situation in a thoroughly realistic manner he did not see the slightest ground for pessimism.

The President proceeded: "With the Congress in power in 8 Provinces the strength and prestige of our Nation stands high."

PRESIDENTIAL ADDRESS

TRIPURI, March 10.

The following is the presidential address of Mr. Bose at the 52nd session of the Indian National Congress:—

"Comrade Chairman, sister and brother delegates, I thank you from the bottom of my heart for the great honour you have done me by re-electing me to the presidential chair of the Indian National Congress and also for the warm and cordial welcome you have given me here at Tripuri. It is true that at my request you have had to dispense with some of the pomp that is usual on such occasions—but I feel that that enforced step has not taken away one iota of the warmth and cordiality of your reception and I hope that nobody will regret curtailment of it on this occasion.

Friends, before I proceed any further I shall voice your feelings by expressing our joy at the success of Mahatma Gandhi's mission to Rajkot and the termination of his fast in consequence thereof. The whole country now feels happy and tremendously relieved.

ABNORMAL YEAR.

Friends, this year promises to be an abnormal or extraordinary one in many ways. The Presidential Election this time was not of a humdrum type. The election was followed by sensational developments culminating in the

(Continued On Page 14

ALL READY FOR THE FRAY

Prospects Before Plenary Sessions

(From Our Correspondent.)

TRIPURI, March 10.

The resolution of Pandit Govind Vallabh Pant as accepted by the Subjects Committee will come up for discussion at the open session of the Congress to-morrow. Brisk canvassing has already started. The chances of the resolution being passed at the open session by a comfortable majority are very bright.

STAGGERING MAJORITY

TRIPURI, March 10.

Immediately after the conclusion of the Subjects Committee meeting, Mr. M. N. Roy, Mr. Dutt Mazumdar and Mr. Sarat Bose were closeted with the Congress President for about an hour. Although it was expected in Mr. Bose's Camp that the resolution would be carried without amendment, the majority by which it was carried, appears to have exceeded their estimate.

The result of the voting in the open session is now being looked forward to with very great interest.—A.P.

SOCIALIST HOPES

TRIPURI, Mar. 10.

The voting results in the Subjects Committee on Pt. Govind Ballabh Pant's resolution this evening has set both sides marshalling all their forces for tomorrow's open session of the Congress. While the Gandhian group are reported to be hopeful of a majority of about 300 to 400 votes, the Congress Socialist Party appears to be optimistic of carrying Mr. Achut Patwardhan's amendment relating to the deletion of the portion referring to aspersions.

RESOLUTIONS FOR SUBJECTS COMMITTEE.

Pt. Pant's resolution is the main resolution before the Congress but when the Subjects Committee meets to-morrow it is expected that besides non-official resolutions given notice of already and ballotted, three or four important resolutions will be brought forward for which priority may be sought. These will relate to the general situation in the country, the Indian States' problem, corruption in Congress organisation and Indians overseas.—A. P.

IN TRIPURI TO-DAY

VISHNU DUTT NAGAR, March 10.

The programme for to-morrow is as follows:—

Subjects Committee meeting at 8-30 a.m.

Open session at 5-30 p.m.

Political Prisoners' Conference under the Presidency of Babu Rajendra Prasad will meet at 8 in the morning, and the Students' Conference at 12 noon.—United Press Congress Special.

ADEN TAKES PRECAUTIONS

Against Activities Of Yemen Tribesmen

ADEN, Mar. 10.

The Government of Aden Protectorate have announced that they have decided to take certain precautionary defensive measures following reports of activity by Yemen tribesmen on the northwest frontier.

The Government are in communication with the King of Yemen, who declared his intention of abiding by the Treaty of Sanaa in 1934.—Reuter.

Subhas Chandra Bose, President of Tripuri Session of Congress.

PROLETARIATE RALLIES TO NATION'S CALL IN MARCH TO FREEDOM

(By Our Special Representative)

TRIPURI, March 10.

Two hundred thousand men and women Khaddar-clad and with Gandhi cap gathered under the canopy of the heavens. Such is the open session of the Congress. Out of rocks, is carved out one of the most imposing dais, high up and bearing the Tri-colour of a nation fighting for its liberty.

It is dusk and the grey spreads like a pall over the evening, tinging the edges of the horizon in those brief moments before the darkness envelopes it all.

They Stand Out

The Fezes of the Wafd delegates add colourful touch and stand out against the background of white Khaddar. One can barely see the great leaders. But some stand out even at a distance—Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan and the great Nehru and Maulana Abul Kalam Azad.

From the press benches in front, this mass meeting seems never to end. Far back many thousands of rows behind, is perhaps the last man to enter.

INDIA RISES AGAIN

When this world is shown pictures of Nazi rallies under the Swastika of Adolf Hitler, one should also see how a down-trodden but democratic nation has arisen at last to walk over the face of this earth, its head held high and its self-respect regained. This dazzling sight is soul-stirring.

INDIA REGAINS HER SOUL

Even the most blue-blooded among the English must with generosity concede, after seeing this glorious sight, that India has regained her soul. One becomes conscious of the rise of an oppressed proletariat, which has fought for its freedom to achieve at last a place among the free nations of the world. This is then the answer to a nation's prayer and the result of a long struggle for the liberation of humanity. "BANDE MATARAM."

Subjects Committee Proceedings—Page 12

Limbdi Case Inquiry

MAHATMA CALLS VICTIMS TO RAJKOT

(From Our Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD, March 10.

It is authentically learnt that Mahatmaji has invited workers of Limbdi and Vithalgadh States to Rajkot to place before him full particulars regarding the alleged atrocities.

Gandhiji has also instructed them to produce before him some victims of the atrocities.

In response to Gandhiji's invitation, workers of Vithalgadh State have already left for Rajkot, while workers of Limbdi are starting to-night.

It is authentically understood that Gandhiji will place all these facts of atrocities before the Viceroy during the ensuing meeting.

Mammoth Crowds At Plenary Session

Reception To Egyptian Delegation

Ill-Health Detains Subhas: Abul Kalam Presides

VISHNUDATTNAGAR, March 10.

The 52nd Session of the Indian National Congress which commenced at 6-30 p.m. under the chairmanship of Maulana Abul Kalam Azad in the absence of Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose, who could not attend owing to illness, adjourned at eight in the night, after the welcome address was delivered by Seth Govind Das and the Presidential address was read by Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose. Acharya Narendra Deo read out the Hindustani version of the speech.

With nearly two lakhs of people occupying every inch of available space in the large pandal made of bamboo and wood, and with momentous issues awaiting discussion and decisions, the session bids fair to be historic. Hours before the proceedings began, visitors and delegates poured in unending streams from all the three gates, and when the session began, there were not fewer than about two lakhs of men and women inside the pandal, besides leaders, A.I.C.C. members and Reception Committee members seated on the special shamiana erected in front of the pandal, and just below the Presidential rostrum.

The river Nerbuda made it an ideal site for a political congregation. A colossal statue of "the Awakened Peasant" carrying on his shoulders a plough was erected on one side of the rostrum facing the audience.

Seated on the dais were members of the old Working Committee, including Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, Babu Rajendra Prasad, Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose, Mr. Harekrishna Mehtab, Mr. Shankar Rao Deo, Dr. Pattabhi Seetharamayya, Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, Mr. Jairamdas Daulatram, Mr. Bhulabhai J. Desai, Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan, Acharya Kripalani, Mr. S. Srinivasa Iyengar, Mr. S. Satyamurthi, Mr. C. Rajagopalachari, Ministers of various Congress Governments, Mr. R. K. Sidhwa, Seth Govind Das, Chairman of the Reception Committee and other members of the Reception Committee and other leaders.

JAWAHARLAL CHEERED

The gathering cheered warmly as Pandit Nehru escorted the members of the Egyptian Delegation to the dais and seated them by the side of Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan and Maulana Azad.

On either side of the dais were seated the Reception Committee members and distinguished visitors, on platforms carved out of the base of the hill. The vast area of the amphitheatre was neatly divided into different enclosures with men and women volunteers standing guard all over the amphitheatre.

The two gates opening into the amphitheatre were tastefully decorated and stood out prominently against the background of the green hills beyond.

With soft music playing and a cool evening breeze, the amphitheatre was a picture of peace and beauty.

As Seth Govind Das announced that "Bande Mataram" would be sung, the audience, numbering over two lakhs, stood up in pin-drop silence. Even the people perched on the jutting rocks and on the hill stood up to the strains of "Bande Mataram", sung in chorus by six girls.

After "Bande Mataram", Seth Govind Das, the Chairman of the Reception Committee read his speech. After Seth Govind Das had completed his address, he announced that owing to the illness, the President was not able to attend the opening session of the Congress. He also announced that, in the absence of the President, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, the senior-most ex-President of the Congress, would take the Chair.

Maulana Azad said that Mr. Bose's condition before he left Calcutta was not such as could have enabled him to undertake the journey but against the doctors' advice, he came here. They had all hoped that his condition would improve sufficiently to enable him to attend the open session to-day, but this was not the case, and Mr. Bose's doctors had advised him against attending the session to-day. To their regret, therefore, they had to conduct the proceedings without the President.

Maulana Azad, then called upon Acharya Narendradev to read the Hindustani version of the Presidential Address. After Acharya Narendradev had completed reading the Hindustani version of the

(Continued on page 14, col. 2)

Mr. Mahmoud Bassiouny, leader of the Egyptian Wafd delegation to the Tripuri Congress.

Our Tabulated Adlets

1 Anna Per Word Minimum Re. 1.

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (upto 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25% on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY

is offered to our Adletisers Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE." if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL," will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE

are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words —Box No. (——), "The Bombay Chronicle,"—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

1. PERSONAL ADLETS

Psychologist, High Qualifications from Indian and London Universities. Specialised in mental testing from N.I.I.P. London and Vienna University. Has schemes for mental, temperamental and vocational testing in India. Smart, enthusiast and has personality. Enquire Mac., 1|5, Fern Road, Calcutta. (11448)

42 SITUATION VACANT.

Wanted urgently for Bank: Bank Manager, Accountants, Cashiers, Stenographers, Typists, Graduates Clerks, See Messrs Bow & Goldwyne, Mutual Bldg., Hornby Rd. Interview 1-4. (11436)

Wanted a representative to canvass indents for matchwood and packing cases in the Bombay Presidency. Apply Box. No. 11475 "Bombay Chronicle."

Earn Rs. 300 a month by learning by post or practically Soapmaking. Success guaranteed. Thousands in India, Burma, Ceylon, Africa, China, etc., earning. Details free: Soap Training House, Saidpur, E. B. Rly. (11452)

Applications are invited for the post of Secretary to a newly formed All-India business organization. The qualifications required are a good education, business experience, and preferably some knowledge of the law and journalism. Candidates, who should be between 30 and 35 years of age, must be men of good address and initiative. The salary offered is from Rs. 500 p.m. to Rs. 800 p.m. according to qualifications. Applications, which should be in the candidate's own hand-writing, should be addressed with copies of testimonials to Box No. 1000, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted by a first class, progressive Indian life office gentlemen of influence to represent on salary or commission. Rare opportunities to those who are ambitious to build up careers. Apply Box No. 11471 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted: A Professor of Economics and a professor of History. Must be at least 2nd class M.A.'s. Experienced men will be preferred. Apply to:—Principal, S. A. Jain College, Ambala City. (11478)

Wanted Distributors on fixed remuneration for Otto George VI. Fast seeling with free prize coupon. Unsold stock can be returned. P. B. 119, Cawnpore. (11440)

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted Ladies and Gents in every town to earn easily Rs. 5|- to 10|- Daily congenial spare time or wholetime work among Indians and Europeans both, experience immaterial. Details for 2 anna stamps to cover postage and from Sole Distributors. S. B. Thakur, Lea Quarter, Karachi. (10766)

Wanted—Applications are invited for a responsible post at the Head Office, Masulipatam, from persons with Actuarial and Academic qualifications and with actual working knowledge of Life Insurance Offices. Applications to reach the undersigned on or before 20-3-1939. Further particulars on application. Y. Mangayya, B.A., B.L., Secretary, Andhra Insurance Co., Ltd. Masulipatam. (10727A)

Applications are invited from persons well versed in the art of advertisement and with a sound knowledge of Money Market conditions and Investments. Salary up to Rs. 100. Applications with testimonials to reach the undersigned on or before 20-3-1939. Y. Mangayya, B.A., B.L., Secretary, Andhra Insurance Co., Ltd., Masulipatam. (10727)

Applications are invited from ladies and gentlemen to represent an old well-established, progressive Indian Life Office. Qualification—respectable social status having influence and easy means. Terms—Commission, salary or allowance. Prospect—On confirmation promotion to the grade of permanent field staff. Possession of a car is an advantage. Apply Box No. 4080, Advt. Dept., "Statesman", Calcutta. (11470)

Wanted, by a Film Company, candidates to serve as Actors, Actresses, Singers, Dancers, Stunts etc., as also good Song and Story writers. Actors, etc., include young and old, white and black, ugly and beautiful alike, as every type is needed in films. Mofussil candidates also invited and train fares allowed to "the selected ones". Salaries from Rs. 30 to Rs. 00 or more according merit. Apply (positively by 16-3-39, with two "Half-anna stamps", for the necessary rules and regulations and application forms) to The Recruiting Officer, C|o Post Box 6765, Calcutta. (11403)

62. TO BE LET

Banoo-Grange Nepean Sea Road, Commodious Independent First and Ground floors suitable for any community with all English and Indian conveniences. Garage with first floor. Rent Rs. 250 and 200. Apply owner. Top floor. (11482)

68. FLATS TO LET

A flat on the second floor at Parekh Building. New Queen's Road to vegetarian Hindus only. Rent moderate. Apply Maganlal Mehta top floor. (11460)

70. BUNGALOWS TO LET

To Be Let Small Bungalow of 8 airy and lighty rooms to Vegetarian Hindus wholly or partially at 29C, Doongersey Road, Walkeshwar. Rent moderate. (11481)

78. OFFICE PREMISES TO LET

To let Office premises in a centrally situated building in business locality at the junction of Green Street and Custom House Road, Fort from the 1st of April. The building is completely renovated on modern style and is provided with lift and other facilities. For particulars please write or see Khan Bahadur K. J. Petigara, Estate Manager to Prince Aly S. Khan, Agakhan Building, Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay. (11465)

141. EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Hungarian Art School opening 1st April: Podar Chambers, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort. Lessons in oil, water and pestel colour painting and easy study system in scenery and portrait painting. Particulars by post. Apply to Principal Post Box No. 3574, Bombay. (11493)

117. MOTOR CARS FOR SALE

For sale a Willys Car in Good condition, 14 to 15 miles per gallon apply No. 11484 "Bombay Chronicle."

191. MEDICAL ADLETS

Right Contraceptive Jelly, our make according latest researches. Re. 1|4 per tube. Right Agency, Girgaum, Bombay. (11366)

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch Per insertion.
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd and Subsequent-Insertions	Rs. 4-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

THE CENTRAL INDIA SPINNING, WEAVING & MANUFACTURING CO., LTD.

NOTICE.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from THURSDAY, the 23rd March, 1939 to THURSDAY, the 6th April, 1939, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
TATA SONS, LTD.,
Managing Agents,
S. D. SAKLATVALA,
Director.

Bombay House,
Bruce Street, Fort,
Bombay, 9th March, 1939.
(10760)

DISTRICT LOCAL BOARD, BOMBAY SUBURBAN DISTRICT, ANDHERI.

NOTICE.

SEALED RATE TENDERS are invited on or before 16th March, 1939, for the following works in the forms supplied by this Office. Every tender must be accompanied by the earnest money in cash shown against each work. For further particulars apply during office hours to the undersigned. The prescribed forms of Tenders will be available from the Local Board Office at Andheri or in the L. S. G. Institute's Office, 11 Elphinstone Circle, Fort, Bombay, during office hours.

Name of work.	Amount of Earnest money required. Rs.
(1) Supply of metal on Local Board Roads.	50
(2) Supply of soft murum for whole year.	50
(3) Remetalling of D.L.B. Roads	50

JABIR A ALI,
President,
District Local Board, B.S.D.
Andheri, 7th March, 1939.
10744.

TENDER FOR BUILDING.

Sealed Percentage Rate Tenders are invited for the construction of a building at Byculla belonging to the Trustees, Shri Motishaw Jain Temple, estimated to cost about Rs. 1,15,000.

Tender form, specification &c., can be had from the office of the undersigned during office hours.

The undersigned or the Trustees do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any Tender.

KORA & BHATT,
22, Apollo Street, Fort.
10746.

240. PARTNERSHIPS OFFERED.

Wanted—Some financing partners for a lucrative business concern with progressive views workable on Joint Stock Company basis. Please apply Box No. 11487 "Bombay Chronicle."

Due to indifferent health proprietor wants either an experienced assistant in book shop as a partner or purchaser with little finance to reorganise well known Book shop in Fort. Box No. 11492 "Bombay Chronicle."

347. LOANS AND MORTGAGES

Immediate Loans? Monday to Friday Five persons received Loans on mere Promissory Notes! Certificates with names and addresses as open proofs! No double Pro-Notes! No heavy interest! Just come and read Hundreds of Certificates! Sunday and Holidays open. Agents also required on handsome Commission. Bombay Loans Finance Corporation, Balaram House, Chorni Road Junction, Grant Road, opposite Hardinge. (11490)

387. TYPEWRITERS

Empire Typewriter Co., 76, Tamarind Lane, Fort, repairs, overhauls and rebuilds Typewriters (all makes) under expert supervision of Late Foreman, Remington Rand. (11376)

Public Notices

THE UNION BANK OF INDIA, LTD.

WE HAVE PLEASURE in informing our valued clients and patrons that a branch of this Bank has been opened on the 8th instant at Mandvi at the junction of Katha Bazar and Mircha Galli.

B. M. BHARGAVA,
Secretary.
(10775)

NOTICE AS TO LOST POLICY

Policy No. B73540 in NATIONAL INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD., on the life of Govind Rajarao Kulkarni of Kalghatge, Dt. Dharwar having been LOST. Notice is hereby given that failing any objection to reach the Company within one month of this date from any interested party with production of the policy, the Company will proceed in matters pending concerning the policy.

K. M. NAIK,
Manager,
National Insurance Co, Ltd.
7 Council House St.,
Calcutta, 10-3-1939.
(10767)

HARINAGAR SUGAR MILLS, LTD.

LOST OR MISLAID

Share Certificate in respect of one ordinary share No. 1331, Harinagar Sugar Mills, Ltd., in the name of Hajimohmed Alimohmed Aga, has been lost or mislaid. Any claim in respect of this share should be notified within one month to the Registered Office of the Company, 207 Kalbadevi Road, Bombay. Otherwise duplicate share Certificate will be issued to the abovementioned owner.

(11491)

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 451 of 1934.

THE BANK OF INDIA LIMITED ..... Plaintiffs.
versus.
HIRJIBHOY BYRAMJI WARDEN and Others ... Defendants.

PURSUANT to Decree Absolute for Sale, dated 23rd August, 1938, the following immovable property will be sold by Public Auction by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court at his Office in the Court House on WEDNESDAY, 15th March, 1939, at 4 P.M. (S.T.)

FIRSTLY:—All that piece of vacant land situate on the East side of Victoria 2nd Cross Lane Bombay admeasuring 210 square yards or thereabouts consisting of the two passages hereunder described and bearing Collector's No. F/16304 and N. S. No. 1/3649 and Cadastral Survey No. 586 under Mazagon Division.

PASSAGE I—The 19 feet passage bounded on the North and East by the property secondly described hereunder on the South by the passage II, hereunder described on the West by the 10 feet passage in the land leased to Dhanjishaw Ruttonji Karani, and another.

PASSAGE II.—The 17 feet passage bounded on the North partly by the land leased to Dhanjishaw Ruttonji Karani and another and partly by the passage I hereinbefore described on the South and East by the property secondly described hereunder and on the West by the Victoria 2nd Cross Lane.

SECONDLY:—All that piece of Government leasehold land situate on the East side of Victoria Second Cross Lane at the Mount Road near Mazagon Bombay together with tenements and dwelling houses standing thereon, admeasuring 4228 square yards or thereabouts (which together with the 210 square yards firstly hereinabove described make up the total area of 4438 square yards) and bearing Collector's No. F/-16340 and New Survey No. 1/3649 and Cadastral Survey No. 586 Mazagon Division and Municipal E. Ward Nos. 7703 (1), 7703 (1A), 7703 (2) and 7703 (3) and new Street Nos. 5A, 5B, 7A, 7, 1 and 5C.

For further particulars and conditions of Sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Messrs. CRAIGIE BLUNT AND CAROE, Attorneys for the Plaintiffs abovenamed at Standard Building, Hornby Road, Fort Bombay.

Dated this 2nd day of February, 1939.

(Sd.) G. R. KHAIRAZ,
Commissioner.
10668.

Public Notices

THE SURAT ELECTRICITY COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the NINETEENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Surat Electricity Company, Limited, will be held on MONDAY, the 27th March, 1939 at 5-15 p.m. at the Registered Office of the Company, Home Street, Fort, Bombay, to transact the following business:—

1. To adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Statement of Accounts made up to 31st December, 1938.
2. To declare a Dividend.
3. To elect Directors in place of Sir Purshotamdas Thakurdas, Kt., C.I.E., M.B.E., and Mr. C. S. Bell, who retire by rotation, but are eligible and offer themselves for re-election.
4. To elect Mr. R. C. Lowndes, who retires under Article 98, as a Director.
5. To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from MONDAY, the 20th March to MONDAY, the 3rd April, 1939, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
KILLICK, NIXON & CO.,
Agents.
Bombay, 1st March, 1939.
10769.

G.I.P. RY.—TENDERS.

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, invites tenders for the purchase of ferrous turnings scrap available for disposal from time to time at the Stores Depot, Haji Bunder, Bombay and|or Stores Depot, Matunga, during the period of one year commencing from 1-4-1939. Price per copy of tender form Rs. 2 which amount will not be refunded. Payment by cheque, Postal Orders and Postage Stamps will not be accepted. Closing date 28th March 1939 at 3 P.M. (S.T.)

(10764)

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that DWARKADAS MEGHJI and JAMNADAS MEGHJI have contracted with our client for the absolute sale to him free from all claims and incumbrances of the undermentioned property. All persons having any claim or interest to or in the said property or any part thereof by way of sale, gift, inheritance, residence, use, trust, maintenance, possession, mortgage, lease, lien, charge or otherwise, howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office, Albert Building, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof as otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claims if any, and the same will be considered and treated as having been absolutely waived and abandoned.

THE DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL that piece or parcel of land or ground of the Pension and Tax Tenure together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate at Girgaum Road, without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 363 Square yards or thereabouts as given in the Deed of Transfer dated the 24th day of October, 1923, and in the Cadastral Survey Record but 384 square yards or thereabouts by actual measurement and registered along with the adjoining land hereditaments and premises formerly known as Patel Building but now known as Jayant Nivas in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos. 539, 539, New Nos. 2623, 2624, Old Survey No. 558 and 558, New Survey No. 7754 and registered under Cadastral Survey No. 1/133 Girgaum Division and bounded as follows that is to say, on the East by the property of Yeshabai Narayan Dharadhar, on the West by the Public Road called (formerly called Breach Candy) Girgaum Road, on the North by a public passage leading to Khotachi Wadi and on the South by the property formerly known as Patel Building and now known as Jayant Nivas assessed by the Collector of the Municipal Rates and Taxes under D Ward Nos. 291 (2) and 998 and 999 and Old Street Nos. 689, 681, 693, 689, 693 and 20 and present Street Nos. 161, 163 and 165.

Dated this 9th day of March, 1939.

BHAISHANKAR KANGA & GIRDHARLAL,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
10768.

Public Notices

THE AHMEDABAD ADVANCE, MILLS, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from MONDAY, the 20th March, 1939, to WEDNESDAY, the 12th April, 1939, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
TATA SONS, LTD.,
Managing Agents,
S. D. SAKLATVALA,
Director.
Bombay, 9th March, 1939.
(10759)

DISTRICT LOCAL BOARD BOMBAY SUBURBAN DISTRICT. ANDHERI

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS ARE INVITED before the 17th March, 1939, in the forms provided for the right of collecting Ferry Tolls on the following Local Board Ferries and quarrying in the Local Board Quarries at Kherodi for a period of one year from 1st April, 1939, to 31st March, 1940.

1. Borivli Gorai Ferry (By use of country boats).
2. Marwa Manori Ferry (By the use of Motor Launch with a Board of Trade Certificates and country boats).
3. Stone quarries at Kherodi in S. No. 267 and a plot between S.N. 99 and 227.
4. Every tender must be accompanied by a cash deposit of Rs. 150/-. Rs. 500/- and Rs. 100/- in the case of I, II, and III respectively.
5. Prescribed forms of the tenders and any further information required can be obtained from the undersigned or in the L.S.G. Institute's Office, 11, Elphinstone Circle, Fort, Bombay, during office hours.

JABIR A. ALI.
President.
District Local Board, B.S.D.
Andheri, dated 25th Feb. 1939.
10714.

NOTICE

S. S. "NISSAN MARU."

CONSIGNEES OF CARGO per the above steamer are hereby informed of her arrival here on 10th March, 1939, from Japan via ports 'en route' and requested to present us Bills of Lading for counter-signature without delay. Applications for survey should be made in writing to us within 7 days after discharging and prior to removal of cargo from the Landing Shed.

N. MATSURA.
Manager.
OSAKA SYOSEN KABUSIKI KAISYA.

Legal Notices

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that LALCHAND DHAMANMAL and BACHUBAI DWARKADAS Joint Receivers in suit No. 1543 of 1933 (Narandas Isherdas Vs. Bachubai) have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge trust maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Meadows House, Meadows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 8 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY

All that piece or parcel of Fazandari land or ground with the messuage, tenement or dwelling-house standing thereon, situate, lying and being on the West side of Nagdevi Street in the town island and Registration Sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 165 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue New Survey No. 2081 Cadastral Survey No. 609 Division and in the Books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under 'B' Ward No. 356 and Street No. 126-128 and bounded as follows: that is to say, on or towards the East by Nagdevi Street, on or towards the West by property belonging to the estate of Lakhmidas Tekchand, on or towards the North partly by a passage and partly by property of Goolloo Cotharee and on or towards the South by property of Sumbhooram Jootha.

Dated this 10th day of March, 1939.

KANTILAL A. PARIKH.
For Messrs. Kamdar & Co.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
10774.

Public Notices

NOTICE.

THE EASTERN BANK, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TRANSFER BOOKS of the Bank will be CLOSED from 17th March to 1st April, 1939, both days inclusive.

(10763)

NOTIFICATION.

THE PUBLIC ARE HEREBY INFORMED that the Government of Bombay have abolished the Board constituted by them for conducting the IV Std. Examination of the Municipal and Aided-Primary Schools in the City and Island of Bombay. The Heads of *approved schools* (Municipal and Recognised) will hereafter hold the IV Standard Examination of their respective schools.

The parents and guardians of pupils attending unrecognised schools or of pupils who have been privately coached for the examination are hereby advised that they should get their wards admitted to some recognised or Municipal school for securing a certificate of passing the Fourth Standard Examination. The examination will be held in Municipal Schools in the second week of April, 1939.

R. V. PARULEKAR,
Secretary, Schools Committee.
The Schools Committee's Office,
Gilder Tank Building, Grant Rd.
Bombay, 8th March, 1939.
10770.

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

CITY ENGINEER'S DEPARTMENT
(Works Branch).

NOTICE.

TENDERS for the work of constructing Tulsi Pipe Line Road from its junction with Haines Road for a distance of 800 feet with cement concrete slabs and the eastern footpath with blue stone slabs along with sewers and storm water drains—will be received upto 1 p.m. (Bombay Time) on Monday, the 20th March, 1939.

Tenders should be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the office of the Chief Accountant, Municipal Offices, Fort, Bombay, enclosed in a sealed envelope bearing the description of the tender.

Forms of tender, specification, etc., will be issued on payment of Rupees five to any one deputed to receive them by the undersigned Dy. City Engineer, who will on application give any further information that may be required.

In case of a firm, the names of all the partners must invariably be specified in the tender.

The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

(Sd.) N. V. MODAK.
City Engineer.
City Engineer's Department
(Works Branch)
Municipal Offices,
Bombay, 9th March, 1939.
10771.

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 933 of 1935.

BABIBAI alias PADMABAI, widow of Mahadeo Sakharam Patil ..... Plaintiff.
Versus.
THAMABAI, widow of Raju Manglia Bhoir and others ..... Defendants.

PURSUANT to Consent Decree dated 7th September, 1937, the following immovable property will be sold by Public Auction by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court at his Office in the Court House on THURSDAY, 16th March, 1939, at 4 P.M. (S.T.)

ALL THAT Piece of Pension and Tax land with the dwelling house standing thereon, situate at Kumbharwada Dadar, Bombay, admeasuring 4142 square yards or thereabouts (less 604 Square Yards acquired by the Municipality of Bombay) and bearing Land Revenue Old No. 420, New No. 4204, Old Survey No. 421, New Survey No. 1/1863 and Cadastral Survey No. 1393 of Lower Parel Division and "G" Ward No. 3282, 3283 (1) and Street Nos. 746-747.

For further particulars and conditions of Sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Messrs. DIVEKAR AND CO. Attorneys for the Plaintiff abovenamed at No. 14 Hamam Street, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 24th day of January, 1939.

G. R. KHAIRAZ,
Commissioner.
10765.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 17 April, 2017

Legal Notices

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mrs. SUNANDABAI, daughter of the late Sunderrao Narayen Jayker and wife of Keshavrao Talcherker has contracted with the undersigned for the absolute sale to him free from all claims and incumbrances of the undermentioned property. All persons having any claim or interest to or in the said property or any part thereof by way of sale, gift, inheritance, residence, use, trust, mainfenance, possession, mortgage, lease, lien, charge or otherwise howsoever, are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at Mugbhat Cross Lane, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, as otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claims (if any) and the same will be considered and treated as having been absolutely waived and abandoned.

THE DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

ALL THAT piece of land of Pension Tax (redeemed) with buildings thereon, situate at Mugbhat Cross Lane, in the registration Sub-District of Bombay—Area 123 and six-ninths square yards, Collector's Old No. 152, New No. 1413, Old Survey No. 502, New Survey No. 7643, Cadastral Survey No. 298, Girgaum Division—Ward No. 561 and Street No. 36G.—Boundaries: East property of late Sokarbai H. Rele,—West property of Vijaiker, North by Mugbhat Cross Lane and South by Bhimrao Atmaram Cart.

Dated this 10th day of March, 1939.

VISHNU RAMCHANDRA KANDADE, Purchaser.
(10773)

IN THE COURT OF DISTRICT JUDGE OF SOUTH MALABAR AT CALICUT.

A. S. No. 466 of 38.

I. A. 692 of 38.

KHAN BAHADUR H.M. D. H. BHIWANDIWALLA & CO., ... Appellant. Petitioner.

P. AYESSABI UMMA and others ..... Respondents.

TAKE NOTICE that Kesawalal Moonji, the present Muktyar Agent of the appellant Company has applied to this Court by the above application for leave to file and conduct the above appeal on behalf of the said Company and the Court has ordered notice to Suleman Dawood Moon on the said application which is posted for hearing to 8-4-39 and in default of any objection the petition will be heard ex parte.

(Sd.) A. R. SUNDARA IYER, Advocate for Petitioner.
10772.

Auction Sales

AUCTION SALE OF A COLLECTION OF CHINESE AND JAPANESE DECORATIVE WORKS AND OBJECTS OF ART AND CURIOS OF THE ORIENTAL ART MUSEUM BELONGING TO MR. GULAM MOHIDIN MASTER.

Under instructions from H. C. Captain, Esqr., the Receiver appointed on behalf of the Central Bank of India Ltd., in Suit No. 582 of 1932.

Sale on WEDNESDAY, the 22nd and THURSDAY, the 23rd March, 1939, at 3 P.M. each day at the Room of the Auctioneers, 123, Medows Street, Bombay.

The Collection comprises Chinese porcelain in every manner of type and shape, Japanese Satsuma, Chinese Cloisonne, Bronze, Ivory, Carved sandalwood Old Indian Brass, Agate articles Coloured portraits of Mogul Emperors and many other Works of Art and decoration including a valuable and rare set of 4 copper beaten plaques depicting episodes from the Sha Namah.

Will be on view from the 17th inst. (except on 19th and 21st) from 11 A.M. to 6 P.M.

Catalogues from the undersigned.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

VORA & CO.

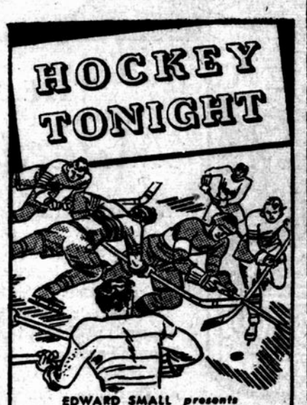
AUCTION SALE TO-MORROW (SUNDAY) at 10-30 A.M. (S. T.) at Hughes Road, Opp. Messrs. Hyland Co. of complete Bungalow Furniture, Schiemayer and Soehne Piano, Godrej 42 inches and Chubb 40 inches safes, Rajvanshi Zula, Remington portable Typewriter, H. M. V. Cabinet, Gramophone, Singer Machine, Zunda Almirah, Chesterfield sets, Chandeliers, Royal typewriter, Wrist watches, Dining table and chairs, Glassware etc.

THIS IS NOW THE
13th WEEK
And Repeat Audiences are regaling themselves with the Melodious Songs of:
RENUKA DEVI
In BOMBAY TALKIES' SURPRISE PICTURE
BHABI
WITH
P. JAIRAJ
MEERA, MAYADEVI, M. NAZIR, P. F. PITHAWALA, GYANCHANDRA, RAMA SHUKUL, V. H DESAI
HIGH IN THE ESTIMATION OF FANS & CRITICS IT REACHES THE HIGH WATER-MARK OF THIRTEEN WEEKS
AT
ROXY

ERROL FLYNN
THE DAWN PATROL
EXCELSIOR
Daily At 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
2ND WEEK!!

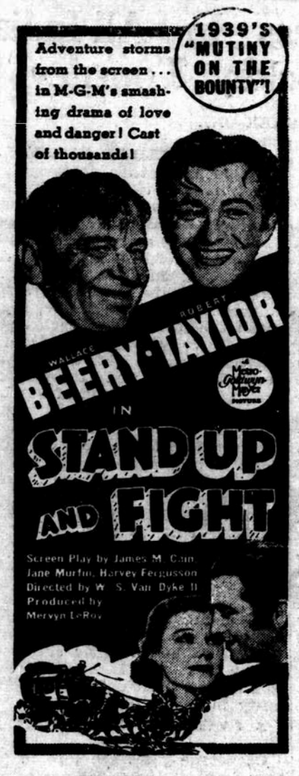
DEAR PUBLIC
Two years ago a heavenly ghost brought me headaches and you laughs. Now I am mixed up with her again. I shall tell you more about my troubles and your laughs later.
COSMO TOPPER

NEW EMPIRE
DAILY: 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.



—ALSO—
WALT DISNEY'S CARTOON
in TECHNICOLOR
Plans Open! Phone 20236

METRO
DAILY AT 3-30-6-30-10 P.M.
TELEPHONE 31045


Adventure storms from the screen... in M-G-M's smashing drama of love and danger! Cast of thousands!
1939's "MUTINY ON THE BOUNTY"!
WALLACE BEERY · ROBERT TAYLOR
IN
STAND UP AND FIGHT
Screen Play by James M. Cain, Jane Murfin, Harvey Fergusson
Directed by W. S. Van Dyke II
Produced by Mervyn LeRoy

ARE YOU IN DANGER?
Then SEE SAGAR'S Sensational:
SERVICE LTD.
WITH
SURENDRA, MAYA
PLAZA —:DADAR:—
DAILY: 4-30, 7-15 & 10 P.M.
Matinee on Sat., Sun. & Holidays at 2 p.m.

BEST TAMIL TALKIE
SEVASADHAN
LAST SHOW ON SUNDAY, the 12th at 10 A.M.
PLAZA Talkies, Dadar

WAR DECLARED
For details
(See Page 11)

TO-DAY ON RADIO

Delhi—I Programme

338.6 metres (886 kc|s)

8 a.m. Radio Orchestra. 8-10 Classical Music. 9-10 Deolibai. 9-25 Mohammad Shafi. 9-40 Mehboob Jan of Sholapur.

12 Noon records.

1 p. m. Dainty-Diversions. 2 School Broadcast. 6-10 Radio Orchestra. 6-20 Mohammad Shafi. 6-35 Deolibai of Delhi. 6-55 Mehboob Jan of Sholapur. 7-15 For Villagers Only. 8 Commercial Outlook, talk by Riazul Hasan. 8-15 Afzal Husain. 8-30 Mehboob Jan of Sholapur. 8-50 Surbahar recital. 9 Mohammad Shafi. 9-50 Deolibai. 10 Literary Bohemians and Eccentrics, by J. K. Cowley. 10-15 Artists' Choice.

Delhi—II Programme

31.3 metres (9,590 kc|s)

6 to 10 a.m. and 12 noon to 2-45 p.m. as in Delhi 1.

60.48 metres (4,960 kc|s)

6 p.m. As in Delhi 1. 6-20 Khan Sahib Abdul Waheed Khan. 6-45 Sarangi recital. 6-50 Mohammad Shafi. 7 Deolibai. 7-15 Sarod recital. 7-20 Mehboob Jan of Sholapur. 7-45 Mohammad Shafi. 8 to 8-50 As in Delhi 1. 8-50 Khan Sahib Abdul Waheed Khan. 9-15 to 9-50 As in Delhi 1. 9-50 Indo-European Orchestra. 10 to 10-15 As in Delhi 1. 10-15 Lena Chappell (Pianoforte). 10-40 Peggy Duncan: Soprano.

Delhi—III Programme

19.8 metres (15,160 kc|s)

8 to 10 a.m. and 12 noon to 2-45 p.m. As in Delhi 1.

31.3 metres (9,590 kc|s)

6 to 11 p.m. As in Delhi 2.

Peshawar Programme

200 metres (1,500 kc|s)

7 p.m. With villagers. 8 to 11 As in Delhi 1.

Bombay I—II Programme

244 metres (1,231 kc|s)

31.4 metres (9,550 kc|s)

8 to 10 a.m. 12 noon to 2-45 p.m. As in Delhi 1.

244 metres (1,231 kc|s)

61.48 metres (4,880 kc|s)

6 to 11 p.m. As in Delhi 2.

Calcutta—I Programme

(Add 24 minutes to all timings for Calcutta time.)

370.4 metres (810 kc/s.)

12-30 p.m. Variety. 1-30 For You, Madam! Saints and Sages of the Past. 1-55 Eve's Affairs. 2-5 Variety. 5-0 For Countryside. 6-0 Kalipada Banerjee. 6-15 Kartick Ch. Das. 6-30 Angurbala. 6-40 Abdul Adiz Khan. 7-0 Angurbala. 7-20 Sur Samadhi. 8-5 Life in Bengal Village. (Bengali) by Surendranath Ganguly. 9-10 Songs from Films. 9-30 Orchestral Programme. 9-45 Dance Music.

Calcutta—II Programme

31.48 metres (9,530 kc/s.)

12-30 p.m. to 2-30 As in Calcutta I.

61.98 metres (4,840 kc/s.)

5-0 p.m. to 9-10 As in Calcutta I. 9-10 Odsi Records. 9-45 to 10-30 As in Calcutta I.

Madras—I Programme

211 metres (1,420 kc/s.)

5-0 p.m. K. S. Ramasubramaniam, Vocalist. 5-45 Carnatic Orchestra, Manirangu. 6-0 Light Variety. 6-30 Palayur K. Venkatarama Iyer: Vocalist. 7-15 The Mosquitoes in Conference. (Telugu). 7-30 G. S. Vijaya Rao and Shrimati C. S. Rajam: Vocal Duets. 7-45 Shrimati A. Jayalakshmi Vina. 9-20 Light Opera Company. 9-35 Sakuntala. 10-30 Epilogue.

Madras—II Programme

60.98 metres (4,920 kc/s.)

5-0 p.m. As in Madras I. 6-0 Bhajan by AIR Artists. 6-10 Rural Uplift. 1 (Tamil). 6-20 Kamba Ramayanam. 6-30 As in Madras I.

Lahore—Programme

276 metres (1,086 kc/s.)

6-5 p.m. Mohni Das. 6-20 Ali Bakhsh of Kasur. 6-30 For Countryside. 7-15 Pritvanti Dubey (Amateur.) 7-30 Instrumental Trio. Naghma. 7-35 Pritvanti Dubey (Amateur). 7-45 Banjo Recital. 7-50 Chanchal Kumari. 8-0 Jan Bachi Lakhon Pae (Hindustani). 8-55 Kamla Jharia. 9-45 Interlude. 9-50 Ali Bakhsh of Kasur. 10-10 Chanchal Kumari. 10-30 Instrumental Trio. 10-40 Ali Bakhsh of Kasur.

Lucknow—Programme

293.5 metres (1,022 kc/s.)

5-30 p.m. Lucknow Radio Orchestra. 5-40 Abdul Ghani. 6-5 Nafeesbai of Kheri. 6-30 For Children. 7-0 Qaisar Jahan of Bareilly. 7-20 Mallan Khan of Benares. 7-40 Nafeesbai of Kheri. 8-0 Lines on Your Palm (Hindustani) by S. K. Vishwakarma. 8-15 Abdul Ghani. 8-35 Mallan Khan of Benares. 8-50 Qaisar Jahan of Bareilly. 9-50 Hindu Mythology. 1. 10-5 Mallan Khan of Benares. 10-25 Abdul Ghani. 10-40 Ghazals.

B. B. C. Programme

7-30 p.m. Badminton. 8-0 Variety. 8-25 Ireland v. Wales. 10-0 News, Saturday Sport.

Health Section In Poona Industrial Exhibition

The Arogya Mandal (Sanitary Association, Poona) has organised a Health Section in the Industrial Exhibition, 1939, with the guidance and co-operation of the Public Health Department, Bombay, and several Institutions engaged in Health work in Bombay and Poona. A Special Health Exhibition Committee has been appointed to organise and conduct a Health Section, with the help of nine Sub-Committees.

The Health Section, briefly, consists of Diet Section, Public Health Section, Maternity and Child-welfare Section, Malaria Section, Exhibits of Physiology and Pathology of human body, Demonstration of Cinema Film on the Health subject for the public, Vital Statistics, Prohibition, Venereal Diseases, Meteorology.

Real Diamonds Ear Studs Rs. 90/- and above
Real Diamond Nose Ring Rs. 12/- and above
NAROTAMDAS BHAU
LAMINGTON ROAD,
SHEIKH MEMON STREET,
BOMBAY.

IT'S A CHALLENGE TO HOLLYWOOD!
—THAT'S THE UNANIMOUS VERDICT FOR THE SUCCESSFUL SCREEN ART.....
IN TEN YEARS
ONCE & ONCE ONLY!
—a film such as "DUSHMAN" has been great enough to fill the great need of the Nation.....To fill Bombay's Greatest Theatre....
NEW THEATRES' EPIC IN THE NEWS!
IT'S EVER THE FIRST—WEEK RUSH
IN
FOURTH
FASCINATING WEEK of INDIA'S BEST PICTURE
"Dushman"
(THE ENEMY)
STARRING:——
★ SAIGAL
★ LEELA DESAI
•NAJAM, JAGDEESH, PRITHVIRAJ, NEMO & DEOBALA
Superbly Photographed and Directed by:— NITIN BOSE
Glorious Music set by:— PUNKAJ MULLICK
TIME: 4-30, 7-15 & 10 P.M.
Sat., Sun. & Holidays Matinee at 1-45 p.m.
KRISHNA
TALKIES : DUBASH THEATRE

IT'S TRUE
IT IS THE UNANIMOUS VERDICT OF ALL THOSE WHO BOAST OF A SOUL THAT HUMAN LOVE IS THE ONLY RELIGION—THAT ALONE IS TRUE
ROSE, MOTILAL & BABA VYAS
PT. CHOWBE, USHA, CHANDANI
SARASWATI CINETONE'S MIGHTY SCREEN EPIC:
at
CENTRAL
DAILY: 4-30, 7-15 & 10 P.M.
HOLIDAY MATINEES AT 1-45
Directed By:
PT. R. CHOWDHARY
(A KAPURCHAND LTD. Release).

STAR FLASHES
by CHARLES BRUNO

LEWIS STONE SHAVES WITH A RAZOR THAT HAS BEEN IN THE STONE FAMILY FOR 180 YEARS!
IT LOOKS LIKE A RUN IN MY STOCKING, DOC!
TO ENABLE GLADYS SWARTHOUT TO GET INTO AND OUT OF THE PLASTER CAST SHE HAS TO WEAR IN 'AMBUSH', IT WAS PROVIDED WITH A ZIPPER.
FRED MACMURRAY and MADELEINE CARROLL—NIGHT CLUB HABITUES IN 'CAFE SOCIETY'—ACTUALLY HAVE TO BE DRAGGED TO NIGHT SPOTS IF THEY GO AT ALL.
BRUNO 1-27

Selections For To-day's Races

Grand March Fancied For Chantilly Plate

By "SENEX"

Backers will be called upon to solve several tricky problems to-day. The Chantilly Plate is the chief event and my choice is Grand March who has run prominently in recent essays without meeting with success.

1-45 p.m. The Delta Plate (Div. I) 1 Mile.
- BARKI BEG 1
- ARAB LEGEND 2
- MUJBIL AL ARAB 3

2-15 p.m. The Delta Plate (Div. II) 1 Mile.
- BAYHAS 1
- HASHIM 2
- TRANSVAAL 3

2-45 p.m. The Alexandria Handicap (Div. II) 7 Furlongs.
- MANIK PRASAD 1
- ASSAF MAHMUD 2
- SHUMS AL IRAQ 3

3-15 p.m. The March Plate 7 Furlongs.
- TOM TIT 1
- CATALAN 2
- PEERESS 3

3-45 p.m. The Tralee Plate. 1 1|2 Miles.
- MENADO 1
- NIGHT ALARM 2
- PASSIFLORA II 3

4-15 p.m. The Phoenix Park Plate (Div. II) 6 Furlongs
- APPLE JELLY 1
- TORQUEMADA 2
- DEVONIAN 3

4-45 p.m. The Phoenix Park Plate (Div. I) 6 Furlongs.
- MASQUE 1
- FRESH KID 2
- DANNY BOY 3

5-15 p.m. The Chantilly Plate 1 Mile.
- GRAND MARCH 1
- KINGSBURY 2
- MONOCLE 3

5-45 p.m. The St. Cloud Handicap 6 Furlongs.
- DANCING COMET 1
- TELLER 2
- FAR WEST 3

6-15 p.m. The Alexandria Handicap (Div. I) 7 Furlong.
- WHITE FLOWER 1
- FAIR PLAY 2
- WHEEL OF FORTUNE 3

Double:—MANIK PRASAD and APPLE JELLY.

Treble:—MENADO, MASQUE and GRAND MARCH.

For
TOOTH
BRUSH
Value
The "Mira" tooth brush ensures healthy gums and really clean teeth. A specially made tuft enables this tooth brush to cleanse the crevices at the back of the mouth.
Here are a few more reasons why you must buy a "Mira".
Durable. Waterproof. Resilient bristles practically unbreakable handle, anchor set bristles—(they WON'T come out).
"Mira" tooth brushes are made in many attractive colours—take YOUR choice. Look for the box with the blue band!
A.S. 8
The Right Brush at the Right Price!
HARD
Mira
TOOTH BRUSH
Made in England

RAILWAY TIME-TABLE

G. I. P. Railway

(IN FORCE FROM OCTOBER, 1938)
Arrivals at and Departures from Victoria Terminus.

	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Madras Mail	6 00	22 10
Peshawar Lucknow (Exp.)	6 15	23 00
Calcutta Mail (Nagpur)	7 50	17 40
Calcutta Mail (Chhoki)	9 00	20 45
Madras Express	10 10	15 00
Poona Mail	10 25	17 30
Punjab Mail	11 15	18 50
Nagpur Express	13 50	21 35
Poona Fast (Pass.)	17 00	11 50
Poona Express	19 24	8 05
Allahabad Express	20 15	7 00

B. B. & C. I. Railway

Time-table in force from 1st October, 1938.
Arrivals at and Departures from Bombay Central.

	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Ahmedabad Passenger	5 35	13 50
Delhi Express	6 00	22 15
Gujarat Mail	6 45	22 00
Kathiawar Mail	7 25	21 30
Frontier Mail	8 15 (Mon	21 15 (Sat)
*The Flying Ranee Surat	9 48	15 10
The Flying Ranee, Surat	10 58	18 05
Ahmedabad Passenger	14 15	22 30
Kathiawar Express	18 45	8 45
Baroda Passenger	20 33	9 25

*If Monday is a Bank Holiday, this train will run on Tuesday.

ARRIVALS AT BALLARD PIER	Arr.
Frontier Mail (On Saturdays only for Homeward Passengers)	8 40

AIR MAIL TIMINGS

The following air mail time table is in force in Bombay:—

LONDON—BOMBAY (Juhu).
Planes call at Karachi, Bhuj and Ahmedabad.
Arrivals at Juhu: Sunday, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday at 1 p.m.
Delivery: Monday (two deliveries) 8 a.m. and 3-30 p.m. Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday 3-30 p.m

BOMBAY (Juhu)—LONDON
Planes call at Ahmedabad, Bhuj and Karachi.
Latest hours of posting at the G. P. O.:—Sunday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday 7-30 a.m Departure from Juhu 10-15 a.m

BOMBAY (Juhu)—COLOMBO
Planes call at Hyderabad, Madras and Trichinopoly.
Latest hours of posting at the G. P. O.:—Sunday, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday 11-30 a.m. Departure from Juhu 1-30 p.m.

COLOMBO—BOMBAY (Juhu)
Arrivals at Juhu: Sunday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday 9-45 a.m. Delivery, Sunday 12-30 p.m.
Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday, 1 p.m.

BOMBAY (via Calcutta)—SINGAPORE and AUSTRALIA.
Latest hour of posting:—Monday, Tuesday and Saturday 6-30 p.m.

AUSTRALIA—BOMBAY (via Calcutta)
Delivery:—Tuesday, Wednesday and Saturday, at 6-30 p.m.

BOMBAY (via Calcutta)—HONGKONG CHINA AND JAPAN
Latest hour of posting:—Tuesday and Saturday 6-30 p.m.

HONGKONG—BOMBAY (via Calcutta)
Delivery:—Tuesday and Saturday 11 a.m.

BOMBAY—KATHIAWAR.
Planes call at Bhavnagar, Rajkot, Jamnagar and Porebunder.
Departures from Juhu: Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday 7-45 a.m.
Arrivals:—Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday, 6-15 p.m.

BOMBAY—POONA—KOLHAPUR
Departure from Juhu: Monday, Thursday and Saturday at 7-30 a.m.
Arrivals at Juhu: Monday, Thursday and Saturday at 12 a.m.

PRESSMEN BEATEN BY YOUNG SPORTS

Exhibition Hockey Match

The Young Sports got the better of the Pressmen in an exhibition match last evening on the Association Ground by 2 goals to 1.

The "Times of India" are in the semi-final of the Provincial Championship while the Young Sports have already been eliminated.

The game was much in favour of the winners and had it not been for a brilliant display by Mendoza in the Pressmen's goal, the score would have greater. Fernandes his vis-a-vis also gave a fine display.

The Pressmen scored towards the end of the first half through Correa.

On resumption, the Young Sports played very well and Murzello, who changed over to inside left scored with a scoop after Mendoza had saved. The Young Sports maintained pressure and went ahead again through Murzello and thus lead and they maintained till the end.

Towards the end the "Times" had a chance of equalising but they failed.

SCORE:—
YOUNG SPORTS 2 goals.
"TIMES OF INDIA" 1 goal.

TEAMS:—
YOUNG SPORTS: X. B. Fernandes; F. D'Souza and A. Pereira; Carvalho, Khan and S. D'Souza; D. Fernandes, S. D'Mello, Murzello, A. D'Souza and E. D'Souza.

"TIMES OF INDIA": Mendoza; O. Thomas and Easdon; Fernandes, Lynn and Menezes; Mendis, Thomas, D'Souza, Correa and Pettis.

UMPIRES: A. V. Rebeiro and A. J. Francis.

To-day's Match

At 5-30 p.m. (Replay) Brijraj Young Men vs. Kirkee Ordnance.

RATES OF ADMISSION.

The rates of admission to the Provincial Championship matches will be doubled for the semi-finals and finals.

LEWIS HOCKEY TOURNAMENT

Parel Sporting & Car Shed Draw

A dull match was played last evening in the Lewis Hockey Tournament between the Parel Sporting Club and Kurla Car Shed. The hockey served up was not of a high standard. The result—a draw—was in keeping with the run of play.

Parel drew first blood through Gonsalves and in the second half Carvalho scored for the Car Shed.

To-day's Matches

At 4-15 Young Sports "B" vs. Willingdon Blues.

5-30 B. E. S. T. vs. Khatau Sports.

SITUATION QUIET IN BENARES

BENARES. Mar. 10.

Apart from a minor case of arson in the suburbs, the communal situation remains quiet.

Precautionary measures, however still being maintained.—A.P.

A BEAUTIFUL FACE—BUT
unfortunately disfigured by ugly white spots and patches! How can you endure such blemishes when—
LEUCODERMA
—Can definitely be cured in a few weeks At Home! Write for
interesting treatise. LEPROSY also cured. Literature FREE.
SOLE DISTRIBUTORS:-
KAMALA WORKS, Panchpota, Bengal.

World Of Sport: Home And Abroad

Bengal's Success In All-India Women's Hockey Tourney

(By LOOKER-ON).

The All-India Women's Hockey Tournament, staged at Delhi, saw Bengal winning the Championship. This result was a foregone conclusion, in view of the fact that Calcutta took the field long before other thought of it. And they have raised the standard of the game pretty high during the last few years. They did not, however, have things in their own way. Bombay put up a very stout opposition against them. In fact, they had to meet them twice to gain a decisive verdict. This is an encouraging tale for this city, having regard to the fact that they have taken up the game only recently. If the Bombay girls are given a little more training, they are sure to lower the colours of Bengal—and for the matter of that any other province—ere long. Efforts should be made to revive the Women's League next season. Madras fared very well indeed in reaching the final round by defeating Kharagpur, the holders. But Calcutta proved too strong for them in the end. It is worthy of note that Miss Durham scored all the three goals for the winners and showed herself to be the best shot in the Tournament.

INDIA'S POOR SHOW IN INTERNATIONAL TABLE TENNIS

The summary of the reports from Cairo tells us that the Indian representatives at the International Table Tennis Tournament are having a rather rough time of it. Roumania, Greece and Yugo-Slavia floored them in turn by five matches to nil. In the absence of details it is difficult to say how they exhibited themselves. It could not have been in bright colours in any sense. Many people will now decry the step taken by the All-India Table Tennis Association in sending such 'rabbits' abroad. But I, for one, do not feel disappointed at the total annihilation of our representatives. They need more training and the experience which they will gain at Cairo, is sure to stand them in good stead in the future. After all the game is still in its infancy in this country and you cannot expect too much from the very start. It now devolves upon the A.I.T.T.A. to pay greater attention to the organisation and development of the game in this country, so that India may reach the front rank of the World Table Tennis at no distant date.

I. F. L. FOLLOWS W. I. F. A.

Following in the footsteps of the W.I.F.A., the Indian Football League has also decided to commence its season early in April. Fancy playing soccer when Hockey is at its height—with the Aga Khan Tournament reaching its interesting and important stage! But the reason, I believe, is to avoid the Monsoon as far as possible. During the last two or three seasons, matches were severely affected by rains and tournaments dragged on till the end of October. I wonder if the I.F.L. would succeed in finishing their tournaments before the Rovers Cup. Generally speaking, all interest in soccer dies down after this competition is held. In any case, its session should not go beyond September. I notice that Mr. J. C. Maitra, the founder of the I.F.L., has taken up its reins again, with Mr. G. C. Mitter, last year's President, as his Vice-President. Mr. S. C. Das Gupta has been elected Honorary Secretary. I understand the I.F.L. had a fairly sucessful season last year. It is hoped that it will grow in strength and popularity in the coming season.

A LANDMARK IN BOMBAY'S SOCCER

Cooperage-goers are sure to feel very sorry at the departure of Mr. A. C. Henrichs, the President of the W.I.F.A. from this country for good. He has been associated with the Cooperage and the W.I.F.A. for more than fifteen years and very intimately too. As a matter of fact, the three had almost become synonymous to each other. Mr. Henrichs has done a lot for soccer on this side of India and to him the footballers of Bombay owe a deep debt of gratitude. When he joined the Association, it was far from a sound condition. Nor was soccer so widely spread as it is to-day. It was due to his boundless energy and enthusiasm, coupled with his wise direction, the W.I.F.A. grew from strength to strength. His genial personality and charming manners have made hosts of friends in the sporting circles of Bombay. He will be remembered for many a day for his distinguished services in the cause of sport to this city. He carries home with him the best wishes of all his friends and admirers to lend him a happy memory in his retirement.

EASTER
CHEAP FARES ALL CLASSES
BB&CI

THE BOMBAY STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.
(Oldest Indian Shipping Company on the West Coast of India)

FAST CARGO AND PASSENGER SERVICES
(Steamers leave from K. I. M. Shed Princess Dock)
KARACHI LINE. Every Wednesday and Sunday leaving at 9 a.m.
MANGALORE LINE. Every Tuesday and Friday leaving at 1 p.m. and 9-30 a.m. respectively.
BHAVNAGAR LINE. Every Saturday leaving at 9 a.m.
FERRY LINES. (Steamers leave from Ferry Wharf, Alexandra Dock).
DABHOL LINE. Leaving every day at 8-15 a.m.
GOA LINE. Leaving every day at 10-0 a.m.
VIZIADURG LINE. Leaving every day at 2 p.m.
HARBOUR SERVICES to Dharamtar and Nahava every day.
For full particulars please apply to Head Office of the Company, 100, Frere Road, Bombay (Tel. No. 25061), Prince's Dock Office (Cargo Line) (Tel. No. 24086), Alexandra Dock Office, (Ferry Lines) (Tel. No. 25303).

GERMAN STUDENTS IN BOMBAY

Tour To See Indian Countryside

Mr. Peter Robert Winkler (20) and Mr. Franz Dietl (26) two German students from the Academy of Arts, Munich, are now in Bombay on a study tour.

Starting from Munich two and a half months ago and not knowing when their tour would be called off, the students with a dash of school boyish buoyancy, roamed through Venice, Athens, and other cities in Syria and Cyprus and they came to Beirut. Clambering the snow-capped Lebanon mountains they came to Damascus. They considered that the distance they trudged for a week from Beirut to Damascus was the most remarkable and picturesque, as far as the scenic beauty of the countryside was concerned.

In Baghdad the students were received by the Local "Teachers' Club" and were acquainted with the several kinds of games and physical exercise, demonstrations of which were given.

After visiting Kerbala where the German students felt the impact of religious influences and as a result were confronted with strange and unexpected situations, they came to Basra where they boarded a steamer and came to Karachi. From Karachi they travelled to Bombay. They propose to stay in India for some weeks more and also visit and learn first hand the conditions obtaining in villages.

They told a "Chronicle" representative that the Academy of Arts imparted education to students of all nationalities without distinction of race and creed. As far as their knowledge went there were Indian and Egyptian students in the institution.

Mr. Winkler is the author of three books about his experiences of travels in France and North Africa, Italy and the Balkans. The books have been written in German, with illustrations from the author himself.

THE FOOD THAT
Makes Champions

For a fight to the finish—for success in sport, you must have superior nerves and stamina. Ask any champion and he will tell you that Quaker Oats is the food you should eat to win your way to victory.

Quaker Oats builds health and strength. It adds vitality and endurance. It is rich in carbohydrates, protein, body-building minerals and the all-essential Vitamin B. Quaker Oats makes strong bones and sinewy muscles, feeds tissues and enriches the blood.

That is why famous champions recommend a daily diet of Quaker Oats. It does not heat the body or the blood. It is a 100% cereal product made out of the finest white oats grown. Throughout the process of preparation and packing, Quaker Oats is untouched by human hands. It comes to you as pure and delicious as on the day it was packed.

Buy a tin of Quaker Oats today. Serve it regularly to all your family.

FREE—*Write for your copy of booklet entitled "Sport and the Youth of India." Contains pictures of champions—their records and achievements. Many other interesting facts. Address P.O. Box 773, Bombay.*

Quaker Oats

City & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Fagan Vad 6, 1995
Muslim: Mohurrum 19, 1358
Parsi: Meher 7, 1308
Hightide: 3-20 16-20
Lowtide: 9-32 21-58
Sunrise: 6h 52m
Sunset: 6h 47m

Monday, March 13.

Textile Labour Inquiry Committee, Town Hall, 11 a.m.

Tuesday, March 14.

Legislative Assembly, 11-30 a.m.
Improvement Committee., 4-10 p.m.

BOMBAY CITY BALKAN-JI-BARI

A meeting of workers will be held to-day (Saturday) in the Fellowship School, Gowalia Tank at 4-30 p.m.

GANDHARVA MAHA VIDYALAYA

The weekly concert will be held to-day (Saturday) at 9-30 p.m. in the Vidyalaya Benham Hall Lane.

SCHOOL OF INDIAN MUSIC

The weekly concert of the School will be held to-day (Saturday) at 5-30 p.m. at the School Hall, Benham Hall Lane, Bombay 4.

PUBLIC HARIKIRTAN

A public Harikirtan of Godhadebuwa alias Gadge Maharaj will be performed at King's Circle, Matunga, open plot near Gadge Maharaj's new cottage to-day (Saturday) at about 9 p.m.

VEDANTA PHILOSOPHY

Swami Sambuddhananda of Ramakrishna Mission will deliver a public lecture on "The Elementary Philosophy of Sankara" at the Batliboi's Accountancy Institute Hall to-day (Saturday) at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.).

VOCAL MUSIC AND DANCE

The fifty-first variety concert of Vocal Music and Dance by Bai Menekabai of Belgaum will be held to-day (Saturday) at 9-30 p.m. at the Wagle Memorial Hall, Kandewadi, Bombay.

ART SOCIETY OF INDIA

Under the auspices of the Art Society of India, Mr. N. E. Puram will give demonstration in composition at his own studio, Vithalbhai Patel Road, Girgaon, on Sunday, 12th March at 9 a.m.

MARATHI
'BRAMHACHARI'
'ROYAL' JEWEL NO. 5
KOHINOOR
DADAR
THE FITTEST
PICTURE is the 'ROYAL' JEWEL
'BRAMHACHARI'

ब्रह्मचारी

(The 'BACHELOR')

Starring:
VINAYAK and MEENAXEE

NOW Running in
HINDI
(CONGRESS-LANGUAGE)
'BRAMHACHARI'
HAS SURVIVED and SURVIVED with INCREASING POPULARITY
The EXIT of 28
PICTURES
IN THESE 28 WEEKS!
'BRAMHACHARI'
IS
Yet—NOT—out!

The ENTIRE PROCEEDS of TO-DAY'S 7-15 SHOW of the Hindi "BRAMHACHARI" at the MAJESTIC will be GIVEN AWAY in CHARITY to the LIMBDI-FUND of the KATHIAWAR PRAJA MANDAL, when Mr. SAMALDAS GANDHI of "Janmabhoomi" will preside and prominent LEADERS will be present.
RATES for this CHARITY-SHOW:
Rs. 3, 2-8, 2, 1-8, 1 & As. 8.
DAILY: 4-30, 7-15 & 10 P.M.
TO-DAY & TO-MORROW:
MATINEES: 1-45 P.M.
MAJESTIC
CINEMA :::: GIRGAM
SUNDAY MORNING AT 10
"BEN HUR"

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

EXCELSIOR—"The Dawn Patrol". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
METRO—"Stand Up and Fight". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"Suez". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Bhabi". Daily at usual time.
CAPITOL—"The Duke and the Dancer." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"It's True". Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 1-45 p.m.
PATHE—"Ladies Only". Daily at 4-15, 7-15 and 10 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 1-30 p.m.
EROS—"Paris Honeymoon". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
WEST END—"Devata". Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 1-45 p.m.
GLOBE—"The Secret Five". Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2 p.m.
EDWARD—"Payam-e-Haq". Daily at 4-45, 7-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-15 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Dushman". Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 1-45 p.m
LAMINGTON—"Payam-e-Haq". Daily at 4-45, 7-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-15 p.m.
PLAZA—"Service Ltd." Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Bramhachari". Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 1-45 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"The Duke of West Point". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Mother India". Daily at 4-30, 7-15 and 10 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 1-45 p.m.

RAHIMTULLAH DISPENSARY

The number of new patients treated at the Mahomedbhoy Rahimtulla Free Dispensary at Sandhurst Road for the week ending 4th March 1939 was 310; of these 204 were males and 106 females.

YOUNG MEN'S HINDU ASSOCIATION

Under the auspices of the Association, Miss Godavari Gokhale will deliver a public lecture in the premises of the Association, Vithalbhai Patel Road, to-day (Saturday) at 6-30 p.m. on "Literary Campaign."

PATHARE PRABHU SOCIAL SAMAJ

Under the auspices of the above institution, Mr. Sunder Bhujangrao Mankar will speak on the film 'Devata' to-day (Saturday) at 5-30 p.m. (S.T.) in the N. D. Prabhu Seminary Hall, Bhaijiwanji Lane, Thakurdwar, Bombay.

LECTURE ON 'URDU'

A lecture will be delivered by Prof. N. A. Nadvi, M.A., I.E.S., on 'Urdu' in the hall of the Society at Ismail House, Nishanpada Road, Bombay 9, to-day (Saturday) at 5 p.m. (S.T.).
Mr. S. J. Rahimtoola, Bar-at-Law, will preside on the occasion.

ZANZIBAR CLOVES

Rumours that it is the intention of the Zanzibar Government to reduce the export duty on cloves as from 1st April next have been disturbing markets and shipping arrangements. In this connection it is announced officially that the Zanzibar Government has no such intention.

YOUTHS' PARLIAMENT

"That Dictatorship is Leading the World to Destruction" will be the subject of a debate at Blavatsky Lodge, French Bridge, to-day (Saturday) at 6-15 p.m. Mr. R. M. Cohilo will propose, and Mr. R. S. Lopez will oppose. Mr. L. C. Wadehwani will preside.

BABY HEALTH WEEK

The annual general meeting of the Mofussil Maternity and Child Welfare and Health Council and of Baby and Health Week Association with its Bombay Branch will be held at the hall of Bombay Sanitary Association, Princess Street, Bombay, to-day (Saturday) at 11 a.m. Lady Lumley will preside.

WILSON COLLEGE 'AT HOME' TO PAST STUDENTS

The Principal and Staff of Wilson College will be 'At Home' to past students to-day (Saturday) at 5-30 p. m. in the College Compound. All past students of the College are cordially invited. The oil-painting of Dr. A. R. Normand will be unveiled by Mr. R. P Masani on the occasion.

BOMBAY STUDENTS' UNION

Attention is drawn of the ticket-holders for lectures on 'Sex and Venereal Diseases' organised under the auspices of the above Union to the notice that the last two lectures in the series proposed to be delivered by Dr. H. S. Mehta, Police Surgeon, have been postponed to a later date owing to the pre-engagements of Dr. Mehta. The same tickets will hold good for admission to the Blavatsky Lodge when the postponed lectures will be delivered. Dates will be announced later.

DAVAR'S COLLEGE SOCIAL

The annual social gathering of the Davar's College of Commerce will be held at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) to-day (Saturday) at Sir Cowasji Jehangir Public Hall, when Mr. S. D. Saklatwala, M. L. A., Director, Messrs. Tata Sons, Ltd. will preside and address the gathering. The programme of events will include the Principal's Annual Report and Presidential address. There will also be items of instrumental and vocal music, comic skit, etc., as usual. Mrs. Saklatwala will distribute the prizes to the winners of 1st and 2nd places in the Annual Athletic Sports events of the College including Five Championship Cups for which replicas have been presented by the Donors this year as usual and also in respect of Examination successes secured by the College students during the year.

"HINDUSTAN"—CONGRESS NUMBER

The Hindi "Hindustan" of Delhi has published a Special Congress Number, which contains contributions from Sjt. Rajendra Prasad, Sjt. Mahadev Desai, Seth Govind Das, Mr. M. N. Roy, Sjt. Satyamurti, Mr. K. M. Munshi, Mr. Manu Subedar and Mr. Mahomed Ebrahim and others. This number gives a detailed account of the activities of the Congress Ministries in eight provinces. On the cover-page an attractive picture of Shrimati Miraben, in the dress of a North-Western Frontier Province woman is published. Special care has been taken to make the Number both interesting and instructive and with 70 pages it is priced at annas four.

BENE-ISRAEL STREE MANDAL

Under the auspices of the above Mandal, Miss Godavari Gokhale will deliver a lecture in Marathi on Adult Education to-day (Saturday) at 4 p.m. at Sir Elly Kadoorie School.

BOMBAY KANNADA SANGHA, MATUNGA

To-day (Saturday), the weekly Bhajana of the Bombay Kannada Sangha, Matunga, will be conducted as usual from 9 p.m. at Chokshi Bhuvan near Nappoo Hall. Sangitha Bhushana Viswan Sri Viswanatha Sastri of Annamalai University has kindly consented to participate in the function.

NATIONAL CYCLING CLUB

The proposed two ten-mile cycle races to be run by the National Cycling Club on the 12th March, 1939, are postponed till 19th March due to unavoidable circumstances. Now they will be run on the 19th round the Oval. The last day of sending entry is extended to 15th March to facilitate competitors from outside Bombay. The entries should be sent to Mr. Adi R. Havewalla at 100 Mancher Manzil, Byculla.

PRARTHANA SAMAJ 72ND DAY

In connection with the 72nd anniversary of the Bombay Prarthana Samaj, Mr. V. S. Sohini will conduct the Opening Divine Service to-day (Saturday) at 5-30 p.m. in the Prarthana Mandir, Girgaum. On Sunday, the 12th instant at 7-30 a.m. Mr. Y. V. Bhandarkar will conduct the Divine Service, and at 3 p.m. there will be gathering of Sunday School under the presidentship of Mrs. P. N. Chandavarkar. In the evening at 5-30 p.m. Principal V. K. Jong M.A. will conduct the Divine Service in the Prarthana Mandir, Girgaum.

BOMBAY DIVISIONAL CO-OPERATIVE INSTITUTE

The Conference of all Co-operative Housing and other Societies owning buildings convened for the purpose of considering the situation arising out of Bombay Government's proposal to levy 10 per cent. Property tax on immovable properties and to take suitable steps to obtain exemption from Government for Co-operative Societies, will be held to-day (Saturday) at 4-30 p.m. at the Servants of India Society's Home Sandhurst Road, Bombay, under the presidentship of Mr. Madhavlal M. Bhat, J.P., the Chairman of the Institute.

PUBLIC MEETING OF TODDY AND LIQUOR WORKERS

A public meeting of the Toddy and Liquor Shops and Tree Foot Booth servants and Toddy Tappers and allied Trades as well as Hotel and Refreshment Rooms and Bars workers will be held at Girgaumkar Ground, opposite Victoria Church, Lady Jamshedji Road Mahim, to-day (Saturday) at 10 a.m. (S.T.) to fight their battle for existence an inevitable result of Prohibition.
Mr. M. N. Talpade Advocate, will preside.

PRIZE-GIVING TO DELHI ORPHANS

Mr. M. A. Jinnah, President, All-India Muslim League, will give away prizes to the Muslim Orphan students of Yateem Khana, Anjuman Hayatul Islam, Dojana House, Chawri Bazar, Delhi, on Sunday, the 12th instant at 11 a.m. and afterwards perform the opening ceremony of the 'Shaukat Library' to perpetuate the memory of the late 'Maulana Shaukat Ali.'

POSTAL NOTICES

Registered and unregistered correspondence other than letters and postcards for Australia and New Zealand per s.s. 'Orford' via Madura and Colombo will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 8-30 and 9 a.m. respectively on Wednesday, the 15th instant.
Registered and unregistered correspondence other than letters and postcards for Straits Settlements, Hongkong and all correspondence for Colombo, Shanghai and Japan per s.s. 'Chitral' via Colombo will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 8-30 and 9 a.m. respectively on Wednesday, the 15th instant.
Superscribed registered and unregistered correspondence other than letters and postcards for South Africa and all correspondence for Laurenzo Marques per s.s. 'Gujarat' via Madura and Colombo will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 5 and 6-30 p.m. respectively on Tuesday, the 14th instant.

TEACHERS' DAY

The Annual Teachers' Day, organised by the Bombay Secondary Teachers' Association, will be held to-day (Saturday). The programme includes the exhibition of the film, "Girls' Schools" at the Eros Theatre at 9-30 a.m.; Sports at the Elphinstone High School at 2-30 p.m.; and dinner at the Robert Money School at 8 p.m. Principal H. V. Hampton will preside over the sports and Mrs Hampton will distribute the prizes. The Hon. Mr. Justice B J. Wadia will be the chief guest at the dinner.
Secondary Schools in Bombay will remain closed on the Teachers' Day to enable all teachers to participate in the functions.

'EMPIRE'S' PROGRESS

New Business Of A Crore And 37 Lakhs

The forty-second annual general meeting of Empire of India Life Assurance Co., Ltd., was held on Friday afternoon, Mr Rustam K. R. Cama presiding.
The Chairman moved adoption of the report together with the balance-sheet for ten months ending 31st December 1938 (published in Friday's issue).
The Chairman in the course of his speech said:—
The Report and Accounts show that the period of ten months has given eminently satisfactory results. The new business is Rs. 1,37,31,000 divided between 8,669 Policies and the total business in force is Rs. 14,29,36,000 under 77,500 Policies. Claims by death were Rs. 10,83,000 and those by maturity amounted to Rs. 25,82,000. It is satisfactory and we are glad to find that so many Policyholders lived to take the proceeds in their lifetime and we hope they may live long and continue to enjoy the fruits of their foresight. You will notice that the ratio of expenses to premium income is 24.9 per cent and it thus shows a satisfactory reduction of just upon 1 per cent. on that of the previous year.
The report was adopted, the retiring Directors, Mr. F. E. Francis and Mr. E. B. Ghaswala were re-elected. A dividend of Rs. 3-8-0 per share with a bonus of Rs. 13-8-9 to the shareholders and bonus equal to one month's salary to the officers and staff was approved.

Bombay Volleyball And Basketball Association

A meeting of the representatives of some of the Volleyball and Basketball Clubs of Bombay was held at Gilder Tank Play ground on Monday, 13th February, under the presidency of Mr. J. Callan, General Secretary of the Bombay Y. M. C. A., when Mr. P. M. Joseph, Principal of Training Institute for Physical Education, spoke on the necessity of such an Association in Bombay. The group agreed that the Association be formed, and formed a Sub-Committee under the Chairmanship of Mr. P. M. Joseph to frame the constitution of the Association.
A meeting is convened on Sunday, 12th March, 1939, at 6 p.m. (S.T.) at Robert Money High School, Procter Road, near Grant Road Station, to consider the report of the Sub-Committee and to elect the office-bearers.
All Clubs that are conducting these games or propose to conduct in the near future, are requested to send two of their representatives to the above meeting and co-operate in the common endeavour or promoting these games in an organised way in Bombay.
Proposed Fee for Affiliation is "not less than Re. 1" so that it will be within the means of even the smallest Club in Bombay.

Government House News

H. H. the Maharaja of Kolhapur and Staff Officer, Sir Shapurji and Lady Billimoria, Lt.-Colonel and Mrs. A. J. Ransford, Colonel O. G. Edwards, Mr. J. B. Greaves and Mr. D. O. Wilson lunched at Government House.
The Governor of Bombay unveiled the bust of Sir Chimanlal Setalvad in the Convocation Hall of the University of Bombay.
Lady Lumley gave a Ladies Garden Party at Government House.

BHARATIYA VIDYA BHAVAN EXTENSION LECTURES

Principal Kashmira Singh, will deliver a lecture on "Sikh Religion and Hindnism" (in English) at 5 p.m. to-day (Saturday) in the Lecture Hall of the University Buildings (South Wing, First Floor).

Firing Inquiry Committee's Meeting To Be Held To-day

Last two open meetings of the 7th November 1938 Firing Inquiry Committee, will be held to-day at 4-0 p.m. and on Sunday next at 8-30 a.m. in the office of Independent Labour Party, Wahedina Mansion, Parel for the examination of the witnesses.
After the work of the last two meetings the Committee will proceed to draft its report to the President Independent Labour Party.

Millowners' Deputation To Wait On Finance Member

Following the telegraphic representation made by the Millowners' Association, Bombay, on the subject of the increased duties on imported cotton, the Finance Member, Government of India, has agreed to receive a deputation from the Indian Mill Industry on March 20.
It is anticipated that the deputation will include representatives from the leading Millowners' Associations and from all centres of the industry.

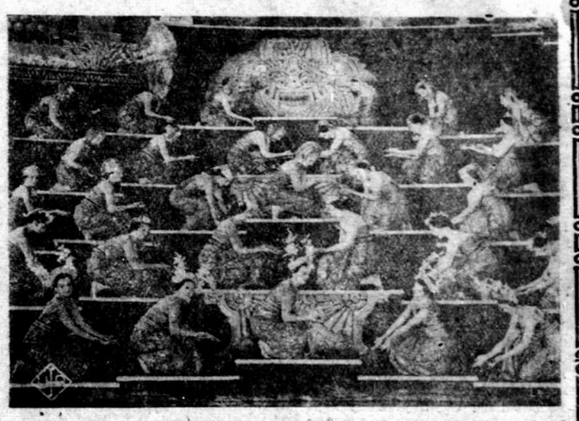
Bombay Cricket Association

A special general meeting of the Bombay Cricket Association was held at the Islam Gymkhana Pavilion on Friday evening at which resolutions were passed that a Temporary Roof should be erected over the remaining blocks in the Association Stand and also recommending Election By-Laws.
A sum of Rs. 2,500 was voted for the construction of the roof.

EROS
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
'Ph. 22519.

FRANCISKA GAAL
AKIM TAMIROFF
SHIRLEY ROSS
EDWARD EVERETT HORTON
BEN BLUE : Directed by Frank Tuttle
Also "POPEYE"
EXTRA:—
On STAGE at 6-30 P.M.
SHOW ONLY!
"RITZ SISTERS & BILLY HEATON" in an ENTIRELY NEW CHANGE of PROGRAMME!
ALSO in our BALL ROOM from 7-45 p.m.
You Must See Them!

Capitol
Daily at 4, 6-30 & 10 p. m.



LILIAN HARVEY (of "Congress Dances" fame)
in UFA'S DANCE & MUSIC FESTIVAL
"THE DUKE & THE DANCER"
(with GERMAN DIALOGUE & ENGLISH TITLES)

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE
for the CINE-ELITE
DAILY: 4-30, 7-15 & 10 P.M.
Matinees at 1-45 p.m. on Sat., Sun. & Holidays.
HELD OVER! 8th WEEK
'ROYAL' JEWEL NO. 8
MOTHER INDIA
INDIA CINE PICTURES' MAIDEN RELEASE!
IN NATURAL COLOURS

MRS. SAROJINI DEVI NAIDU
SAYS:—
".....'Mother India' is a FINE Colour film.....it EMPHASIZES through the medium of a VIVID and TOUCHING STORY pose of the essential principles and issues embodied in its relations..... It DESERVES our APPRECIATION and SUPPORT..... It is an effort in the direction of propaganda of RIGHT IDEALS.....!"

HELD OVER FOR 2ND GLORIOUS WEEK!
The REGAL
Daily at 4, 6-30 & 10 p. m.

He conquered the black simoon that ships might sail the desert while the love of two women tore at his heart!
Heroic de Lesseps' incredible achievement...spectacularly told!
SUEZ

A 20th Century-Fox Picture with
TYRONE POWER · LORETTA YOUNG
ANNABELLA
and
J. Edward Bromberg · Joseph Schildkraut · Henry Stephenson
Sidney Blackmer · Sig Rumann
Maurice Moscovich · Nigel Bruce
Miles Mander · George Zucco
DARRYL F. ZANUCK
In Charge of Production
Also "LADIES' FASHION FORECAST"
New styles in Technicolor!

STAR FLASHES
by CHARLES BRUNO

AN' IT ONLY TAKES ONE TO LAUNCH A BATTLESHIP!
DICK POWELL MANAGED A CHAIN GROCERY STORE IN ARKANSAS WHEN HE WAS 17.
HUMPHREY BOGART HAD 3 BOTTLES BROKEN ON HIS HEAD IN FIGHT SCENES FOR "OKLAHOMA KID" - THE BOTTLES WERE MADE OF TRANSPARENT RESIN -
MEMBERS OF THE RUSSIAN DON COSSACK CHORUS IN "HOTEL IMPERIAL" HAD TO WEAR FALSE BEARDS..... TO CONFORM WITH THE DIRECTOR'S IDEA OF WHAT RUSSIANS SHOULD LOOK LIKE!

Telephone No. 22037 Telegrams: "CHRONICLE."
Post Box 322. Registered No. B. 1065.

The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: SATURDAY, MARCH 11, 1939

THE TRIPURI SESSION

The 52nd session of the Indian National Congress commenced at Tripuri on Friday amidst depressing circumstances and it is not clear yet how precisely it may end. Troubles began with the Presidential election itself and threaten to persist longer than is good for the Congress. Secondly, the re-elected President took seriously ill only a few days after his election and in spite of his brave fight against his illness has not been able to do justice to his presidential address or even to attend the first day's plenary session. In such circumstances the pomp and pageantry of a procession with fifty elephants drawing the Presidential chariot without the President therein seems painfully incongruous. Indeed such pomp is always incongruous in connection with Congress sessions which are expected to be held in rural surroundings and atmosphere. Finally, Gandhiji's absence, though unavoidable, was a serious handicap to leaders and workers accustomed to be guided by him at almost every Congress session these twenty years. However, it is a relief to all that his fast ended happily before the Congress session began Mr. Bose's Presidential address, which is the briefest in Congress history, necessarily dwells on only a few topics of the day at any length. His main distinctive theme is that, instead of passively waiting to resist at some indefinite time in the future the British Government's offensive in the shape of Federation, the Congress should actively take the initiative by submitting the National Demand to the Government in the shape of an ultimatum; and if no satisfactory response is made by Government within a specified time, Congress should start Civil Disobedience to enforce the National Demand. His plea for early action on these lines is that just at present Britain's international position is most vulnerable and, on the other hand, circumstances in India are most favourable, as with Congress in power in eight provinces its strength and prestige have gone up and there is mass awakening throughout the country including the States. But he rightly adds that the whole plan can succeed only "if we sink our differences, pool all our resources and pull our full weight in the national struggle."

Gandhiji And National Struggle

It is obvious that the national struggle will have to pass through some such stage at no distant date and the fight against Federation will be an important part of that struggle. But, as Seth Govind Das, the Chairman of the Reception Committee, observed in his welcome address, the pertinent question now is what should be the precise time and the manner of the intended struggle and who should lead it. He expresses the innermost feeling in the minds of millions in the country when, after hoping that the struggle will continue to be non-violent, he says: "Mahatma Gandhi is the Acharya of non-violence and knows best the technique of non-violent struggle. It is, therefore, naturally expected that it should be left to the good, old teacher to decide when and how the next fight should be started. I have not the least doubt that Mahatmaji will himself give a new turn to the struggle at the opportune moment, and what the President wants to-day will surely happen to-morrow." Indeed, it is inaccurate to suggest that, when the country is prepared for the final phase of the struggle, Gandhiji will needlessly put it off even by a day. As Seth Govind Das points out, Gandhiji has already started the struggle in the States earlier and in a more forceful manner than many radical leaders might have dared to do. And he is unquestionably the fittest person to chalk out the future plan and work it out.

Remove Corruption

What is most urgently wanted now is better organisation and more unity in the Congress, without which no plan of action, however heroic on paper, can have any chance of success. But it is admitted by many that just at present there is more indiscipline, and corruption in the Congress than ever before. Gandhiji has sent a special message to the Tripuri session earnestly appealing for immediately ridding the Congress of this sinister and growing evil. He is so keen on this point that he has suggested vesting the A. I. C. C. with powers even to make such changes in the Congress constitution as may be necessary for this purpose, and we are happy to note that the President fully endorses the suggestion. We trust the suggestion will be readily adopted by the Tripuri session. As regards unity, in the Congress, we all know how woefully it has been disturbed by the Presidential election, and Seth Govind Das has good reason to lament: "What a pity that at this very critical hour in our history signs of internal strife should manifest themselves. We have begun to think of changing horses in the mid-stream." However, it is a relief to note that Mr. Pant's resolution, designed to ensure the fullest possible co-operation from Gandhiji and his lieutenants in spite of the aspersions cast on the latter, has been adopted by the Subjects Committee by a large majority. It is said that attempts are being made to persuade Mr. Bose to withdraw his insinuations against the Gandhian leaders so that the clause in Mr. Pant's resolution may be superfluous and the resolution may be passed almost unanimously at the open session. We can only hope these attempts will be fruitful. Meanwhile, it is encouraging to learn that the resolution has been approved of by Gandhiji and that he has consented to lead the Congress in the coming crisis if the resolution is adopted by the Congress. We feel confident the plenary session will adopt it by a decisive majority.

Prohibition And Unemployment

The opponents of the Government's prohibition policy seem to be determined to emphasise on every possible occasion the problem of the unemployment of liquor dealers and toddy tappers which is likely to result from a ban on the sale of liquor in the city. The resolution moved by Rao Bahadur S. K. Bole and passed by the Corporation betrayed a rather exaggerated concern for the unemployed on the part of a body that has consistently disregarded the interests of the poor and the dispossessed. The Bombay Government have already declared their intention to take all possible steps to relieve any hardship which may be caused to the class of persons dependant for their livelihood on the sale and preparation of liquor. A deputation of the committee of toddy and liquor shop workers and allied trades waited on the Hon. Dr. M. D. Gilder and suggested ways how Government could start industrial concerns for the production of jaggery, vinegar and power alcohol from toddy and thus provide employment for these workers. The Minister of Health promised that the Government would give sympathetic consideration to these suggestions and that should satisfy those who claim to have the interests of these workers at heart By the way, it is interesting to note that while Dr. J. N. Choksy calculated that about 100,000 people would be thrown out of employment with the advent of prohibition, the deputation which waited upon the Health Minister put the number at only fifteen thousand.

Inadequate

We are glad that the Central Assembly has adopted the motion to refer to a Select Committee the "Registration of Foreigners Bill". For, the Bill needs substantial improvements. India will agree with much that Sir Reginald Maxwell said in moving it. But there is more that India and Indian interests need. Only registration is not enough. What is wanted is, as was suggested in the Assembly, some control also over "Foreigners". What is more, the definition of "foreigners" must be revised. All this is necessary because Indians have suffered long enough both in their own country and abroad at the hands of gentlemen, who enjoy privileges as Europeans with Indians suffering humiliations and material loss helplessly. The Bill if it is to be worth while, must be a measure designed to protect Indian interests and self-respect as against all foreigners, including Britons and the Colonial Whites.

The Bubble Bursts

By D. F. Karaka

Things are taking shape at last and there has been good ventilation of pent-up emotions and grievances which, from the point of view of the Congress, is most healthy. It is too early to forecast, but from the trend of the full dress debate on Pandit Govind Vallabh Pant's resolution on Thursday it is obvious that there is a universal desire to put the Congress above personal differences. The attitude of the Socialists is the most creditable. They have not made capital out of the squabble. Pandit Pant's resolution is quite the most important resolution of the session. It gives scope for introspection and for clarification of many points. The British Government will regrettably find that the much-looked forward to split may not materialise. In the debate itself the galaxy of talent was undoubtedly from the orthodox Congress group. The proposers of amendments, with the exception of Mr. Nariman, showed paucity of debating power. Mr Nariman's was the only speech against the resolution which was effective; otherwise there was much hot air and tub-thumping and emotional outbursts, which were cant in more senses than one. Till the tea interval which was about 6-30 the standard of the debate was poor except one Hindustani speech by Mr. Nuroodin Bihari who made a good point that the Congress should rise from below and not be dictated from the above. It was only a good Socialist point of the day. The pandal was packed to overflowing and had been enlarged to accommodate growing numbers.

* * * *

After the interval Mr. Satyamurti raised the level of the debate by a first class speech. It was dignified, parliamentary and brilliant. The Deputy Leader of the Assembly Opposition certainly rose to the occasion. He tore Mr. Nariman's argument to the shreds and pointed out how underlying the resolution was a grave question of policy. He referred to Mr. Subhas Bose's pre-election statement where Mr. Bose was willing to withdraw in favour of a Leftist candidate. Mr. Dutt Muzumdar, who followed Mr. Satyamurti, showed that, with experience and more restraint, he could really shape into effective speaker Mr. Mazumdar has no emotional control and consequently his arguments are unconvincing. He is the type of a young man who gets carried away by his own oratory. He will probably tone down with years and certainly shows much promise.

* * * *

But speech of the day was from Mr. Rajagopalachari. It was very balanced and beautifully tempered. He is an ideal speaker to turn the scales on important occasions. He was clear, matter of fact and abnormally simple in the enuciation of the case. He made the first reference of the day to the real issues underlying the resolution. He pointed out how Mr. Bose's references to the Working Committee members and the allegations of conspiracy to work the Federation and a secret scheme of Federal Cabinet could not be allowed to pass unchallenged. Thereby he brought out the real reason of Pandit Pant's resolution. Earlier in the day Mr. Bose had referred to the charge of aspersions and said they did not apply to colleagues in the Committee but Mr. Rajagopalachari said, amidst applause, that this explanation was not satisfactory. This Premier of Madras knocked the bottom out of Mr. Bose's case. It seems as if Mr. Bose will have to eat his own words and this will be a painful experience. Whatever the decision Mr. Bose will not resign. Nor is that the intention of Pt. Pant and his friends. But they will succeed in putting a check upon excesses like these. Mr. Rajagopalachari pointed out why this unconventional procedure was sought and so long as Gandhiji is what he is, it would not reflect any discredit to the Congress constitution. The pro-Gandhi feeling is very strong and as the debate progresses it becomes more clear how unwise Mr. Bose was to defy the orthodox Congress group. But the general feeling is that his election and Pandit Pant's resolution will put a check on both the parties, namely, the Left-

(Continued on page 14, col. 4)

THIS IS NOT THE END OF SPAIN

By H. N. Brailsford

The art of managing men makes an adroit use of anticipation. We all knew, when Barcelona fell, that the early consequence would be the recognition of General Franco by the British and French Governments as the 'de jure' ruler of Spain.

When it actually happened, our indignation had spent itself. It was part of the familiar environment of evil within which we must live.

Three years ago, by a substantial majority, after a free vote, the people of Spain entrusted its fate to the democratic Republic under the charge of the parties of the People's Front.

Italian bombers, German tanks, Italian legionaries, and Moorish cavalry have reversed this verdict over three-quarters of the surface of Spain. This result, the two Western Democracies accept as a title of sovereignty in accordance with their notions of right.

Mr. Chamberlain quoted precedents to justify this indecently hasty acceptance of the brutal fact. The Opposition might well have reminded him of a precedent more recent than any that he cited.

The Russian civil war ended in the winter of 1920. From the close of that year the Soviet Republic was the undisputed mistress, not of three-fourths but of the whole of Russian territory. No army of its opponents remained in being. Yet it was not until 1924 that the Moscow Government was formally recognised and Ambassadors exchanged.

If Mr. Chamberlain did in a few weeks for Franco what cost Russia a delay of as many years, the reason is plainly that the ideas, the interests, and the class privileges for which that Dictator stands are congenial and sympathetic to the British owning class

Peace Without Terms

The act itself is the logical conclusion to three years of partisanship. British policy has throughout robbed the Spanish Republic of its customary rights under international law, tolerated the aggressions of its adversaries, and loaded the dice against it at every throw.

It now buries its victim, while he is still alive.

Worse even than this act of recognition is the fact that it was unconditional. It is useless to pretend that one cannot bargain over the grant of a coveted status.

As we all know, the French did try to bargain at Burgos. They sought to secure two conditions—an amnesty for the Democratic parties and troops, and a promise that Franco will not adhere to the Rome-Berlin Axis.

The latter condition was refused, for the good reason that in all probability Franco has already joined the alliance of the three Fascist Great Powers. We may expect a public announcement of his membership on an early date.

It is unlikely that any Anglo-French pressure could have altered Franco's bondage to the Powers of the Axis. To them, and to them alone, he owes his victory. If, even now, they were to withdraw their troops, their warplanes and their guns, the Republic might still win the war.

Minorca Bargain

On a policy of humanity alone France and Great Britain might have insisted. They held assets with which to bargain.

Recognition is itself a privilege whose value it would be difficult to exaggerate. It might and ought to have been delayed, while the Spanish Republic, with an unbeaten army of 500,000 men, still held the capital and the central region of Spain.

But there were tangible stakes also. With this formality the gold held by the Bank of France to the value of many millions passed automatically from the Republic to France.

The British contribution was the island of Minorca. It was so strongly fortified that it was impregnable against any forces that Franco could have brought against it. The British navy was used to induce it to surrender. Would France have paid nothing for this island and these millions?

It may be said that Mr. Chamberlain did secure from Franco an undertaking that his vengeance will fall only on "criminals." In the mouth of an honourable soldier with a humane record this pledge would have been enough.

We cannot, however, forget the massacre of Badojos, the bombing of Guernica, and the pursuit by warplanes with their machine-guns of the helpless civilian fugitives from Malaga and Figueras.

A few days before the act of recognition Franco issued a decree which defined the word "criminal" as he understands it. It was a crime to participate in the ranks of the People's Front in the general election of February, 1936. It was a crime to sit as a member of the elected majority in the Cortes.

It is a crime to hold an office even in a village branch of a Trade Union.

It is even a crime to be a member of a Masonic Lodge, since these in Spain are always Liberal and anti-Clerical in outlook.

A previous official statement had given the total number of these "criminals" as two millions. Some will be shot, some exiled, but most of them are to work as unpaid slaves at forced labour in concentration camps.

Are we really to understand that these plans of wholesale vengeance have been abandoned? The news that filters past the censorship from correspondents in Barcelona friendly to the Franco regime does not suggest that he is acting within the terms of the statement that Mr Chamberlain accepts.

In city, by the thousand, men have been arrested and tried merely because they served the Republic as officers or Civil Servants. Nor were they tried by the civil courts. The courts created for this purpose consist not of judges, but of soldiers and representatives of the Fascist (Phalangist) Party.

Mr. Chamberlain has secretaries who are well able to supply him with these latter facts, which are taken from the newspapers of Franco's territory.

"The Slaughter-House"

With more than his usual blindness to painful realities, the Prime Minister boasted that his motive in granting unconditional recognition was to shorten the struggle and end the bloodshed.

On the contrary, his indecent haste to recognise without conditions has made it inevitable that the armies of the Centre must fight on.

Mr. Chamberlain and M. Daladier have failed to secure even an arrangement by which the political and military leaders exposed to Fascist vengeance might have withdrawn to safety and started life again in Mexico or Algeria.

No army of brave men will lay down its arms, if it knows that the leaders who formed it, led it to victory, and shared its perils and privations are doomed to massacre or slave-labour.

Human nature is above this baseness, and Spaniards, more

(Continued on page 15, col. 4)

FRANKLY SPEAKING

RESULTS OF RECOGNITION

One of the immediate consequences of unconditional Anglo-French recognition of General Franco is the latter's announcement of a stringent and illegal blockade—the more permanent consequences will materialise later when the democracies and dictatorships come to grips in an inevitable war. This blockade has disturbed Britain. But a Britain, which has ignored and even abetted so many outrages by Franco even against her own interests, will pocket his piracies too. Meanwhile there is serious trouble in the Republican ranks which are split up into the Defence Council and what are called "Communist troops." It is a tragedy that gallant men who fought shoulder to shoulder till yesterday should be seeking to shed each other's blood. But one's human sympathy goes more to them who have revolted. They know that Franco will not spare. So if they have to die, why, they probably argue, not die fighting. All this is the achievement of that unconditional recognition.

EUROPEANS IN INDIA

There is one point in Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta's recent address to the Bombay Branch of the European Association which we should like to notice here. It is about the position of "Europeans in India" and the feelings of Indians towards them. Mr. Mehta was, we fear, a little too gushing. But we entirely endorse the essential spirit of what he aid. Thanks to the teachings and leadership of Mahatma Gandhi the issue between Indians and Europeans in India has been raised above the plane of racial or individual hatred. Indians do not hate Europeans, but it is too much to expect them to entertain "nothing but thoughts of friendship" for them. For, let it be very clearly understood—and this in the interests of Europeans themselves—that India can no more accept the humiliations that are implicit in the privileges enjoyed by "Europeans". Indians have made up their minds to be masters—economically and politically—in their house. And in this house the Europeans will have to accept the position which he can expect to enjoy in any country which is self-respecting and independent, on the one hand, and willing to be fair to and friendly with foreigners—as such—on the other. More than that India will not do, less than that Europeans need not fear provided they reconcile themselves to the principle, with all that it implies, that India belongs to Indians.

HARIJANS AND CUMULATIVE VOTING

Dr. Ambedkar has sent a cable to the Secretary of State for India protesting, on behalf of Harijans, against the proposal to introduce the distributive system of voting for Provincial Legislative Assemblies on the plea that this system is antagonistic to the spirit of the Poona Pact. If Harijans in general accept his view, they may well be allowed to continue the present cumulative system. But we do not think that the distributive system is against the spirit of the Poona Pact. In the absence of reserved seats for them, Harijans or other minorities would need cumulative voting to win the number of seats warranted by the size of their electorate. But when seats are reserved for them, cumulative voting is unnecessary, while distributive voting helps to bring them into closer contact with the majority community and is more in keeping with the spirit of joint electorates, ensured by the Poona Pact.

"THROUGH CONGRESS EYES"

Students of current and recent Indian politics will find useful material in the book entitled "Through Congress Eyes" by Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose, published by the well-known firm Kitabistan of Allahabad. It is a small octavo sized book of nearly 250 pages and contains a collection of recent addresses and articles by Mr. Bose. Its main contents are his Presidential address at the Haripura session of the Congress, a discussion of the pros and cons of office acceptance, a review of fifty years of Indo-British trade (1875-1925) and shorter articles on Indians Abroad, what Romain Rolland Thinks, Japan's Role in Far East, and Europe—To-day and To-morrow. Some of the articles have been reproduced from the "Modern Review", the "Contemporary Review" of Lahore and the "Orient" of Calcutta. Covering a variety of subjects, the book affords instructive reading, is well got up and printed in good large type. But we do not see any reason why it should be priced so high as Rs. 2-8.

作作-白-作作

WITHOUT COMMENT

"I ask you, delegates to place your hands on your hearts and say whether you are not sorry for the aspersions. Speaking for myself, I should have demanded an apology".

—Mr. Satyamurti indignantly protesting against "aspersions" in respect of the Federation controversy.

* * * *

At a recent function, Comrade Jamnadas M. Mehta is reported to have assured Europeans that "Indians were incapable of hatred".

That's the virtue which a lot of Indians have been trying to persuade Comrade Mehta into

* * * *

Referring to the powers, "whatever they were" given to Ministries, "they were", says Comrade Mehta, "being exercised in a real and genuine attempt to attain the very best both in the Congress and non-Congress Provinces".

We hope his easy memory will help Comrade Mehta to forget all this when he rises in the Assembly to launch his next devastating attack on the Bombay Ministry.

By the way Comrade Mehta's tribute ought to touch Mr. Fazlul Haq and Sir Sikandar Hayat deeply.

* * * *

Registration Of Foreigners In India

—Anglo-Indian headline.

Looks like the latest British joke, what?

* * * *

And in fact it is.

For, Sir Reginald Maxwell's definition of foreigners is almost all exclusive.

* * * *

Widespread Awakening In Indian States

—Headlines.

So much so that a number of their Highnesses and advisers have been having unsatisfactory sleep lately.

* * * *

Apropos of the two British Bank's financial assistance to China Sir John Simon declares that "it will give material assistance to British trade and enterprise in China".

It will. But the question is what will it take from China?

* * * *

M. Berenger, President of the Foreign Affairs Committee of the French Senate, urges that in the Mediterranean "there is room for everybody".

Is there also room for Italy to "expand or burst?"

* * * *

The response in British circles to General Franco's naval blockade is that "it will be an act of piracy to seize vessels on sight."

They will, of course, "recognise" it later. But in the meantime you needn't wonder why, having aided and abetted an act robbery by which International Fascism seized Spain in broad daylight, they should be protesting against minor piracy. Personal pocket is ever so much more pressing than International principle.

* * * *

By the way, Reuter is getting definitely reactionary in these days.

Please don't raise your eyebrow—we mean, the agency reports not merely news but reaction to the news reported and just misses reporting the reaction to the reaction to the news, etc., etc.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

It is more human to err than it is to lie about it.

A true friend is one who never throws things up to you.

Use the fewest possible words when you have anything to say.

Bad luck causes a man to take a mental inventory of his friends.

True love makes a man so reckless that he doesn't care who knows of his happiness.

If love were not blind there would doubtless be just as many divorce courts doing business.

Crisis Threatens Czechs Again?

SLOVAKS APPEAL TO HITLER

Nazi Influence, A Menace To Federal Collaboration

BUDAPEST, March 10.

THE SLOVAKS HAVE SENT AN APPEAL TO HERR HITLER TO INTERVENE WITH THE PRAGUE GOVERNMENT ON THEIR BEHALF, ACCORDING TO REPORTS FROM BRATISLAVA.

How Crisis Arose

IT IS STATED THAT THE CRISIS REACHED A CLIMAX, WHEN IT WAS DISCOVERED THAT RADICAL SLOVAK ELEMENTS INTENDED TO PROCLAIM AN INDEPENDENT SLOVAK STATE AND SECEDE FROM PRAGUE.

NAZI INFLUENCE

IT IS POINTED OUT THAT GERMANS ARE IN A POSITION TO EXERCISE GREAT INFLUENCE IN ALL DEVELOPMENTS IN CZECHOSLOVAKIA AND THE OPINION IS EXPRESSED THAT IT IS HARD TO BELIEVE THAT PRAGUE GOVERNMENT COULD HAVE RESORTED TO SUCH STRONG ACTION AS THE DISMISSAL OF THE SLOVAK PRIME MINISTER WITHOUT THE KNOWLEDGE AND AT ANY RATE THE TACIT CONSENT OF GERMANY.

FEDERATION THREATENED

IT IS FELT HERE THAT IT WILL NOW BE DIFFICULT TO RESTORE FEDERAL COLLABORATION BETWEEN THE SLOVAK AND CZECH GOVERNMENTS.—Reuter.

SLOVAK GOVT. DISSOLVED

Czech President Dismisses Members From Office

PRAGUE, March 10

The President of Czechoslovakia has dissolved the Slovak Government dismissing members from office.

CRISIS REACHES CLIMAX

The Slovak crisis reached its climax during the night when it is learned a "coup d'etat" was being prepared by Radical Slovak elements who intended to proclaim an Independent Slovak State and secede from Prague. The Central Government reinforced all garrisons and occupied during the night all important points and buildings all over Slovakia.

HLINKA DISSOLVED

The National Slovak Hlinka guards have been dissolved, a part being confined to barracks under military supervision and others sent to Moravia, where also they are placed under a military guard.

M. Tuka, Commander of the Hlinka guards and M. Mach, chief of the Slovak propaganda service, who have been chiefly responsible for the upheaval are under detention.

Order prevails everywhere and the situation is well in hand. An official Communique states that the dismissal of the Slovak ministers "is intended to prevent an attempt against the unity of the Czechoslovak State."—Reuter

MARTIAL LAW IN SLOVAK SPA

Vice-Premier's Threat To Prague

PRAGUE, Mar. 10.

Martial Law has been proclaimed only in Slovak Spa of Piestany and not in Bratislava.

Before leaving for Bratislava, the Vice-Premier Sidor declared that a decision on the Slovak problem no longer lies with Prague with Bratislava.—Reuter.

SLOVAK MINISTERS' COMPLAINT TO REICH

BERLIN, Mar. 10.

It is semi-officially stated that the Slovak Government under Premier Tiso (who was dismissed by the Czechoslovak President, Dr. Hacha) has sent a note to the Reich. This follows the news that the Slovak Minister, Dr. Durcansky (similarly dismissed) and Herr Karmasin, leader of the German minority, have arrived in Vienna on a special mission from Herr Tiso.—Reuter.

German Explorer's Achievement

BERLIN, March 9.

The discovery of about 135,000 square miles on the Antarctic continent is reported to have been made by Captain Ritscher a German polar explorer and airman, who left Hamburg for the Antarctic aboard the Lufthansa motorship "Schwabenland" in December last with 80 men including scientists, explorers airmen and mechanics. The land is stated to be situated between 5 degrees West and fifteen degrees East longitude and extends inland to about 75 degrees latitude.

It was thoroughly explored from 'planes and includes mountains over 3,500 feet and a central polar massif over 4,700 feet.

The "Schwabenland" is returning now and has passed Cape Town. While the "Schwabenland" was 'en route' to Antarctic" a Norwegian decree was published on January 14 claiming Norwegian sovereignty over a Zyge stretch of the Antarctic continent including the part now explored by Captain Ritscher but Germany claims th's part was never stepped on or even flown over by Norwegians.—Reuter.

No Claim Yet

BERLIN, March, 10.

It is understood that Germany will not make any claim to Antarctic Regions until Capt. Ritscher has returned to Berlin and submitted a report to competent quarters.—Reuter.

World Achievement.

The Biggest Sculpture

We have been reading about the Sphinx which has some claim to being the oldest piece of carving in the world. Till quite recently it would have been universally declared to be the biggest single piece of carving on this planet. But it cannot make this boast now.

From ancient Egypt we have come to America, the land discovered only yesterday, as it were. We come to the heights of South Dakota, and here, towering among the peaks is the grand mass of Mount Rushmore, with its rugged precipices of some of the hardest granite in the world. A cliff 3000 feet long and 800 feet high is now serving as a base on which Gutzon Borglum is carving four great faces, each bigger than the face of the Sphinx.

These giant portraits in living stone, the largest of their kind ever executed, are not yet complete, work going on every day as the drills and dynamite are used to make some impression on the hard rock But the portraits are growing bit by bit, and marvellous they are, their bold light and shadow standing out from the rugged cliff, the massive forehead and proud lips of George Washington, the more kindly face of Thomas Jefferson, and the rugged contours of Abraham Lincoln. With these three old Presidents of the United States is a fourth, Theodore Roosevelt, and the four make a group of amazing and impressive grandeur. Seen miles away with the light playing upon them, they are almost alive—weird, rather frightening, beautiful and eternal.

The four faces are to be flanked by a short history of the United States carved in letters three feet high, the inscription legible three miles away.

HITLER OVER RUMANIA!

Plan To Link Rumanian Economy With Reich

BUCHAREST, March 10

A comprehensive scheme to link Rumania's economy with Germany's is being submitted to Government by the German delegation headed by Dr. Wohlhat, Director of the Reich Ministry of National Economy.

Under the plan Germany will agree to take Rumania's total agricultural export surplus such as wheat, maize and fruit for a number of years. It is also proposed to link Rumania agriculture with the German Reich four-year plan. On her part Germany proposes to send exports and supply machinery for development of the Rumanian petroleum industry, herself taking the entire output. The scheme finally urges acceptance by Rumania of fifty to fifty-five lei as the rate for the Reichsmark.—Reuter

HITLER TO GO TO AUSTRIA

BERLIN, March 10.

It is expected that Herr Hitler will go to Austria on March 13 to participate in the celebrations in connection with the anniversary of the Anschluss.—Reuter.

Dr. Schacht's Tour Programme

BERLIN, March 10.

"Reuter" learns that Dr. Schacht is starting on his holiday tomorrow. He is not going direct to India but making a stop in between, probably in Italy or Egypt and going on to India by the end of the month.

It is understood that a trip to Australia is a possibility.—Reuter.

SLOVAK EX-MINISTER FOR VIENNA

BERLIN, Mar. 10.

It is semi-officially stated that the Slovak ex-Minister, Dr. Durcansky, accompanied by Herr Karmasin, leader of the German minority, arrived in Vienna on a special mission.

Nothing definite is known in German political circles in regard to the rumour of an appeal by the Slovaks to Herr Hitler, though it is possible that Dr. Durcansky's mission has some such object. Although official circles are silent, political circles and the Berlin Press appear to sympathise wholeheartedly with the Slovaks and attack Dr. Hacha's action.—Reuter.

ARMAMENTS LIMITATION CONFERENCE

German Politicians' Reaction To British Move

BERLIN, March 10

"Britain and America must first carry out moral and mental disarmament before a discussion of the limitation of physical armaments can be of any use", was the comment of political quarters on the report that British Government hope early to hold an Armaments Limitation Conference. "Britain should first appeal to President Roosevelt and the Soviet Union", a political commentator told.—Reuter

ITALIAN TOURISTS FOR FRANCO SPAIN

ROME March 10

Since the fall of Barcelona there has been a big increase in the tourist traffic between Genoa, Leghorn and Spain. Observers note complete absence of ladies among tourists who consist of young men between the ages of twenty and thirty travelling in groups of fifty or hundred.—Reuter.

ENGLAND'S PROMISING 2nd VENTURE

Make 253 For One Against S. Africa In Fifth Test

DURBAN, March 10.

At the close of the seventh day of the Fifth Test, England had made 253 for the loss of one wicket. (Hutton 55, Gibb not out 78, Edrich not out 107).

ENGLAND (Second Innings)

Hutton, b Mitchell	.....	55
Gibb (not out)	.....	78
Edrich (not out)	.....	107
Extras	.....	13
Total (for one wicket)	..	253

Princes Confer In Delhi

Political Situation In Country To Be Discussed

NEW DELHI, Mar. 10.

The Ruling Princes who arrived here in connection with the session of the Chamber of Princes met informally at the Princes Chamber this afternoon. The meeting was held 'in camera'.

It is understood that the Princes considered the question of reorganisation of the Chamber that was discussed at the informal meeting of Princes in Bombay. The Chamber considered the extension of its sphere by including more Rulers in the Standing Committee, and in setting apart a Committee of Rulers and a Committee of Ministers. Important discussion regarding the revised draft Instrument of Accession also took place at the meeting.

INSTRUMENT OF ACCESSION

It will be recalled that recently four representatives of the Crown were sent to different ruling chiefs to induce them to accept the terms of Federation, and in view of the refusal of the Princes to accede to the old Instrument of Accession, a revised Instrument has been sent to them for consideration.

It is further understood that the Ruling Princes would discuss at the formal meeting on March 13 and 14 the present political situation in the country, although it is not included in the agenda. Before meeting formally, the Princes will have informal discussion to-morrow.—United Press.

TANKS IN ACTION AGAINST "REDS"

MADRID, Mar. 10.

A big battle is raging at Plaza Demanuel Becerra in the Eastern section of the city between the Communists and Gen. Miaja's motorised troops. Tanks are being used on both sides. Gen. Miaja claims to have taken Plaza. The Rebels are liable to be trapped as the Junta's forces are advancing from the Centre of the City to join those coming from Canillejas.

ST. JEAN DE LUZ.—It is reported that Gen. Miaja's troops have captured the Ministry of Marine, the Telefonica, (Madrid's Seventeen-Storey Skyscrapper) and other important buildings hitherto held by Communists.

PARIS.—The fact that the Ancient University garrison town of Alcala Dehenares had been in the hands of the Communists is disclosed in a delayed message from Madrid, announcing that Gen. Miaja's troops have recaptured the town.—Reuter.

Republican Sub-Marine Surrenders

PALMA, (Majorca). March, 10.

The Republican submarine C2 has surrendered to the Nationalist authorities. The crew assembled on deck and cheered Spain and General Franco.—Reuter.

REPUBLICAN SHIPS FOR GEN. FRANCO!

French General's Strange Decision In Tunis

TUNIS, March, 10.

The Resident, General Labonne, has declared the eleven Republican warships interned and disarmed at Bizerta to "belong to General Franco" adding that those aboard were free to return to Spain or remain in Tunis as they wished.—Reuter.

INDIA-BURMA ORDERS CONFIRMED

LONDON, March 10.

India-Burma orders have been adopted following the confirmation given by the House of Lords. —Reuter.

Batley And Morley Election Result

LONDON, March 10.

The Batley and Morley parliamentary bye-election resulted as follows:—

Mr. Hubert Beaumont (Labour) 20,020, Mr. W. D. Wills (National Conservative) 16,124. There was no change.—Reuter.

Fr. Presidential Election Date

PARIS, March 10.

The Council of Ministers has fixed April 5 for the Presidential election.—Reuter.

DILEMMA FOR JAPAN

Sequel To British Aid To Chinese Stabilization Fund

TOKIO, March 10.

Mr. Arita declared in the Diet that Japan must study the advisability or otherwise of protesting to Britain regarding the establishment of a ten million sterling stabilisation fund in support of the Chinese currency.

The Japanese Government recognised that the fund would strengthen Marshal Chiang-Kai-Shek's regime although it might be intended to stabilize Chinese national currency, thereby safeguarding British economic interests.—Reuter.

U. S. PROTEST TO JAPAN

Sequel To Bombing Of American Church Mission

HANKOW, March, 10.

The United States Consul-General called on the Japanese Consul-General and strongly protested against the bombing of the American Episcopal Church Mission compound at Ichang. It is learned that 17 bombs were dropped on the buildings, one of which was destroyed and three damaged. All were clearly marked with American flags.—Reuter.

FRENCH LINER ABLAZE

Will It Suffer Fate Of "Atlantique"?

ST. NAZAIRE, March 9.

Fire broke out and lasted for four hours on the 28,500-ton French liner "Pasteur" built to succeed the illfated "Atlantique."

The scaffolding inside the funnel caught fire and pieces of blazing wood fell into the interior, starting fires in different places.

It is feared that "Pasteur" might suffer the fate of the "Atlantique."

Seawater used to extinguish the fire caused considerable damage to the interior and the machinery

DENIAL OF GERMAN CLAIM

OSLO, March 10.

A denial of the German claim of priority of discovery of a part of the Antarctic Continent was made by the Foreign Minister Koht in a statement declaring that the Norwegians had explored the specified territory by mapping it from the air and other methods besides collecting valuable scientific data.—Reuter.

EX-SPANISH DICTATOR'S SON RELEASED

PARIS, March 10.

It is reported from Valencia that Miguel Primo de Rivera son of the ex-Spanish Dictator has been freed from prison and has safely boarded a British destroyer at Gandia.

Miguel was sentenced on January 18 at Alicante to thirty years' imprisonment on charges of complicity in revolt during the military rebellion.

His brother Jose Antonio was sentenced to death and was executed two days later.—Reuter.

MIAJA'S TROOPS ROUT REBEL "REDS"

MADRID, March, 10.

Fighting was resumed in Madrid to-day when troops loyal to General Miaja's Defence Junta stormed the positions held by Communist rebels in the eastern district of the city. The Communists broke and fled, leaving an important square in the Junta's hands.

Fighting elsewhere in the city went in favour of the loyalists, who captured a number of Communist strongholds. The Junta claims to have taken 4,000 prisoners.—Reuter.

HERTZOG ON PEACE PROSPECTS

CAPETOWN, Mar. 10.

The belief that the peace of Europe would be maintained for a long time was expressed by Gen. Hertzog in a speech here. He added that the international outlook was more auspicious but there was no guarantee that peace would last. Britain was only rearming. Let people who wanted war know that they would be answered.—Reuter.

Jews Oppose Independent State

Agency Executive's Draft Communication To British Govt.

LONDON, Mar. 10.

Reuter understands that a written communication, drafted by the Executive of the Jewish Agency, communicated to the British Government this morning, is believed to have stressed the Jewish attitude that the idea of an independent Palestine State, which would in fact amount to an Arab State is wholly unacceptable to them.

It is stated that no proposals which fail to guarantee the organic growth of a Jewish National Home can be considered by the Jewish delegates as the basis of further discussion.

It is feared in Jewish circles that the Government's final proposals are unlikely to differ substantially from the original suggestions put forward a fortnight ago.—Reuter.

CONSPIRACY TRIAL JUDGMENT

All Except One Found Guilty And Sentenced

LONDON, Mar. 10.

The conspiracy trial in Manchester ended in six men and one woman being found guilty on all counts.

The man, Michael Rory Campbell, was sentenced to twenty years penal servitude, the woman, Mary Glen, was sentenced to seven years penal servitude. Patrick O'Connle, Dennis Duggan, John Glen and John Gavahan were each sentenced to twenty years penal servitude. Patrick Devineу was sentenced to fourteen years penal servitude. One man was found not guilty.—Reuter.

RADHAKRISHNAN FOR S. AFRICA

Sir S. Radhakrishnan is leaving for South Africa by air to-morrow morning arriving in Durban on March 16. He is on a lecturing tour of the Union at the invitation of the Cape Town and other Universities. He is returning to London also by air on April 21.—Reuter.

GANDHIJI TO STAY AT BIRLA HOUSE IN DELHI

NEW DELHI: March 10.

It is possible that Gandhiji will stay at Birla House when he arrives here to interview His Excellency, the Viceroy on March 15 in connection with Rajkot affairs. In view of the State of Gandhiji's health after his recent fast, it is felt in local Congress circles that he should be spared as much physical strain as possible.

As the Harijan colony in Old Delhi where Gandhiji usually stays is nearly ten miles from the Viceroy's House, it is thought that the journey between the two places might put a severe pressure on Gandhiji.

Arrangements for Gandhiji's stay are however being made at both these places.—A. P.

MAHATMA'S HEALTH

RAJKOT, March, 10.

The improvement in Mahatma Gandhi's general condition continues, says a bulletin issued by his doctors this evening. It is understood that no further bulletins will be issued.—A. P.

U. S. Canada Pact Ratified

OTTAWA, March, 10.

The House of Commons adopted without a recorded vote, Mr. Mackenzie King's motion approving the trade agreement with the United States.—Reuter.

CAIRO.— In Women's Table Tennis Championships the Corbillion Cup was won by Germany.

WELLINGTON: The first day's play in the cricket test between Sir Julien Chan's English tourists and New Zealand was washed out owing to rain.

MENACE TO Br. SHIPPING

Plea For Help From Empire Govt.s

LONDON, March 10.

A serious threat to British shipping in the Orient especially by Japan, is the subject of far-reaching recommendations in a report of the Imperial shipping committee.

Subsidies, currency depreciation and lower standards of living are cited as the factors enabling the Japanese ships to operate at a considerably lower cost than the British.

It declares that there is urgent need for strengthening particularly liner trades between Australia and Japan and India and Japan and expresses the opinion that ships would have great value to the maintenance of trade between Australia and India in the event of war.

The report says that the problem is urgent and of sufficient importance to merit early and serious consideration by the Governments of the Empire. It recommends more co-operation among the various British lines to present an united front and declares that some form of financial assistance towards the cost of operation may have to be considered by the Governments concerned, also making facilities for the sales of foreign goods dependent upon an equitable apportionment of the carrying trades.—Reuter.

'GUNGA DIN' BANNED IN BENGAL

Motion Picture Society's Comments

Mr. B. D. Bharucha, Secretary of the Motion Picture Society of India, writes:—

We have great pleasure to announce that R. K. O. Radio's anti-India picture "Gunga Din" has been banned from exhibition in Bengal by the Bengal Board of Film Censors.

We convey our warmest congratulations to the Government of Bengal for taking this commendable step in time and earnestly wish that other Provincial Governments will follow suit.

The Motion Picture Herald in its issue dated 28-1-39 had already used the following words for the picture, "....the picture places its principal characters at the mercy of fanatic natives who apply torture to force revelation of military information". It had also said, "The plot centres about the operations of a native murder cult and the British Army's ways and means of coping with it".

The picture as is evident from the words quoted above amounted to offending Indian national respect and the Government of Bengal took timely action by censoring its exhibition but to save that injury and menace to national respect in other countries of the world this black coloured portrait of the Indian should be banned there from exhibition. Character is the soul of a nation and we most earnestly appeal to the powers that be, to put a stop to the exhibition of this misrepresentative document of Indian life in all the countries with a view that dirty propaganda for a nation may be given a decent burial.

COL. DALY APPOINTED ADMINISTRATOR?

(From Our Correspondent).

RAJKOT, Mar. 10.

To-day the Socialist Party and the Gandhi Aid Party placed their cases before Mahatmaji to clarify their future political status.

It is learnt that Col. Daly has assumed charge as administrator general during the transitional period it is also learnt that Mr. Maganlal Doshi, who is an Agency official, will assist Col. Daly.

This morning an important meeting was held between Resident Gibson the Political Agent, Col. Daly, Agency Surgeon, Col. Aspinnal, Mr. Virawala and Khan Saheb Fateh Mamadkhan to consider allegations against the State authorities.

APPLY for Distribution of following:
PETROLEUM PRODUCTS,
"MAHATMA GANDHI" Brand WHITE Kerosene
"NATIONAL FLAG" Brand YELLOW Kerosene
M.S.C. Extra Light Diesel Fuel.
M.S.C. Lubricating Oils.
THE MILLS STORE CO.
43, Nagdevi Cross Lane, BOMBAY 3.
Telephone:—23668. Telg.:—"EQUAL."

JAIPUR PRAJA MANDAL

State Willing To Recognise It As Legal Body

JAIPUR, Mar. 10.

A Jaipur State Gazette Extraordinary announces anew the conditions on which the Government might be willing to recognise the Jaipur Praja Mandal and thus make it a legal body.

It is laid down that the body should have no affiliation with political organisations outside the State and, its office-holders similarly should not be office-holders of an outside political organisation. The notification reads as follows:

It has been represented to the Jaipur Government that their refusal to register the Jaipur Praja Mandal amounts to a refusal to allow any political association to function in the State.

This is not the case.

The reasons which led the Jaipur Government to refuse registration to the Praja Mandal have been publicly stated.

These do not preclude recognition of political associations as such.

But it is necessary, for the same reasons as have been referred to above that such associations should observe certain conditions.

"In order to remove any misunderstanding, the Jaipur Government wish to make it known that, though each application will be considered on merits, such associations will normaly be registered if their title is unobjectionable and their constitution provides that there shall be no affiliation with any other political association outside the state.

That no office-holder of the local association shall be also an office-holder of any political association outside the State;

That every member shall affirm his personal loyalty to the ruler of the Jaipur State;

That the association shall undertake to represent aspirations and grievances of the people of the Jaipur State through the proper channels, as they develop from time to time under the constitution established or to be established by His Highness the Maharaja Sahib Bahadur; and that membership shall be restricted to persons domiciled in the Jaipur State."—A. P.

Ban On Prajamandal To Continue Despite Jaipur Communique

JAIPUR, March, 10.

With reference to the Gazette Extraordinary of the Jaipur Government published yesterday announcing that the Durbar is not opposed to the formation of political organisations in the State, enquiries made by the "United Press" show that the announcement is unlikely to be followed by the lifting of the ban on the Prajamandal and the release of the politicals as is generally anticipated by the public here.

The enquiries reveal that the Durbar has no such intention and that the object of the announcement is merely to state their adherence to the principle, although they might not be willing to implement their full implications. The notification, therefore, is unlikely to affect the trend of events in any way and the continuance of the struggle.—United Press.

ARRESTS IN JHUNJHUNU

JNUNJHUNU, March 10

The Secretary Jaipur Praja Mandal writes:—

The following telegram has been received from Jhunjhunu a small town in Shekhavati (Jaipur State).

"A Jatha consisting of Messrs Khemsinghji, Hanuman Prakash Ladhuramji Bhagsaraka, Moridharji Samokha, and Mukutlalji Amarsarka under the leadership of Mr Bholaramji Jangra has been arrested.

Mr. Tamkamurawala Surendrasinghji was also arrested on account of shouting National slogans.

Shrimati Shrinivasa Bagarka garlanded Satyagrahis.

First batch of six women who offered Satyagraha in Jaipur City on 5th March and who are now awaiting their trial at the Central Jail. Ram Devi Deshpande, the leader, is seen seated in the centre.

Governor's Tribute To Sir Chimanlal Setalwad

Bust Unveiled In 'Varsity Convocation Hall

"It is a real pleasure for me to unveil this bust of Sir Chimanlal Setalvad. It is a rare thing in public life for a man to see his own bust set up as a tribute to his work. Such a tribute is only possible when there is a unanimity among his contemporaries and a strong general feeling that such recognition is due," observed Sir Roger Lumley, Governor of Bombay, when he unveiled the marble bust of Sir Chimanlal Setalvad in Convocation Hall of the Bombay University on Friday afternoon.

The bust is a tribute from the members of the High Court Bar and is executed by the renowned Mr. Kamath.

The unveiling ceremony was attended by a distinguished gathering which consisted of Judges, Lawyers. Educationists, Journalists and other eminent citizens.

At the outset, Mr. V. N. Chandavarkar, the Vice-Chancellor, in accepting the bust thanked those who had made the contribution, in suitable terms.

Sir Jamshed Kanga proposed a vote of thanks to the Governor.

The function was rounded off with a garden party.

BOMBAY'S NEW LABOUR COMMISSIONER

The latest "Bombay Government Gazette", contains the following notifications:—

Mr. D. S. Bakhle, I.C.S. on relief, to be on special duty under Mr. J. F. Gennings, Commissioner of Labour, Bombay, and thereafter to officiate, pending further orders, as Commissioner of Labour, Commissioner for Workmen's Compensation and Registrar of Trade Unions, Bombay, vice Mr Gennings proceeding on leave.

Mr. J. W. Smyth, I.C.S., on relief to officiate as Chief Secretary to Government, Political and Services Department, vice Sir Gilbert Wiles, I.C.S., granted 25 days' leave from April 11.

Mr. D. MacLachlan, I.C.S., on return from leave, is appointed to officiate as Commissioner, Central Division, vice Mr. J. W. Smyth, I.C.S. transferred.

Mr. W. R. G. Smith, Commissioner of Police, Bombay, is granted leave on average pay for two months and 17 days followed by leave on half average pay for four months and 10 days with effect from March 18 or the subsequent date of relief.

Rao Bahadur N. V. Trivedi, on relief, to be Deputy Commissioner of Police, Bombay.

Mr. N. P. A. Smith, on relief, to officiate as Commissioner of Police, Bombay, vice Mr. W. R. G. Smith, C.I.E., proceeding on leave.

New Post In Bombay Education Department

A TEMPORARY MEASURE

Thursday's "Bombay Government Gazette" announces the appointment of the Director of Public Instruction as ex-officio Joint Secretary to the Government of Bombay, General and Educational Department. This post has been created as an experimental measure. Mr. W. Crieve is the present Director of Public Instruction.

Upto now there has been a Deputy Secretary to the Educational Department, but it is understood the present Government, has decided to combine the offices of the Director of Public Instruction and the newly created post of Joint Secretary to the Department of Education.

Travancore Government's Reply To State Congress Charges

TRIVANDRUM: March 10.

The Tranvancore Government has issued a press communique in which they deal with the allegations made by the Working Committee of the Travancore State Congress in a resolution adopted this week by the Committee deciding to start civil disobedience on March 25

The Government have examined the allegations and have concluded "The charges are being made and given wide publicity for mere propaganda purposes by men interested in creating dissensions and trouble in the State and to justify the resumption of unlawful activities".—A. P.

NEED OF THE HOUR

Swami Sambuddhanand's Speech At Blavatsky Lodge

"To get an idea of the subject the 'Need of the Hour' it is necessary to survey the economical, social, political, and religious conditions of India", remarked Swami Sambhudanand at a lecture delivered by him at Blavatsky Lodge, Bombay.

The speaker diagnosed the various aspects of Indian life and arrived at the conclusion that for the solution of India's colossal problems the only remedy was universal character-building education without which things would rot in the same rut.

Crowds outside Rashtriyashala at Rajkot when Gandhiji broke his fast.

A SHORT STORY

The Way She Looked

By MEREDITH SCHOLL

Pamela never told Monty she was near-sighted. She knew he would want her to wear glasses and glasses seldom if ever add to the attractive qualities of any female. And she wanted him to continue thinking she was beautiful at all costs.

Sometimes she felt a little guilty about it. There would come a time she knew, when he would have to know. A queer sensation of dread came over her when she thought of what he might do upon learning of her deceit. If he should stop loving her she would have little left to live for.

The summer passed and winter came and Pamela began to notice a change in Monty. At first she thought it was her imagination, but when deliberately he broke a date with her one night she knew that her fears were justified.

Panic beset her. He was losing interest. He no longer loved her. He had tired of her. There was another woman.

Panic gave way to rational thinking. She mustn't let this thing get her down. She was still young. Her life was ahead of her. She must face the facts. Above all, she must never let Monty know how she felt. She must humble herself to him. She must pretend indifference.

It was hard. Monty called her less and less. Obviously his interest had cooled. There were other things on his mind. He was worried. Probably he was trying to think of a way of breaking it off without hurting her. She decided to make things easier for him and for herself.

The following week, Pamela packed her things and went away. Only her mother knew her destination.

Monty called three days after she had gone. Pamela's mother said she had gone to visit friends in a distant city. She didn't name the city. He didn't ask.

A week passed. Two weeks One night a friend of Pamela's named Ogden Drinkwater dropped into a restaurant after a theatre party. He saw Monty sitting alone at a table. He was thinner, haggard. There was a tormented look in his eyes.

Drinkwater sat down at the table with him They passed the time of day. Ogden asked questions. At first Monty wouldn't talk. But finally he poured it all out.

"Love her? Of course I love her! But I've other things to think of. I want my friends to like her, too. I introduce her to them and the next time she sees them she doesn't recognize them, or pretends not to. She snubs them on the streets."

Ogden blew smoke at the ceiling. "You dope! She's near-sighted. She doesn't see your friends, that's why she snubs them. She didn't want to know them. She didn't want you to know because she knew you'd want her to wear glasses, and women with glasses aren't attractive."

The next day Monty called on Pamela's mother. He begged her to tell him where she was. She shook her head. "Pamela's happy. She has a new job. You'd only make her unhappy again."

He pleaded and cajoled and at length she told him Pamela was living in Rollins. She wouldn't tell him her address.

Monty knew some people in Rollins. He took the first train and called on them. But they had never heard of Pamela. They gave him a list of people to see who might know or have heard of her. He spent three days calling on them. None of them could help him.

He spent another three days visiting brokerage offices. Back home Pamela had worked for a broker. But none of them employed a secretary answering her description; none of them remembered a girl who looked like her having applied for a job.

Disheartened, unhappy Monty took a subway train back to his hotel The train was crowded. He stood hanging onto a strap, staring at the blackness beyond the window. A man jostled him. He turned and his glance fell on Pamela. She was sitting three seats away. Suddenly she looked up and straight into his eyes. But no sign of recognition crossed her face. She looked away.

It was impossible to get to her because of the crowd A desperate sense of hopelessness came over him. She had forgotten him! She didn't even recognize him! Perhaps it was because he was thinner, haggard looking. He had to know, had to find out.

More people got on at the next station. He watched her steadily. Twice she met his eyes, as though impelled to do so, but each time looked through and past him. Then suddenly he remembered! She was nearsighted! She couldn't see him well enough for identification!

The train thundered on. Two more stations were reached. Then a third. Pamela gathered up her purse and gloves and moved up the aisle near the door Monty fought his way behind her. He was barely able to get off before the doors closed.

He overtook her, blocked her path. She stopped, looked at him.

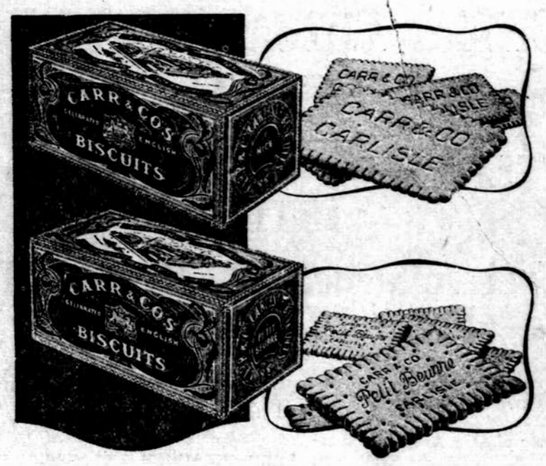
"Monty!"

He smiled. "Yes, it's me. I've been hunting for you everywhere. I—Ogden Drinkwater told me about your eyes." He took hold of her hands. "You know that wouldn't make any difference. You know I love you too much to let a thing like that matter. On the train I was almost frantic. You looked at me and didn't see me. Then I remembered—you couldn't see me."

"Oh, but I could! My eyes aren't that bad, darling. But I couldn't see you well enough to—to know what I know now—now that I can see all there is to be seen in your face."

They looked at each other a minute. Then they smiled. Then folks who were homeward bound and in a hurry stopped and smiled too.

(COPYRIGHT.)



JUST TWO OF THE MANY STANDARD VARIETIES MADE BY

Carr's of Carlisle

UNEXCELLED FOR FLAVOUR and ALWAYS FRESH AND CRISP

CARR & CO. LTD., CARLISLE, ENGLAND

366

Mother! Here's the Friend you often need

The way children knock themselves about, you're simply lost without a reliable antiseptic healer in the house. Keep a tin of Cuticura Ointment by you and you are ready for accidents.

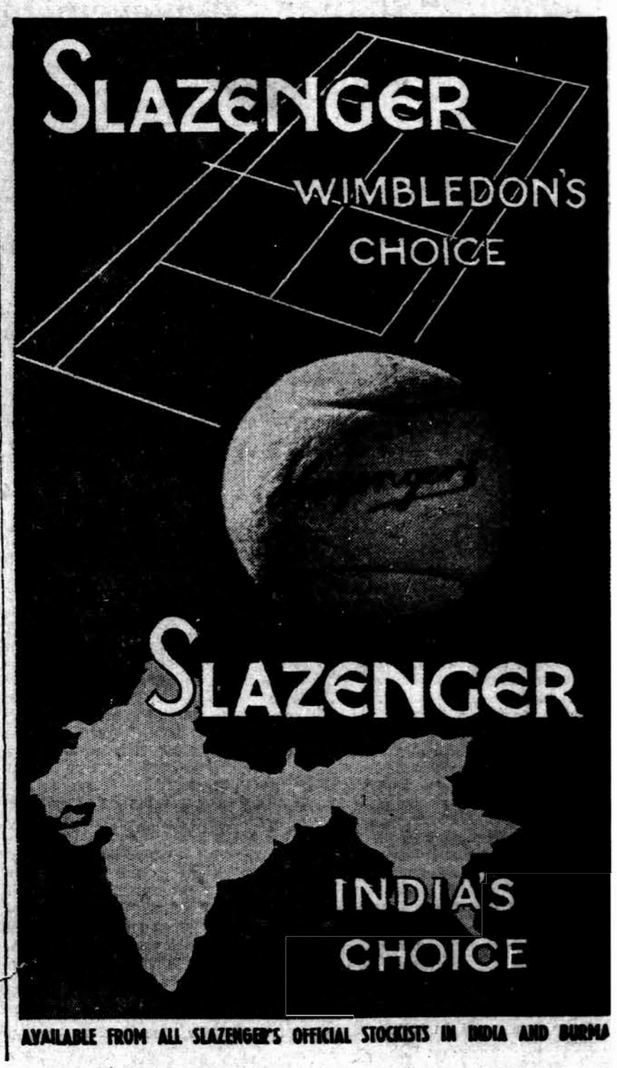
For quick, clean healing, for drawing out soreness and inflammation, use Cuticura Ointment. Apply it to cuts, grazes, scratches and pimples and you need never fear gathering or septic poisoning. To prevent blistering and to cool the fiery pain of scalds and burns Cuticura Ointment is unsurpassed. As a remedy for serious skin troubles the healing power of Cuticura Ointment is magical. It arrests the tormenting itch the moment it touches the skin. Chronic eruptions, that have resisted treatment for years, quickly fade and vanish before the quick action of Cuticura Ointment.

Sample of Cuticura Ointment, Soap and Talcum sent on receipt of 3 annas. Address: Muller & Phipps (India) Ltd., P.O. Box 773, Bombay.

Use Cuticura Ointment to relieve and heal **Dhobi's Itch, Prickly Heat, Itching Eruptions, Ulcers, Boils, Abscesses, Eczema, Pimples, Poisoned Wounds, Cuts, Bites, and all disorders of the Skin and Scalp.**

Sold by all Chemists and Bazars.

Cuticura OINTMENT



AVAILABLE FROM ALL SLAZENGER'S OFFICIAL STOCKISTS IN INDIA AND BURMA

MUTT AND JEFF—Jeff Is Certainly a Bird When It Comes to Cuckoo Clocks By BUD FISHER

SO YOU CONSIDER YOURSELF PRETTY FAST ON THE DRAW, EH?
OH, I'M NOT ONLY FAST ON THE DRAW, I'M A FAST SHOT, TOO!
COO COO
BANG! BANG! BANG! BANG! BANG! BANG!
BOY, AM I FAST—
I HIT THE CUCKOO SIX TIMES AT ONE O'CLOCK!
Fisher

MARCH
OFFERS THESE 4 OFFERS

Half Price FOR ALL "A.P." Products

In view of the annual celebrations of the Amritdhara Pharmacy, it allows 50 % reduction in the prices of all its medicines for all orders posted in the month of March from any post office in the World.

Deposit - money - Advantage

A unique advantage to be availed of in March is that money deposited in March enables you to get this concession on all medicines received by you from time to time until the money exhausts.

3/4 th FOR "Amritdhara" AND ITS Compounds

Even Amritdhara and its compounds will be given on 25 per cent concession during March. Gold Bhasma will also be in this category.

Half Price FOR ALL Books

Books on hygiene and health-knowledge edited by Pt. Thakur-Datta Sharma Vaidya, including Kam Rati Shastra will also be given 50 per cent. concession.

Write for the free Book "Perfect Man" "Amrit" and List of Medicines.

AMRITDHARA
Lahore

HERE'S STRENGTH

vitality and vigour

● Champions are not born—they are made. It is all a matter of health and stamina. Don't be discouraged if you are not at the top in the field. Begin taking Waterbury's Compound now; it will give you the extra stamina needed to become an active sportsman.

Waterbury's Compound banishes fatigue and lack of strength. Its ingredients include pure liver and malt extracts, iron, copper and other minerals that tone up your entire system.

Waterbury's Compound is Nature's tonic for weak and exhausted persons. Take it regularly and it will make you alert, active and vigorous.

WATERBURY'S
COMPOUND .. TO KEEP YOU FIT
Y22

BOXES OF 50 & 100 TABLETS SUFFICIENT FOR 1 and 2 WEEKS

WHY BE VICTIMISED WITH INDIGESTION!

Normo-Gastrine

The wonderful new remedy relieves Indigestion, Flatulence, Distention and Heartburn in less than 20 minutes. Absolutely safe. Recommended by the leading physicians.

Partake of your favourite dishes, parattas, chappattis, purees, luchees, etc., without fear of unpleasant after effects.

Of all pharmacies, dispensaries and dealers.

BURGOYNE'S NORMO-GASTRINE

"Jester Of Assembly" Passes Away

TRIBUTES TO MEMORY OF KABIRUDDIN AHMED

Grigg Complains Of Concerted Attack On Centre By Provincial Ministries

NEW DELHI, March 10.

After lunch, the Assembly adjourned without transacting business till Monday, as a mark of respect to the memory of Mr. Kabiruddin Ahmed who was a member of the Assembly since its very inception. i. e. 1921.

Party leaders paid tributes to the deceased and conveyed sympathy to the breaved family.

The question "hour" in the Assembly lasted only fifteen minutes, and the House thereafter took up discussion of cut motions on the general budget.

The European group opened the discussion with a cut of Rs. 100 in the demand under "Executive Council" to raise a debate on the relationship between Provincial and Central Finances.

Mr. L. C. Buss moving the cut acknowledged that Sir James Grigg's keenest critics could hardly deny that he had been outstandingly successful in achieving his object of providing funds for provincial needs, while at the same time securing a position of stability in his own budgets and placing India's credit high.

Mr. Buss criticised the petrol sales tax and the employment tax and declared that these were issues about which there was a very good case for discussion of a reasonable interpretation of the Government of India Act. It would be a sorry state of affairs if the intransigence of the Provinces over such matters as these should compel the centre, through sheer necessity owing to contracting sources of revenue, to withhold their contributions to the Provincial Exchequers from such funds as they would normally share with the Provinces. "And here let me remind Hon. Member that some of them may themselves shortly be sitting on the Treasury Bench, and unless the situation is put right, it is quite conceivable that it might be their own unhappy lot to curtail or withhold their contribution to the Provincial Exchequers."

The Prohibition programme, said Mr. Buss was the immediate source of the Provinces' difficulties and the incentive to look for supplementary revenue in directions which clashed with the centres interests.

CLASH OF FIELDS OF TAXATION

One Province had already indicated the intention to ask for an advance against its expected share of incometax over a period of years in order to finance the completion of its prohibition programme. Mr. Buss pleaded for a frank and intimate discussion between the financial authorities at the centre and in the Provinces as the best way of achieving a reasonable interpretation of their respective fields of taxation. Such discussion was an immediate need, he said, regardless of the probable or improbable date of Federation. Now was also the time for the Government of India Act to be amended so as to place the issue of taxation fields beyond doubt.

CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY, THE SOLUTION

Mr. Asaf Ali thought that the co-ordination of Central and Provincial financial policies advocated by Mr. Buss was nothing better than tinkering with the problem, for if the intention was to bring about the harmonious growth of political and general relationship between the Centre and the Provinces, the conferences and discussions suggested by the European group should not merely cover the small matter of financial adjustment on the assumption that the central structure would remain unchanged for ever, but should embrace larger issues after the example of Australia. The Conference should really be the nucleus of the Constituent Assembly for which they had been agitating. Otherwise, the loophole disclosed by the C. P. Tax might open out vistas of greater differences of opinion and might become a weapon in the hands of the Provinces to compel the Finance Member to reconsider the whole situation afresh. The Provinces would be perfectly justified in bringing pressure to bear on the Central Government to reconsider the whole financial policy under which twenty or twenty-five crores were being wasted on defence. As for prohibition, it was a moral issue linked with fundamental ideas in the country and it was no use people asking why revenue was being thrown away.

PRESERVE FINANCIAL STABILITY OF CENTRE

Sir James Grigg after stressing the importance of the subject observed that with all Federations, there must be a period during which the respective taxation spheres of the Federation and the units had to be delimited by the Federal Court, and India could not expect to escape this process, which however much it might be represented as a fight between the Centre and the units was a necessary one. The first step in this process was the case in regard to the C. P. Petrol Tax. He had stated in reply to questions in the House that Government were carefully considering the full implications of the judgments in this case, and that it was wise to say as little as possible. That in the main must still be his attitude, though he might remind the House of the observations he made in his budget speech and of the Chief Justice's declaration that there must be mutual accommodation and forbearance as between the conflicting jurisdictions.

As regards the plea for regular conferences of Finance Ministers, the Finance Member said he had already explained his attitude. The first conference of this kind was held in 1938 at his instance. It then discussed this very problem which had now arisen in an acute form in the C. P. Case, of the apparent overlapping of excises and sales taxes. He made certain suggestions which believing as he then did that taxes on sales of individual commodities were not within the provincial sphere, he then thought were fair and generous. Those proposals were not acceptable to the Provincial representatives. But even now, he believed that those proposals were only possible solution of the problem and were completely appropriate even to the changed circumstances.

EMPLOYMENT TAX

The employment tax raised two issues, one, concurrent jurisdiction, and two, special responsibilities for the protection of the rights of services. As there were two questions, it behoved him to be doubly discreet.

ATTACK FROM PROVINCES.

With his preoccupation with the Income-tax Legislation, it was physically impossible to hold a second conference of finance ministers, but there was no reason why the conferences should not be resumed hereafter.

It was however no good holding these conferences, if they were to be used as a means for a concerted attack by the provinces on the centre. They must arise from and result in a genuine attempt at co-operation. The financial solvency and stability of the centre must be preserved at all costs. It might be possible for a long time to have financial stability at the centre without having it in the provinces, but "we cannot even for a short time have financial stability in the provinces without having it in the centre."

Subject to this prime consideration, it was the duty of the centre to do what it could for the provinces, and he claimed that the Government of India had done and were doing this

HELP TO PROVINCES.

In the present budget, there were ten or twelve crores by way of assistance to the provinces. When the Niemeyer Award was drawn up, nobody supposed that the devolution of income-tax would begin for five years, but in point of fact, the devolution started straightaway; and with the passing of the income-tax legislation designed to improve the machinery and structure of income-tax, it would be possible to devolve further sums. The Niemeyer process was a continuous one, but it was not going to help much to issue quasi-ultimate that the military expenditure must be reduced and savings given to the provinces, pay must be cut and double income-tax relief must be abolished and so on. By that means, they would only arrive at friction and non-co-operation, and what was wanted was co-operation to the common end of the amelioration of the condition of the masses of the people. If the object was to destroy not only the transitional constitution but the future federal constitution and force something quite different then all he had said was irrelevant and the outlook for India was not good.

SUBEDAR'S REJOINDER.

Mr. Manu Subedar referred to the process by which the authors of the Government of India Act had cut up a unitary Government in this country in order to accommodate the legalistic ideas involved in the Indian States, and declared that in this respect they had gone further than any other federal system in the world. There were two aspects to the question according to him namely the technical and financial issues between the provinces and the centre and the aspect as to who was who.

The provinces, he asserted constituted the real India, while the irresponsible centre formed the usurpers.

Mr. Abdul Qaiyum, exploiters (Laughter).

The Finance Member, he continued, expected all to come forward and fall in with his idea of co-operation. Sir James liked to play the pater familias or the grandfather, grandfather round whom his grandchildren, the provincial finance ministers, gathered for chocolates, which he would dole out. (Laughter). He had turned down a number of reasonable requests, and he was charged with misadministering the finances of the country. He then asked for co-operation. But the boot was now on the other foot as disclosed by the Federal Court judgment. The Finance Member had made a plea for goodwill, but with the word on his lips there was suspicion and hatred of the provinces in his heart. The plea for goodwill would not fall on deaf ears, if the Finance Member was to abandon some of the political flair for which the "London Times" had complimented him.

Dr. Sir Ziauddin Ahmad pointed out that the victims of the differences between the provinces and the centre was the poor taxpayer

Mr. F. E. James reminded the House that the purpose of the motion was to plead for a reasonable interpretation of the fields of concurrent taxation, for which there was an urgent necessity.

TRIBUTES TO LATE KABIRUDDIN AHMED.

When the Assembly met after lunch, Sir N. N. Sircar, leader of the House, announced the death of Mr. Kabiruddin Ahmed. The sad news, he said, had come as shock to everyone. He remembered having seen Mr Kabiruddin Ahmed at about 12/15 this afternoon in the lobby. Apparently Mr. Kabiruddin went to hospital and suddenly expired.

Mr. Kabiruddin was one of the oldest members of the Assembly having been in the House from the first barring a couple of months absence. He always relieved the tension by one of his inimitable remarks. Sir Nripendra requested the chair to convey to the members of the bereaved family the condolences of the House.

Mr. Asaf Ali on behalf of the Congress Party, Mr. Ghulam Bhik Nairang on behalf of the Muslim League Party, Sardar Sant Singh for Congress Nationalists, Mr. Aikman for the European Group and Mr. N. M. Joshi as an unattached member associated themselves with the tributes.

The President Sir Adur Rahim joined in the expression of grief and in the tribute to Mr. Kabiruddin as a cheerful and kind friend. He adjourned the House as a mark of respect to Mr. Kabiruddin's memory. The Assembly will meet on Monday.—A. P.

PEOPLE LEAVE DHENKANAL

CUTTACK, March 9.

Reports received from Dhenkanal indicate that about forty men and women from the State, some of them carrying babies in their arms, reached Angul after remaining for two days in jungle without food.

Assaults on several villagers are reported from Motunga. It is stated that Bina Singh, one of the assaulted persons, is now undergoing treatment in Angul hospital.—United Press.

ROME,—A message from King George to the Pope expresses great pleasure at his election and offers "warmest good wishes for your health and welfare in the discharge of the great responsibility thus devolving upon you."

8-DAY CLOCKS OF PROVED MERIT

THE "CHICAGO" (as illustrated) 8-day Time model, well-finished West End Quality brass movement, protected lever escapement fitted 11 fine jewels, compensated balance and hairspring, anti-magnetic, all axles and pinions of hardened steel cut from the solid. Close fitting case, dark walnut finish, hardwood fronts and frames screwed together.

THE "CHICAGO" (Hour and ½-Hour strike model). As above, but with pendulum, hour and half-hour strike, sweet toned gongs.

STRONG BRASS MOVEMENTS
HARDWOOD FRONTS & FRAMES
12" DIALS
AXLES & PINIONS HARDENED STEEL
TWO MODELS, EACH IN TWO QUALITIES

The "CHICAGO"
Lever Time Rs. 38
Pendulum—½ hour strike ... Rs. 38

The "CHESTER"
"A" Quality, Lever Time ... Rs. 110
"B" Quality, Lever Time ... Rs. 80

THE "CHESTER" (similar to illustration) "A" Quality, 8-Day Time only, Movement fitted Solid brass plates, English fusee and chain, 12 jewel lever escapement, all axles and pinions of hardened steel cut from the solid, bold metal dial, Teakwood case, screwed and dove-tailed, brass bezel. Will go in any position.

THE "CHESTER", "B" Quality—8-day Time only. Similar to "A" Quality but with going barrel movement.

Send for large FREE Catalogue

WEST END WATCH Co
BOMBAY CALCUTTA

For Extra Energy
EAT MORE
SUGAR
But be sure it's INDIAN SUGAR

Sugar provides boundless energy and vitality. When you are feeling tired sugar will restore your strength almost immediately. Take an extra spoonful in your tea.

INDIAN SUGAR SYNDICATE LIMITED
8.5

ASTHMA CURED

This is the verdict of thousands of grateful patients who recommend HAU-MAS-BRO to their friends. It is not an old quack but a new cure, produced by systematic study of a series of specific cases of ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, etc. The symptoms and their origin have been studied and treated with the latest approved medicines scientifically adjusted in HAU-MAS-BRO for general administration. The first dose quickly relieves and further administration eventually removes the root-cause of all symptoms.

A few doses will cure such common complaints as COUGH, CATARRH, INFLUENZA, COLD IN THE HEAD, HAY FEVER, SORE THROAT, WHEEZING, etc. It contains no dangerous drugs and may be taken by the most sensitive.

Useful literature free on request.

HAU—MAS—BRO
(IN TWO SIZES)

ARMY & NAVY STORES, LTD.,
and Branches and all up-to-date Chemists and Stores, etc.
Distributors: P. M. ZAVERI & CO., Princess St., Bombay.
(Trade enquiries invited).
Agents: —Frugtneit & Co., 6. Stephen House, Dalhousie Square, (B.C.), Calcutta, from whom a sample outfit may be had for 6 annas in stamps to cover packing, postage, etc.)

Film Fare For The Week

Robert Taylor and Wallace Beery in "Stand Up And Fight" at Metro.

A spectacular scene from the German film "The Duke And The Dancer" at Capitol.

Francisca, Gaal, Bing Crosby and Shirley Ross in "Paris Honeymoon," at Eros.

"DAWN PATROL", ANOTHER WEEK AT EXCELSIOR

"The Dawn Patrol," Warner Bros. thrilling Wartime aviation film which has been playing to capacity audiences since it opened at the Excelsior Theatre, will be held over for a second week, the management announces.

Starring Errol Flynn, with David Niven, Basil Rathbone, Donald Crisp, and Melville Cooper heading the supporting all-male cast, the picture hits a new high in thrilling film fare. The story revolves about the 59th Squadron of the Royal Flying Corps, a small group of daring aviators whose lifetime in the air is about four and a half hours. Each dawn, some of these men go out on petrol duty, and about half of them return. With their nerves under this constant ordeal their philosophy of life is "Eat drink and be merry, for tomorrow we die."

Hailed by the critics as one of the year's outstanding aviation film productions, "The Dawn Patrol" was adapted by Seton I. Miller and Dan Totheroh from the original story by John Monk Saunders and directed by Edmund Goulding.

BELGIAN INDUSTRIES ON THE SCREEN

Under the auspices of the Belgian Consulate General of Bombay a cinema show was held at the St. Xavier College Theatre Cruikshank Road, on Thursday, evening. Mr. R. H. Gerard, His Belgian Majesty's Counsul was present.

Talkie films of a few selected Belgian Industries, such as cotton, linen, wollen, leather art, furniture, railway material were exhibited.

The show proved a great success inasmuch as it gave the guests an insight of the working conditions of the various aspects of the several Belgian industries.

"IN OLD CHICAGO" REVIVED AT PALACE

"In Old Chicago" is the current attraction at The Palace this week. The leading roles are played by admirable played by Alice Faye, Tyrone Power, and Don Ameche, whilst the supporting cast includes Alice Brady, Brian Donlevy and Andy Devine.

EXTRA MORNING SHOW

Stan Laurel and Oliver Hardy will be seen at The Palace in several of their selected comic-cuts during the extra morning show on this Sunday.

"SUEZ" HELD ANOTHER WEEK AT REGAL

"Suez", the spectacular 20th Century-Fox film will be continued this week at the Regal.

It is truly a remarkable picture—in spectacle, emotional experience and sheer entertainment. It is said that into its production Darryl F. Zanuck has poured all his skill and 20th Century-Fox's resources—and "Suez" looks it.

The story is of heroic proportions. It tells of the amazing Ferdinand de Lesseps, who dreamed of creating the short route to the East, sought vainly by Columbus and Magellan, by tearing continents apart and joining the Mediterranean with the Red Sea.

The great canal he built has become the vein of the shipping world.

Lionel Barrymore in "The Great Man Votes," next week at Excelsior.

Out of choking sand, in the face of the terrifying Sahara simoon—with blood, tears and passion de Lesseps built his canal to realise the dream men scoffed at.

Tyrone Power plays the central character, with Loretta Young looking glamorous as usual and Annabella stirringly appealing in the feminine leads.

(Continued from Col. 7.)

suffer if they take part in the film.

Only players with no such relatives or with very vehement convictions are agreeing to appear in this drama of the recent exposure of the Nazi spy ring in America.

Edward G. Robinson, as you know, asked to star in it. There is still a strong possibility that the leading lady may be Marlene Dietrich. Francis Lederer, a Czech and well-known pacifist, will probably have the third big part.

Bing Crosby Back Again!

"Paris Honeymoon," Amusing Comedy At Eros Theatre

Bing Crosby is back again. Unchallenged monarch of croon, and certainly one of the motion picture favourites, Bing comes to the Eros Theatre, in his latest offering, "Paris Honeymoon."

Bing does a straight acting job in the picture, without depending upon his lyric genius too much—although he does sing some new tunes. Shirley Ross, with whom Bing has already appeared in "Waikiki Wedding," and who has won acclaim for her recent performances in "The Big Broadcast of 1938" and "Thanks for the Memory," is with him again!

Charming little Franciska Gaal, whom you will remember as the little Dutch girl in "The Buccaneer," is on hand again in a sweet little comedy role which will carry her right into your hearts. Also there are four good tunes "I Have Eyes," "The Funny Old Hills," "You're A Sweet Little Headache" and "Joobalai."

And there's Akim Tamiroff, who has impressed us in the past with his character portrayals. We have seen him as a pirate king, as a gang leader, as a Cossack, and in many other roles. It has remained for "Paris Honeymoon" to reveal him as a master of high comedy—and from where we're sitting it looks like we've got a new and great comedian in the making! Then there's Edward Everett Horton, who delivers his usually highly satisfactory performance as a gentleman's (Bin'gs) gentleman, and Ben Blue, in a comedy role.

"Paris Honeymoon" is the Odyssey of a young American millionaire, played by Bing, head over heels in love with a gay divorcee, played by Miss Ross—until he meets a little peasant girl, Miss Gaal, who falls in love with him. It happens in Paris and in an ancient castle in a principality still unknown to Messrs. Rand and McNally, called "Pushtalnick," where Tamiroff is not only mayor, but chief real estate operator, owner of the local caravansary and dealer in political offices. He, also, is in love with Miss Gaal.

PHALKE PURSE FUND COMMITTEE

Prabhat Opens Purse Fund With Princely Donation

The Phalke Purse Fund Committee has issued a country-wide appeal to every one in the film industry to contribute to the Purse Fund and help Dadasaheb Phalke, the founder of the Indian film industry.

The following donations have been already received:—

	Rs.
Prabhat Film Company	1,000-0-0
Mohan Cinema, Baroda	51-0-0
Newtan Talkies, Porbunder	25-0-0
Regal Cinema, Dharwar	10-0-0
Bhagwat Chitra Mandir	25-0-0
Krishna Cinema, Akola	25-0-0
Famous Picture, Bhusawal	71-0-0
Royal Talkies, Larkana	10-0-0
	1,217-0-0

German Film At Capitol

The Duke And The Dancer

(BY OUR FILM CRITIC).

"The Duke and the Dancer," the first German film to be released in India in many years, is seen this week at the Capitol.

Both dramatically and pictorially, it is a notable production. The ballet scenes have been photographed with superb craftsmanship. Indeed, they constitute the chief attraction of the film. For those fond of European ballet, this film provides a very welcome opportunity.

Lillian Harvey, as Fanny Elssler, the Viennese dancer, acts with a sensitive grace and dances divinely. Rolf Moebius as the Duke of Reichstadt, the son of Napoleon, is rather timid, but Paul Hoffmann as Matternich and Willy Birgel as Gentz 'put over' competent performances.

The montage work in the film is superb and should be of special interest to our Indian cine technicians.

Two monsters: Bela (Dracula) Lugosi and Boris Karloff in "Son of Frankenstein," next week at Eros.

SENTIMENTAL APPEAL

The story concerns the Duke of Reichstadt, Napoleon's only son and grandson of the Austrian Emperor, kept under strict supervision in Vienna by Count Matternich, who wants to keep the young Duke away from politics. A romantic attachment develops between the Duke and Fanny Elssler, the dancer. Diplomatic intrigue is interwoven with youthful romance. Fanny and the Duke both go to Paris under dramatic circumstances, but events take a tragic turn when on his way back the Duke catches a mortal disease and dies, leaving Fanny heart-broken. It is doubtful how much of it is history, but it is certainly has sentimental appeal as a romantic melodrama.

The English sub-titles make it possible for the film to be followed without difficulty.

DISTRIBUTORS' ASSURANCE

We are glad to hear from Messrs. Semple and Co., the Bombay agents of Continental Pictures, that they shall not release any German pictures whose object is political propaganda. The release of the film: "History of the World Crisis" has been postponed.

K.A.A.

Two-Fisted Taylor!

Handsome Star Teamed Will Wallace Beery, At Metro

The two-fisted Western comes into its own in a new locale in "Stand Up and Fight," with Wallace Beery and Robert Taylor teamed for the first time.

The picture, current at the Metro, presents to filmgoers western Maryland (U.S.A.) in the 1850's with the bitter struggle between the railroad and sage coach lines forming the theme of a stirring story which combines all the elements of the always-popular Westerns with an authentic historical background.

Moving at breathless pace, with hand-to-hand battles, gun fights, wagon wrecks jail dynamitings and saloon brawls studding the action, "Stand up and Fight" lives up to the vigorous connotation of its title. Beery and Taylor are in fine fettle, Beery typical in a made-to-order role as the hardboiled manager of the stage coach line, and Taylor trying to combine the romantic and the two-fisted.

A new leading lady for Taylor, Florence Rice, proves herself once and for all a most charming and able actress in this, her finest opportunity to date.

Children and those who like these entertainment spiced with incredible fight seems will relish this film. Romantic girls can go and have a look at handsome Taylor. The more sophisticated and discriminating cine-goers had better keep away.

CHINA-SPAIN FILMS

Successful Exhibition In Dehra Dun

(From Our Correspondent)

DEHRA DUN, (By Mail).

The China Aid Progressive Film Committee, Dehra Dun under the presidentship of Rai Bahadur Ugra Sen, gave a very successful exhibition of China-Spain films at the Elite Cinema recently. The films have been imported from abroad and are being shown all over the country with a view to collecting funds for the Congress Ambulance Unit in China and enlisting the sympathies of our people against imperialist and fascist war-mongers.

All the local schools and colleges co-operated and sent their students in large numbers. Some 300 Gurkha troops and members of the local police force, also attended the shows. Altogether some 2,500 people saw the films and many had to be turned away for lack of space. People actually came from surrounding villages to see the films.

The Committee has been able to collect Rs. 981-10-9 which it is forwarding to the Central China Aid Progressive Film Committee Bombay, for disbursement.

"THE DUKE OF WEST POINT"

Story Of American Cadets At Empire

With Joan Fontaine portraying the leading lady, and with Louis Hayward, Richard Carlson, Tom Brown and Alan Curtis appearing as the four important males in the story the adventures and romances of cadets enrolled at the United States Military Academy are humorously and dramatically unfolded in Edward Small's "The Duke of West Point," which is shown this week at Empire.

As the story opens, Steve Early arrives from England, where he has been spectacularly successful on the Cambridge Varsity Rugby Team, to start life as a West Point Cadet. Accustomed to a goodly amount of pampering by his wealthy parents and society friends, Steve is "meat" for the yearling corporals who proceed to make his life thoroughly miserable and to take him down several pegs. How Steve, along with the other plebes, go from one mis-adventure to another, weathering storms and heartbreak until the thrilling climax, when West Point plays its annual ice hockey game with the Royal Military College of Canada, is told in a series of fast-moving, poignant scenes.

Basil Rathbone in "Dawn Patrol," held for Second week at Excelsior.

It is the usual kind of boost for America's national military colleges with a certain amount of entertainment value.

Jeanette MacDonald At Broadway

"THE FIRE FLY"

"The Firefly" revived to-night at The Broadway, Dadar, is the combination of music and drama. Jeanette MacDonald appears in her seventeenth musical triumph and it is unmistakably one of her finest. Allan Jones emerges as a star in his own right.

ARE THE ACTORS AFRAID?

Nineteen Refuse To Play Role Of Hitler

The following letter from a correspondent appears in the New York Times:—

"I was amused but somewhat amazed upon reading a story in to-day's "New York Times". It told of nineteen actors living in Hollywood who had refused to play the part of Adolf Hitler in a film production, fearing "reprisals" or thinking the part would "endanger their future on the screen."

"I have always looked upon actors as artists, bold, courageous fellows, ever ready and willing to play any part that by nature they were fitted to play when the salary was adequate and the role appealing. To discover suddenly they are timid fellows, after all, is indeed disillusioning. Is it possible that the sunny and more or less enervating climate of California may have weakened the fiber of these nineteen mummers?

"Foreign newspaper correspondents take their lives in their hands and suffer all sorts of hardships in endeavouring to let the world know what new tricks certain rulers were up to. They have even bearded the lions in their dens. So it is saddening to learn that the actor, so far removed from the danger zones, living snug and safe in his Hollywood bungalow, should display less courage than they. Let us try to believe that these nineteen thespians have simply succumbed to the languorous climate of sunny California for the time being, and hope that when they return East to find that some playwright has written Hitler into a play, the bracing Eastern airs will sufficiently restore their vigour and courage to such an extent that each and every one of them will go after the part."

NO THREATS.

In this connection the following from "Film Weekly" will be read with interest:—

For months people have accused the producers of being cowardly about putting politics in pictures. Now that Warners have decided to be bold and film "Confessions of a Nazi Spy" they've found actors can be scared, too.

Various players approached with offers of parts in the picture have managed to be otherwise engaged. Director Anatole Litvak has gone off to New York to spy out some new actors to take the parts.

Warners flatly deny any knowledge of any possible thereate that might have been made to actors who were planning to take part. But fear is supposed to be the explanation.

WILL MARLENE AGREE?

Most of the parts call for foreign accents. Some of the players approached have relatives in Germany. It is thought that they are afraid those relatives may

(Continued in Col. 2)

Tyrone Power and Annabella in a storm scene from "Suez," second week at Regal.

Louis Hayward and Joan Fontaine in "The Duke Of West Point" at New Empire.

WAR DECLARED

WHERE IN EUROPE?
No! Please!!
BETWEEN WHOM?
BRITAIN & GERMANY?
FRANCE & ITALY?
JAPAN & RUSSIA?

No! Sir, No!

IT IS A WAR STARTED
Between
VIRTUE & VICE
in
VISHNU'S MIGHTY
MUSLIM MASTERPIECE:

Payam-E-Haq
(or MESSAGE of VIRTUE)

Starring: ANIL KUMAR, ASHIQ HUSEIN, ASHRAF KHAN, NOOR JEHAN

Inaugurated By:
Hon. Mr. M. Y. NURIE,
Minister to Bombay Government

and Highly Applauded by Numerous Well-known Leaders of HINDU & MUSLIM COMMUNITIES

Director: DHIRUBHAI DESAI

RESERVE your seats in ADVANCE

Saturday & Sunday: 2-15, 4-45, 7-30 & 10 p.m.
DAILY: 4-45, 7-30 & 10 P.M.

AT
LAMINGTON & EDWARD

The Laws of Society Stood between them

THE STORY IS NOT OLD
—NOR IS IT NEW
—IT'S ETERNAL!

THE TALE OF THE OPPRESSED
—THE WOES OF THE VICTIM
But this tale will make you actually FEEL how they F E E L !

F I L M CORPORATION'S
'TUMHARI JEET'
(The Rise)

A Superb Cast—Lilting Songs!
—: IMPRESSIVE ACTIONS:—

Starring: CHHAYA DEVI, MUZAMMIL, RAMOLA DEVI, DEV BALA, NATWAR, NAND KISHORE, R. P. KAPOOR, MADHAV SHUKLA.

Distributors.....

THRILLS GALORE!
2ND Glorious Week —IT'S THUNDERING SOCIAL STUNT THRILLER from REX PICTURES!
THE
SECRET-FIVE
ALIAS
"PUCCA BADMASH"
Starring: VATSALA KUMTEKAR, JAL MERCHANT, MARUTI PAHELWAN and BHIMA.
DAILY: 4-30, 7-15 & 10 P.M.
Fri., Sat., Sun. & Holidays at 2 p.m.
THE GLOBE
SANDHURST ROAD
Also see the Topical of Mahatma GANDHI meeting Frontier GANDHI at N.-W. F.

GLORIOUS SECOND WEEK
PRAKASH PICTURES
SENSATIONAL CRIME THRILLER
HERO NO. 1
BALVANT BHATT PRODUCTION
Linked and Loved by All
SEE TO-NIGHT AT
SUPER
DAILY: 4-45, 7-30 & 10 P.M.
SAT. & SUNDAY AT 2 P.M.

52 Richly Caparisoned Elephants Draw Presidential Chariot

SUBHAS PREVENTED FROM PARTICIPATING IN PROCESSION

Tens Of Thousands Of Onlookers See Sight Of Their Life

TRIPURI, March 10.

Tripuri had the distinction of staging the most spectacular and colossal procession in Congress history.

Tens of thousands of people witnessed the spectacle of 52 richly caparisoned elephants marching in single file ahead of the Presidential chariot to form what must have been to them the grandest sight in spectacular demonstration.

ILL-HEALTH PREVENTED THE PRESIDENT FROM TAKING HIS PLACE IN THE PROCESSION AND SO A LARGE PHOTOGRAPH OF HIS ADORNED THE CHARIOT. ON ONE SIDE OF THE PICTURE SAT SETH GOVIND DAS, CHAIRMAN OF THE RECEPTION COMMITTEE, WHO, WITH HIS INDEFATIGABLE COLLEAGUES, GAVE VISHNU DUTT NAGAR TO CONGRESS.

The procession started at about 9-30 four miles from the Nagar.

SINCE EARLY MORNING WINDING FOOTPATHS IN THE HILLS ALL AROUND WERE SPOTTED WITH HUNDREDS OF VILLAGERS, MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN, ALL MOVING TOWARDS THE ROUTE OF THE PROCESSION TO SEE WHAT MUST HAVE BEEN TO MANY OF THEM THE SIGHT OF THEIR LIFE.

Large crowds had gathered on the banks of the Nurbuda to watch the elephants being bathed before being brought to the procession.

The wooded hills through which the road winds its way towards the Congress Nagar provided cool spots or rocky promontories for the spectators to have a full view of the procession. And where nature was not kind to him the peasant relied on his sense to pitch tent with his staff for its people and his 'chaddar' for its canvass. And so all was ready at 9-30 a.m. for the most gigantic spectacle.

The procession had been scheduled for 8 a.m. but the organisers had counted without the elephants which took some time to be dressed up for the occasion. The aristocrats among them had silver howdahs on their backs. The lesser were content with simple but artistic paintings while the more "politically minded" among them had a simple tricolour painted on their forehead Then elephants have their whims and a young one—a girl be it said—was shy and could not agree to parade herself to the gaze of all and sundry and so the mahaut had a lot of argument before he could persuade her to fall in or at least leave the way clear for the others. Finally the procession started. A thunderous band set the echoes resounding in the valleys between the hills. Pipers followed sending their shrill notes far into the country. Three contingents of smartly dressed volunteers marching to time, followed by Deshsevikas in saffron sarees and green tunics came next and then the elephants. The tallest among them led and carried a photo of the president of the first session of the Indian National Congress the late Mr. W. C Bonnerjeea.

Photos of subsequent presidents were borne by the other elephants. With their bells clinging the elephants slowly but majestically marched through the route lined by volunteers as crowds on either side raised thunderous cheers. Two young tuskers hauled the wooden chariot which was simple but beautiful.

Boy scouts brought up the rear while eager crowds wanting to see more of the procession swelled in an ever-increasing stream behind the scouts.

The Nagar seemed to have emptied itself out to receive the procession. Dense crowds packed the open space at the entrance while the hill side on right was literally piled up with men and women. Amidst memorable scenes the great procession ended outside the main gate.

The elephants and volunteers marched with their bands through Nagar while crowd wended its way to Janda Chowk where Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru unfurled tri-colour flag.—A.P.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel leaving the President's camp after visiting Subhas Babu on Wednesday.

Which is the longest word in the English language?
SMILES
Because there is a MILE between the first and the last letter.....
YOU
will definitely
WALK A MILE
TO SEE
The Bewitching SMILE of
HANSA
in BOMBAY TALKIES' Forthcoming Release:
NAV-JEEVAN
Supported By:—
MUMTAZ ALI
SAROJ BORKAR
V. H. DESAI
P. F. PITHAWALA
RAI MOHAN
WITH
RAMA SHUKUL
The YOUTH from U. P. who played with great distinction in "BHABI."
All-India Premiere On
25th MARCH
"The RENDEZVOUS of the ELITE"
ROXY

प्रभात चित्र
PRABHAT
IS HAPPY TO ANNOUNCE
"VASANT SENA"
(MRICHCHHAKATIKA)
Among their forthcoming productions

FIVE THOUSAND YEARS OF TRADITION FOOLED HER—
BUT THE MOMENT SHE KNEW IT, SHE ROVOLTED

BABY VIMAL
SALVI, MEENAKSHI
DAMUANNA
MALVANKAR
INDIRA WADKAR
BABURAO PENDHARKAR
Written by: KHANDEKAR.
Directed by: WINAYAK.
Photographed by:—
PANDURANG NAIK.
Hear 'DEVATA' Songs on H. M. V. Records!
HUNS PICTURES' RUTHLESS REVELATION OF WOMAN'S PLACE IN HINDU SOCIETY
DEVATA
FIFTH WEEK AT
WEST-END
DAILY: 4-30, 7-15 & 10 P.M
HOLIDAY MATINEES AT 1-45
A "SUPREME" RELEASE!

BIG KISAN RALLY

(From Our Correspondent)

TRIPURI, March 9.

About 500 Kisans and Kisan workers headed by Mr. Indulal Yagnik, Jt. Secretary, A.I.K.S., P. D. Marathe, Secretary, C. P. Kisan Committee and Sardar Baghwan Singh a leader of the Punjab Kisan Committee, marched from Vishnu Dutt Nagar, last evening to join the Kisans who had arrived from all parts of Jubbalpore and other adjoining districts at Guar Ghat situated about 6 miles away from Tripuri. When they arrived there they found thousands of Kisans seated there.

Swami Sahajanand Saraswati, President, A.I.K.S. arrived at the rally at about 8 p.m. Swamiji made an impassioned speech denouncing the high-handedness of the Malguzars, Sahukars and the Sircars. He exhorted the Kisans to assert their rights to their lands which truly belonged to them. In conclusion Swamiji asked them to organise themselves.

Mr. Haldulkar, the Secretary of the Chindwada Kisan Sabha then read out the following demands of the Kisans:—

To-morrow the Kisans will march to Tripuri to present their demand to the Congress President.

Only MEN Rush
To See **'LADIES ONLY'**
Leaving the Ladies at Home!

?
WHY

Because 3 GIRLS
From 3 PROVINCES
Make Them Feel YOUNGER
AND MORE LIKE MEN

This girl from the **PUNJAB** asks for *"Shami Kabab"* and sings when she craves for Romance—

This girl from **BENGAL** thirsts for *"Rossogollas"*. The only affectionate memory of her land—

And this one from **GUJRAT** lives on *Milk & Vegetables* to offer Passive Resistance to the call of youth—

AND ALL THIS "DIET OF ROMANCE" IS MERELY TO CATCH THE EYE OF THIS YOUTH

Who forgets for the moment that he is Married—till his 14 stone Better Half comes on the scene—

THE MAD – RIOTOUS – ROMANCE OF HEARTS THAT CRAVE – BUT TREMBLE TO CATCH
SABITA DEVI IN SAGAR'S
"LADIES ONLY"
India's First Crazy Comedy
Starring: SURENDRA, BIBBO, PRABHA, B. ADVANI, HARISH & OTHERS
Direction: S. BADAMI
NOW IN FOURTH WEEK AT
PATHE
Daily 4-15, 7-15, 10 p.m.
On Saturday, Sunday & Holiday Matinee at 1-30 p.m.

Subects Committee Carries Pt. Pant's Resolution

Jawahar Votes For Jaiprakash's Amendment; Working Committee Members Remain Neutral

TRIPURI, March 10.

SJT. ACHYUT PATWARDHAN'S AMENDMENT WAS REJECTED BY THE HOUSE BY 207 VOTES TO 130.

Sjt. Roy's Amendment

SJT. M. N. ROY'S AMENDMENT WAS ALSO REJECTED, MR. ROY SECURING 38 VOTES.

Sjt. Bihari's Amendment

SJT. NOORUDDIN BIHARI'S AMENDMENT WAS ALSO REJECTED BY 231 VOTES TO 52.

Sjt. Nariman's Amendment

SJT. K. F. NARIMAN'S AMENDMENT WAS REJECTED BY 209 VOTES TO 128.

Sjt. Jai Prakash Narain's Amendment

THE FIRST PART OF SJT. JAI PRAKASH NARAIN'S AMENDMENT WAS REJECTED BY 208 VOTES TO 127.

Sjt. Bharadwaj's Amendment

SJT. BHARADWAJ'S AMENDMENT WAS REJECTED BY 214 VOTES TO 127.

All other amendments were rejected by an overwhelming majority.

13 Do Not Vote

THE THIRTEEN MEMBERS OF THE CONGRESS WORKING COMMITTEE DID NOT PARTICIPATE IN THE VOTING.

PANDIT JAWAHARLAL NEHRU VOTED FOR ONE OF THE AMENDMENTS OF MR. JAI PRAKASH NARAIN.

PROCEEDINGS IN DETAIL

TRIPURI, March 10.

At 1-50 p.m. Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose announced in the Subjects Committee that the President Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose regretted very much that following the strain of yesterday's proceedings he was not fit to attend the meeting to-day. Mr. Bose's doctors had advised him to take two hours' rest and he hoped to be able to attend the open session at 5-30 p.m. but this was problematical and would depend on the condition of his health.

MAHATMA'S MESSAGE

Mr. Sarat Bose added that Mr. Subhas Bose also asked him to read out the telegram received by him from Mahatma Gandhi, which read:

"It will be first class blunder if resolution is not taken to rid Congress of internal corruption. Power to be given to the A.-I. C.C. to make required changes in constitution without necessity of their being submitted to Congress. Keeping well.—Bapu."

Mr. Sarat Bose added that the President wholeheartedly endorsed Mahatma Gandhi's view.

Mr. Satyamurti then proposed the name of Maulana Abul Kalam Azad to take the Chair.

Pt. Govind Ballabh Pant replying to the debate on his resolution said that he moved the resolution in order to secure co-operation among all sections of the Congress and to remove the difficulty in their way.

He was sorry that the resolution was not considered in that light and that there had been unnecessary bitterness in some of the speeches. He could not see his way to accept any of the amendments to the resolution as the resolution contained the minimum that was essential to attain the object in view.

IT WAS WRONG TO CONSIDER THAT IT WAS A VOTE OF CENSURE AGAINST THE PRESIDENT. IT WOULD BE MEAN TO BRING IT IN AN INDIRECT MANNER. THE ONLY OBJECT WAS TO SECURE THE GUIDANCE OF MAHATMA GANDHI, WHO HAD MADE UP HIS MIND TO KEEP OUT OF THE CONGRESS.

REPLY TO M. N. ROY

It was meant to create the same kind of atmosphere that had existed for the last so many years. He dismissed the amendment moved by Mr. M. N. Roy as it would reduce the Congress to a body without any fixed policy or programme. He was glad to find that all were agreed in their confidence in the old Working Committee. If they were genuine about it he could not understand their hesitation to subscribe to a mere expression of regret on the aspersions which were undoubtedly caused against the members.

"ASPERSIONS" ISSUE

The resolution did not say as to who cast aspersions but Mr. Bose's statement said that it was the general belief in the country and when it was so, how was it possible for them to keep quiet about it?

"Is that the price that you are going to give to your leaders, who have grown grey in the service of the motherland and that when they are attacked so wildly you are not going to express regret? It is our duty to declare to the world that these allegations are baseless and we do not believe them nor can we tolerate them."

SUBHAS' STATEMENT

Proceeding, Pt. Pant said that he did not consider that the statement made by the President was sufficient to clear the situation. He had himself in one of his statements said that as public men, they could not ignore what the people said. It was precisely for that reason that they had to take notice of what was said to be the general belief among the public about the attitude of their leaders on the Federation issue. Unless that position was cleared it was not possible to get their co-operation and maintain the same prestige of the Congress so far enjoyed. If they did not do that it would be impossible to progress any further. He fully agreed that they wanted an united front, but he did not understand how expressing regret for various charges against their leaders, came in the way of presenting an United Front. It was not true to say that it was a personal affair and that it should be settled among the leaders themselves. The repeated reference to the general belief among the public required a clear verdict by the Congress of its full confidence in leaders. It was also wrong to say that they were vindictive. Whether these leaders were called Rightists or Leftists, they were second to none in service and sacrifice for the country and their integrity of character was such that their position in the Congress was unassailable. The resolution was needed, because he wanted their services and the guidance of Mahatma Gandhi.

SARDAR'S TELEGRAM TO SARAT

Referring to the charge that Sardar Patel had made a statement that Mr. Subhas Bose's re-election would be harmful to the country, Pt. Pant said that it was not a public statement but was mentioned in the course of a telegraphic correspondence with Mr. Sarat Bose, which the Sardar consented to publish only on Mr. Sarat Bose's request and because he felt that if he (Sardar) objected to its publication, it would be misunderstood as an attempt to hamper Mr. Bose's election campaign.

It was always open to any one to hold the opinion that a particular thing would be harmful to the interests of the country and there was no personal reflection in what the Sardar said in his telegram.

Concluding, Pt. Pant said that it was not true to suggest that they did not want Mr. Subhas Bose as the President of the Congress. Whatever might have been their feelings before the election, once he was elected they wanted him to be there, but they also wanted that he should be useful to the country.

That could be done only by securing for him the fullest co-operation of Gandhiji, which it had been their privilege to have enjoyed for the last so many years. He felt that passing the resolution, they could bring back Gandhiji once more into the Congress.

After Pandit Pant's speech, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad requested the visitors, who had come in despite the President's request yesterday, to leave the pandal so as to facilitate the counting of votes.

JAWAHAR AND PRESS

A suggestion was made that the Press representatives, who numbered about 200, should also be asked to retire to the tea room adjoining the pandal, where the results would be communicated to them. Thereupon, some Press representatives protested against the procedure and there was some confusion. While the subject was being discussed with Maulana Azad by certain Press representatives, Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru was seen right in the midst of the Press enclosure arguing with one of the Press representatives. Feelings ran high and a number of Press representatives were gathered round Pt. Nehru engaged in a heated argument. Volunteers rushed to the scene and ultimately restored order.

Meanwhile, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad announced that he had no objection to Press representatives remaining in the pandal, provided they did not mix with the members of the Subjects Committee.

ADVICE TO PRESS

Pandit Nehru coming to dais made a statement in the course of which he said that a particular journalist from Allahabad whom he knew had used disparaging language against Maulana Abul Kalam Azad and had declared that he would not leave the hall whatever might be the President's orders. Pandit Nehru said that he had asked the journalist in question to withdraw his word and express regret, but that also he refused to do. He was, therefore, asked to surrender his ticket. He lay on the ground and refused to leave the place. Volunteers were, therefore, asked to remove him from the hall. Pandit Nehru added that they always wanted the co-operation of the Press and had themselves co-operated with the Press, but it was found that many people who did not represent news agencies or genuine newspapers, somehow managed to secure tickets for the Press Gallery, and it was unfortunate that some of them abused their privilege. It was for responsible representatives of the Press to see that such abuses were stopped.

Thereafter, voting on the amendments and the resolution took place.

FATE OF AMENDMENTS

Mr. M. N. Roy's amendment was lost by a large majority, only about 38 members voting for it. The second amendment by Maulvi Nukddin was rejected by about 230 to 52 votes.

The third amendment, which had been regarded as the most important moved by Mr. Achut Patwardhan seeking the deletion of the portion in the resolution rejating to aspersions was then put to vote in a tense atmosphere. Leaders on the dais were seen watching the arms go up among the members while on the dais only those who were not members of the old Working Committee took part in the voting. "Hundred and thirty votes for the amendment and 207 votes against" Maulana Azad announced the result amidst acclamation. Those who voted for the amendment on the dais included Mr. M. S. Aney and Mr. S. Srinivasa Iyengar while among those who voted against it were Pandit Pant, Mr. C. Rajagopalachari, Seth Govind Das, Mr. T. Prakasam and Dr. Subbaroyan.

There was a relaxation of the tension after this and Sardar Sardul Singh's amendment and that of Lala Dunichand were declared lost by large majorities. Next came the two amendments by Mr. Jaiprakash Narain, also regarded as important and counting on both showed more or less the same proportion as on Mr. Achut Patwardhan's amendment. The first was lost by 208 votes to 127 and the second by 210 votes to 128. By this time it was clear that the voting on the resolution would indicate the same majority for Pandit Pant.

Mr. Nariman's and Mr. Baradhwaj's amendments were one after another rejected by the same majority as the earlier amendments had shown and the House proceeded to vote on the main resolution.

RUSH FOR RESULT

At this time the crowd outside the pandal, which were being kept at a distance from the gates by the volunteers made a rush and it was with great difficulty that the volunteers could avoid their rushing in. The declaration of the result was received with loud applause when Maulana Azad announced that the resolution as amended by Mr. Thirumal Rao substituting "Congress" instead of "A. I. C." in the text of the resolution, had been carried by 218 votes to 135.

AZAD SPEAKS IN ENGLISH

An interesting fact which was commented upon among the members was that while declaring the result, Maulana Azad was heard to speak in English for the first time. Many members, who could not understand Hindi, wanted the result to be made known in English and the Maulana, who is perhaps the only speaker who has been avoiding the use of one single English word in his speeches, announced the result in English.

Bengal Governor Makes Steady Progress

CALCUTTA, March 10.

The following bulletin was issued from Government House at 10 a.m.

"His Excellency Sir Robert Reid continues to make steady progress. Sd. F. J. ANDERSON, A DENHAM WHITE, GERARD KELLY, P. I. Franks.—A.P.

BURGOS, March 9

The early return of fourteen units of Republican fleet to nationalists is expected here. Commander Pola has arrived in Oran from Melilla to discuss the return of the vessels taking refuge there.

CHUNGKING, March 10.

It is now expected that there will be three air services linking China with the outside world in a short while—Reuter.

TRI-COLOUR v. UNION JACK

Jawahar On What National Flag Stands For In India

TRIPURI, March 10.

Before an audience of over a lakh of people Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru unfurled the Congress flag in the Exhibition Grounds this morning. In doing so Pandit Nehru regretted the absence of Mr. Bose on account of ill-health.

Pandit Nehru said that although a National Flag was an insignificant piece of cloth, and millions in every country had gladly laid down their lives for it. This was because the National Flag represented national honour and national liberty and gave a sense of security to the people to whom it belonged. In India the National Flag had been devised after a good deal of thought and represented everyone who lived in this country. They had another flag in India namely that of the British Government. That flag was not theirs, and although they were prepared to respect it in Great Britain, in India they must regard it as a sign of their bondage and, therefore, must oppose it.

WHAT TRI-COLOUR STANDS FOR

Proceeding Pt. Nehru referred to communal and other flags and said that they might be good or bad in their own places, but they could not represent the whole of India. The Congress Flag, on the other hand, stood for liberty and Swaraj for the masses and not for a few individuals. For the Congress and its Flag, he said, stood to eliminate poverty and misery under which the millions in India toiled to-day.

Referring to the Congress session itself Pt. Nehru asserted that the need for the hour was unity and solidarity within the Congress itself. For disunion was bound to weaken them and make them unfit to meet their common enemy, namely, British Imperialism. The only lesson, therefore, which they should learn and act upon was that they should organise themselves in the elementary Congress organisations and sink their differences in order that they may be ready to meet their common enemy and win Swaraj for the masses.—A. P.

THE ANTISEPTIC YOU USE—

Does it actually Kill Germs?

LONDON LANCET ENDORSES GERM-KILLING POWERS OF LISTERINE ANTISEPTIC

For more than 100 years, the medical profession has recognized the *Lancet* of London as one of the world's foremost scientific publications. Here are the conclusions they published after an exhaustive series of tests:

1—The actual number of germs killed in 15 seconds by undiluted Listerine Antiseptic were over 600 million.

2—Listerine Antiseptic proved to be perfectly safe for all body cavities.

You use an antiseptic for one reason only—to destroy the germs that threaten your health.

Then, how can you afford to take chances with antiseptics diluted so much that they cannot possibly be effective? Not only are they a waste of your money, but they actually endanger your health by NOT destroying the disease germs that threaten you.

Test after test has shown the remarkable germ-killing powers of Listerine Antiseptic. It is a safe antiseptic, too, because it comes in just the proper strength. Be safe, get results—demand Listerine Antiseptic.

LISTERINE THE SAFE ANTISEPTIC

The Scindia Steam Navigation Co., Ltd.

TELEGRAMS: "JALANATH" (ESTABLISHED 1919). Head Office at BOMBAY. TELEPHONE: 30075 (FOUR LINES).

BRANCH OFFICES & AGENCIES AT ALL THE PRINCIPAL PORTS OF INDIA, BURMA AND CEYLON.

Regular Services:—

CARGO LINES

BURMA PORTS — BOMBAY, KARACHI via MALABAR.
BURMA PORTS — MALABAR via COLOMBO and TUTICORIN
CALCUTTA — KARACHI via COAST PORTS.
BURMA PORTS — CALCUTTA according to demand.

PASSENGER LINES

RANGOON — COCONADA via COROMANDAL COAST PORTS.
CHITTAGONG — RANGOON and CHITTAGONG — COX'S BAZAR (B.B.S.N. Co.'s services).

PILGRIM LINES

CALCUTTA, BOMBAY, and KARACHI to JEDDAH.

MANAGING AGENTS OF

THE BENGAL BURMA STEAM NAVIGATION Co., Ltd., RANGOON
THE RATNAGAR STEAM NAVIGATION Co., Ltd., BOMBAY

For further particulars, apply to SCINDIA S. N. CO., LTD., Ballard Estates, Bombay.

LUX TOILET SOAP'S PERFUMED LATHER LEAVES YOUR SKIN FRAGRANT

These two tubes contain equal amounts of dissolved soap and water. The tube on the left holds ordinary toilet soap. The other, Lux Toilet Soap. See how much more lather the Lux special ingredient gives—how much denser and creamier it is.

LUX TOILET SOAP'S lovely perfume clings to you for hours after you have washed, and keeps you fragrantly dainty. In addition, the special ingredient in Lux Toilet Soap produces an extra rich lather that cleanses deep into the pores, refreshing as well as cleansing. The milky whiteness of Lux Toilet Soap is a guarantee of its absolute purity. Use it always, and experience the pleasing freshness that it gives you.

Enclosed in each wrapped packet of three tablets is a portrait of a leading film star

LUX TOILET SOAP

MADE IN INDIA FROM PURE VEGETABLE OILS ONLY

X-LTS 868-38A

LEVER BROTHERS (INDIA) LIMITED

ARE YOU GREY?

VIVALINE HAIR OIL restores grey hair to its natural lustrous colour from the roots permanently and gently like nature. VIVALINE HAIR OIL is the original product which works its way from the roots Insist on buying VIVALINE, Avoid imitations Rs. 3/- large bottle for advanced greyness. Re 1/12/- small. Three bottles (Full Course) Post free. Agents:—MADHAV AGENCY, Girgaum. Bombay 4

Bombay wholesale Depot. Kanchanlal Vadilal & Co., Princess Street, Bombay. Stockists:—Kemp & Co. Ltd., (all branches) The Popular Pharmacy, Perry & Co., Grant Road; Beli Ram Bros., Princess St., P. Harkisondas & Co., Lamington Road; Hardinge & Co. Poona Stockists: D. MACEDO & CO., Chemists, 251, Budhwar Peth.

Sole Distributors:—S.P. Co., P.O. Box No. 10006. Calcutta.

Bombay Depot:
MANGALDAS MARKET.

THE UNION BANK OF INDIA, LTD.

Established in Bombay, 1919.

Head Office, APOLLO STREET, Fort, Bombay.

Branches:—177/79, Kalbadevi Road, near Cotton Exchange, Bombay, Rajkot (Civil Station).

CAPITAL PAID UP	Rs. 39,90,000.
RESERVE FUND	Rs. 7,75,000.
DIVIDEND EQUALISATION FUND	Rs. 25,000

Directors:—

Sir Hormusjee C. Dinshaw Adenwala, Kt., M.V.O., O.B.E., (Chairman).

Lachhmandas Harkhchand Daga, Esq., M. S. Captain, Esq., K. R. P. Shroff, Esq., Vithaldas Kanji, Esq., B. N. Karanjia, Esq., Ramdeo Anandilal Podar, Esq., Haridas Madhavdas Esq., and Dinshaw D. Romer, Esq.

Current Deposit Accounts opened and Interest allowed at 1 per cent. per annum on daily balances upto Rupees one lakh.

Fixed Deposits for long and short periods received on favourable terms.

Savings Bank Accounts interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on minimum monthly balances. Withdrawals allowed twice a week. Operations by cheques allowed.

Advances made on approved securities.

All kinds of Banking business transacted.

B. M. BHARGAVA.
Secretary.

A group of Kisan Workers arriving at Vishnudatt Nagar at Tripuri.

AROUND THE COURTS

BOMBAY, Friday.

A sensational statement was made by the father of the girl, at the inquest to-day on the body of an eighteen-year old girl-wife named Rukhmanibai Mansukhlal, living in a building at Holi Chakla, off Fort, Bombay who was found lying badly burnt in her residence on the 24th February at about 7 p.m. The girl was taken to the Poly Clinic Nursing Home. where she died on March 8.

The girl's father stated that she was married about two years ago. On the 25th February he received a telegram stating that she had sustained burns and was lying in hospital. Witness came down from Amraoti to Bombay immediately and saw her in hospital. For five days witness could not get an opportunity to see her alone as there were others near her. Three or four days prior to her death when witness got a chance of seeing her alone she said to the witness that her mother-in-law had poured kerosene oil on her 'sari' and lighted it.

During the last Diwali witness had come to Bombay to see her and then she begged of him to take her home to Amraoti as her mother-in-law had been ill-treating her and that she was afraid that she might be killed. Her husband's people would not send her with the witness but after a number of entreaties they allowed him (witness) to take her with him. A month after witness brought her back to her huband's house.

Witness replied in the negative to a question from the Court whether he informed the police about his daughter's statement.

Witness, however, wrote to a friend at Nagpur asking him to come to Bombay to advise him as to what he should do. His friend wrote to him saying that he was unable to come. In the meantime his daughter died.

Husband's Evidence

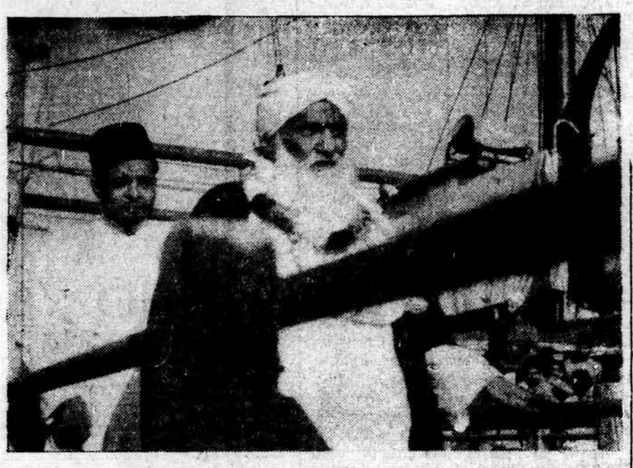
The girl's husband stated that on the 24th February at about 7 p.m. he received information in his shop that his wife had sustained burns, Witness went home along with his father and found her lying in the house badly burnt. He removed her to the Poly Clinic Nursing Home.

Witness questioned her in the hospital. The girl told him that she had lighted a coal sighri and turned round to wash her hands when the skirt of her sari came in contact with the flames of the sighri and the sari caught fire.

The Coroner, addressing the jury said that they had to decide whether it was a case of accidental, suicidal death or she was killed by somebody. The Coroner added: "Please come with an unanimous verdict."

The Jurors came back in five minutes with a unanimous verdict of accidental death.

The following is the verdict.—"Death was caused by septicaemia following upon extensive burns. The girl had sustained the burns accidentally from a coal sighri."



The 65-year-old Sindhi political exile, Maulvi Obeidullah, photographed at the Karachi Harbour, when he alighted on Indian soil, after 20 years' absence.

WELFARE OF OVERSEAS INDIANS

Central Association Formed

The constitution of the Indian overseas Central Association as adopted at the public meeting held at New Delhi on 10th December 1938 contains many important clauses. In the rules and regulations of the Association the words "Indian Overseas" would mean and include all Indians who may be overseas for any purpose, including students and tourists.

The object of the Association is to promote the welfare of the overseas Indians and establish their rights and privileges.

SARAF OIL MILLS CO., LTD.

The first ordinary general meeting of the shareholders of the above Company was held on 8th March 1939, under the chairmanship of Mr. Ramniwas Ramnarayan. The Directors report and statement of accounts for the year ended December 31st, 1938, were adoptd.

Dividends of annas eight free of income-tax per ordinary share of Rs. 10 and Rs. 6 per preference share of 100 (less income-tax) were declared. Mr Ramniwas Ramnarain, Raja Bahadur Narayanlal Bansilal, Sir Madhorao Deshpande, Mr. Nagarmal J. Saraf, Mr. Hariram B. Harlalka, Mr. Jugalkishore Durgadutt and Mr Subhkaran Gargabux were re-elected Directors."

Eight persons were arrested in gambling raids yesterday at various places. They were ordered to be remanded into police custody for different periods by Mr. J. M. Barot, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon Police Court today.

The names of the arrested men are: Bhawn Daji, Tukaram Dhondu, Maruti Gopal, Raghunath Ramji, Shankar Sawal Ram, Ganpat Ramji, Babu Abdul Rehman, and Kiria Kassam.

Baby-Stealers Bound Over

"Crime Committed On Spur Of Moment", Says Magistrate

Mr. R. Mathalone, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagon Police Court delivered judgment on Thursday, in the case, in which a seventeen year-old woman, her fifteen year-old sister and another woman stood charged, with kidnapping a newly born baby, on September 4, last year.

The facts of the case are briefly as follows:

On the night of August, 31, a lady by name Kulsumbai Tyaballi gave birth to a child in the Dholkawala Maternity Home at Mohammadali Road. The child and the mother were kept in the room No. 6.

On September 4, at about 10-30 a.m. the mother had seen the child when it was brought after a bath and put in the cradle by the side of her cot. She then fell asleep. When the nurse came to take away the child for feeding at noon, to her surprise the child was missing. A vigorous search produced no result and the child was nowhere to be seen in the premises.

POLICE INQUIRIES.

The matter was reported to the Police who made searching inquiries. It was ascertained from a taxi-driver that three veiled women were driven by him to the Dholkawala Maternity Home on September 4. He then drove them to the house of Dr. Mrs. Dadina at Versova, where two of them alighted and entered the Doctor's residence. They told her that their companion in the car had given birth to a child and requested her assistance. The third woman then got out with the baby and entered the house.

Dr. Mrs. Dadina then sent a note, with the driver of the car informing the parents of the woman who feined to deliver the child. For four days the woman remained there under the treatment of the lady doctor.

The Police, meanwhile, made investigations and visited Dr. Mrs. Dadina's residence, accompanied by Dr. Miss Daruwala and Dr. Miss Vaz. The latter identified the child as the child which was kidnapped from the Dholkawala Maternity Home. The child was taken charge of and the women were put under arrest, by the Police.

ACCUSED BOUND OVER.

The judgment in this case was delivered on Thursday. The first and the second accused were bound over on a sum of Rs. 500, to be of good behaviour for one year and the third accused was acquitted.

The magistrate accepted the defence plea that the crime was committed on the spur of the moment and was not premeditated. The nature of the crime was such that there was little likelihood of its recurrence and taking the additional factor into consideration that the girls belonged to respectable families, His Worship was of the opinion that the ends of justice would be met by the abovementioned sentences.

Death By Opium Poisoning

The Bombay Coroner's jury returned a verdict of death by opium poisoning, which the deceased had voluntarily administered to himself, at the inquest to-day on the body of an unidentified Hindu, who was found lying in an unconscious condition at Govindji Keni Road near the Bholwada Police Station on February 20. He was removed to the K. E. M. Hospital, where he expired the same day.

—For every car a perfect service

Hundreds of different makes and models of cars are on the road to-day, each differing in some way or other from the next. No man on earth can be expected to remember all their peculiarities. For this reason, therefore, Shell have evolved a service called SHELL SPECIALISED LUBRICATION, which is available at certain Service Stations, whereby every make of car, old or new, low priced or expensive, can receive adequate care and attention according to its individual needs. Drive in to-day to your nearest S. S. L. Station and make a point of asking about this modern lubrication service.

SHELL Specialised LUBRICATION

Obtainable in Bombay at the following Service Stations:

J. B. PATEL,
Corner of Mathew Road and Queen's Road, also at Parel Road.

MACMULL'S GARAGE,
Colaba Causeway.
Opposite Central Station.

AUTOMOBILE RESORT,
Nicol Road, Ballard Estate.

- Each point lubricated by experienced mechanics.
- Printed instructions ensure use of correct lubricants in different makes.
- Squeaks stopped—batteries checked.
- Routine inspection for defects in certain vital parts.
- Detailed records kept and owners reminded when next service is due.
- Moderate charges.

SHELL SPECIALISED LUBRICATION

Inserted by BURMAH-SHELL OIL STORAGE & DISTRIBUTING CO. OF INDIA, LTD. (Incorporated in England). Agents.

BABY'S GRIPE PAINS
When baby suffers from colic or griping, avoid harsh, harmful laxatives. Give him gentle safe Phillips' Milk of Magnesia. A mild, but effective laxative, Phillips' neutralizes stomach acids, stimulates digestion, aids elimination. It's absolutely safe for baby's delicate organs.
PHILLIPS' MILK OF MAGNESIA TABLETS
Just the thing when children's stomachs are upset. Children like their peppermint flavor.
PHILLIPS'
MILK OF MAGNESIA

Dentistry

Complete Set of American Strongest Gold-Pin-Teeth Rs. 40 only

Single Tooth Rs. 2 only

Dr. Lakhani

Opp. Crawford Market, next to Madons Chemists, BOMBAY. 'Phone: 25935.

BOMBAY TO DELHI IN 7½ HOURS.

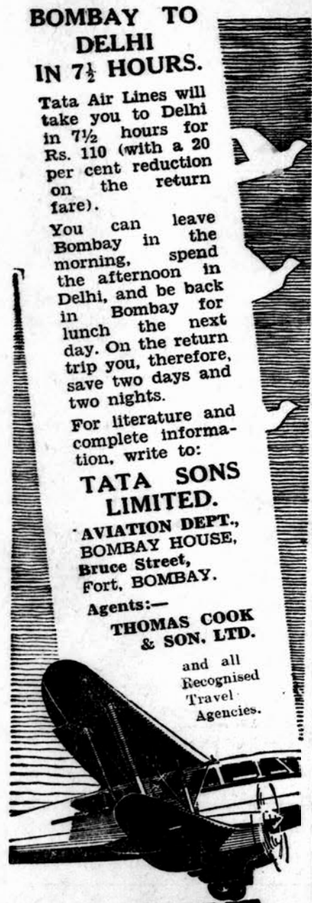
Tata Air Lines will take you to Delhi in 7½ hours for Rs. 110 (with a 20 per cent reduction on the return fare).

You can leave Bombay in the morning, spend the afternoon in Delhi, and be back in Bombay for lunch the next day. On the return trip you, therefore, save two days and two nights.

For literature and complete information, write to:

TATA SONS LIMITED.
AVIATION DEPT.,
BOMBAY HOUSE,
Bruce Street,
Fort, BOMBAY.

Agents:—
THOMAS COOK & SON, LTD.
and all Recognised Travel Agencies.



TATA AIR LINES

N. Y. K. LINE

TRANS-PACIFIC SAILINGS 1939.
From Hongkong to San Francisco and Los Angeles via Shanghai, Japan and Honolulu.

Vessels.	Leaving Hongkong	Leaving Yokohama
Kamakura Maru*	30 Mar.	6 Apr.
Asama Maru	16 Apr.	24 Apr.
Tatuta Maru	3 May	11 May.
Kamakura Maru*	24 May	1 June
Taiyo Maru	...	7 June
Asama Maru	11 June	19 June
Tatuta Maru	28 June	6 July
Kamakura Maru*	...	26 July
Taiyo Maru	4 Aug.	12 Aug.

*New Name for Chichibu Maru.

Economical through fares to America/Canada via Far East, attractive ROUND-THE-WORLD fares, and through fares to Europe via Suez or America, etc., are quoted on application to:

NIPPON YUSEN KAISYA
United India Bldg., Sir Phirozsha Mehta Road, Fort, Bombay.
'Phone No. 22041. Telegrams "YUSEN"

TWO QUESTIONS WITH A SINGLE ANSWER

How can we improve our service? How can we build our business?

Banks are but sellers of service. The institution offering the best service must eventually be the winner in the race of business.

Such is our theory. And, acting on that theory, we are constantly seeking ways to make our service broader.

M. L. TANNAN, I.E.S.,
GENERAL MANAGER,
PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK LTD.,

ESTABLISHED 1895
WORKING CAPITAL
Rs. 8,40,03,639.

Bose Proposes Ultimatum To Britain

Congress President's Call For Unity

(Continued From Page 1)

resignation of twelve out of the fifteen members of the Working Committee headed by Sardar Patel, Maulana A. K. Azad and Dr. Rajendra Prasad, another distinguished and eminent member of the Working Committee, Pandit Nehru, though he did not formally resign, issued a statement which led everybody to believe that he had also resigned. On the eve of the Tripuri Congress the events at Rajkot forced Mahatma Gandhi to undertake a vow of fast unto death, and then the President arrived at Tripuri a sick man. It will, therefore, be in the fitness of things if the Presidential address this year can claim to be a departure from precedent in the matter of its length.

Friends, you are aware that the Wafdist Delegation from Egypt have arrived in our midst as the guests of the Indian National Congress. You will join me in according the most hearty welcome to all of them. We are extremely happy that they found it possible to accept our invitation, and make the voyage to India. We are only sorry that political exigencies in Egypt did not permit the President of the Wafd, Nahas Pasha to personally to lead this delegation. Having had the privilege of knowing personally the President and the leading members of the Wafdist Party,—my joy to-day is all the greater. Once again I offer them on behalf of our countrymen a most hearty and cordial welcome.

INTERNATIONAL AFFAIRS

Since we met at Haripura in February 1938 several significant events have taken place in the international sphere. The most important of these is the Munich Pact of September 1938 which implied an abject surrender to Nazi Germany on the part of the Western Powers, France and Great Britain. As the result of this France ceased to be a dominant power in Europe and the hegemony passed into the hands of Germany without a shot being fired. In more recent times the gradual collapse of the Republican Government in Spain seems to have added to the strength and prestige of Fascist Italy and Nazi Germany. The so-called Democratic Powers, France and Great Britain have joined Italy and Germany in conspiring to eliminate Soviet Russia from European politics for the time being. But how long will that be possible? And what have France and Great Britain gained by trying to humiliate Russia?

SETBACK TO IMPERIALISM

There is no doubt that as the result of the recent international developments in Europe as well as in Asia, British and French imperialism have received considerable setback in matter of strength and prestige.

Coming to home politics, in view of my ill-health I shall content myself with referring to only a few important problems. In the first place I must give a clear and unequivocal expression to what I have been feeling for sometime past namely that the time has come for us to raise the issue of Swaraj and submit our national demand to the British Government in the form of an ultimatum. The time is long past when we could have adopted a passive attitude and waited for the Federal Scheme to be imposed on us. The problem no longer is as to when the Federal Scheme will be forced down our throats.

THE GREAT PROBLEM

The problem is as to what we should do if the federal scheme is conveniently shelved for a few years till peace is stabilized in Europe. There is no doubt that once there is stable peace in Europe whether through a Four-Power Pact or through some other means—Great Britain will adopt a strong Empire policy. The fact that she is now showing some signs of trying to conciliate the Arabs as against the Jews in Palestine is because she is feeling herself weak in the international sphere. In my opinion, therefore, we should submit our national demand to the British Government in the form of an ultimatum and give a certain time limit within which a reply is to be expected. If no reply is received within this period or if an unsatisfactory reply is received we should resort to such sanctions as we possess in order to enforce our national demand.

The sanctions that we possess to-day are mass civil disobedience or Satyagraha. And the British Government to-day are not in a position to face a major conflict like an all-India satyagraha for a long period. It grieves me to find that there are people in Congress who are so pessimistic as to think that the time is not ripe for a major assault on British imperialism. But looking at the situation in a thoroughly realistic manner I do not see the slightest ground for pessimism. With the Congress in power in eight provinces the strength and prestige of our national organisation have gone up. The mass movement has made considerable headway throughout British India. And last but not the least there is an unprecedented awakening in the Indian States. What more opportune moment could we find in our national history for a final advance in the direction of swaraj, particularly when the international situation is favourable to us? Speaking as a cold-blooded realist, I may say that all the facts of the present day situation are so much to our advantage that one should entertain the highest degree of optimism. If only we sink our differences, pool all our resources and pull our full weight in the national struggle we can make out the most of our present favourable position, or shall we miss this opportunity which is a rare opportunity in the life time of a nation.

POLICY TOWARDS STATES

I have already referred to the awakening in India and to the awakening in the Indian States. I am definitely of the view that we should revise our attitude towards the States as defined by the Haripura Congress resolution. That resolution, as you are aware, put a ban on certain forms of activity in the States being conducted in the name of the Congress. Under that resolution neither parliamentary work nor the struggle against the States should be carried on in the name of the Congress. But since Haripura much has happened.

To-day we find that the Paramount Power is in league with State authorities in most places. In such circumstances, should we of the Congress not draw closer to the people of the States? I have no doubt in my mind as to what our duty is to-day. Besides lifting the above ban, the work of guiding the popular movement in the States for civil liberty and responsible Government should be conducted by the Working Committee on a comprehensive and systematic basis. The work so far done has been of a piecemeal nature, and there has hardly been any system or plan behind it.

But the time has come when the Working Committee should assume this responsibility and discharge it in a comprehensive and systematic way and, if necessary, appoint a special Sub-Committee for the purpose. The fullest use should be made of the guidance and co-operation of Mahatma Gandhi and of the co-operation of the All-India States People's Conference.

CORRUPTION IN CONGRESS

"I have referred earlier to the advisability of our making the final advance in the direction of Swaraj. That will need adequate preparation. In the first place, we shall have to take steps to ruthlessly remove whatever corruption or weakness has entered in our ranks largely due to lure of power. Next we shall have to work in close co-operation with all anti-imperialist organisations in the country—particularly the Kisan Movement and the Trade Union Movement—. All the radical elements in the country must work in close harmony and co-operation and efforts of all anti-imperialist organisations must converge in the direction of a final assault on British Imperialism.

REPETITION OF GAYA

Friends, to-day the atmosphere within the Congress is clouded and dissensions have appeared. Many of our friends are consequently feeling depressed. But I am an incorrigible optimist. The cloud that you see to-day is a passing one. I have faith in the patriotism of my countrymen and I am sure that before long we shall be able to tide over the present difficulties and restore unity within our ranks. A somewhat similar situation had arisen at the time of the Gaya Congress in 1923 and thereafter when Deshbandhu Das and Pandit Motilal Nehru of hallowed memory started the Swaraj Party. May the spirit of my late Guru, of the revered Motilal and of the other great sons of India inspire us in the present crisis, and may Mahatma Gandhi, who is still with us to guide and assist our nation, help the Congress out of the present tangle. This is my earnest prayer. "Vande Mataram".—A.P.

MR. BOSE'S HEALTH

Doctors Advise Complete Rest

TRIPURI, March 10.

A bulletin issued by Drs. Lt.-Col. Roy, I.M.S., Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Central Provinces, the Director of Public Health, Central Provinces and Berar, and Lt.-Col. J. M. R. Henessey, I.M.S., Civil Surgeon Jubbulpore on the condition of Mr Bose's health at 3 p.m. to-day states, "We examined Mr. Bose at 3 p.m. to-day. His temperature is 101, his pulse 140 per minute and his general condition is weak. We are of the opinion that it is imperative for Mr. Bose to have complete rest both mental and physical. We have, therefore, advised him to refrain from doing any work to-day and as little as possible till his condition improves sufficiently."—A.P.

THE BUBBLE BURSTS

(Continued from page 6).

tists and the Orthodox High Command. In answer to the charge that this resolution means control from above and not from below Mr. Rajagopalachari said brilliantly that Gandhiji is born of feelings of the poor. Though the Premier's speech was devoid of all affectation and emotion its effect was incalculable. The debate drew to a close very late and Pandit Pant's reply was held over because of the late hour and the failure of electric lights.

The Subjects Committee has carried Pandit Pant's resolution and now it will go on into the open session where also gradually orthodoxy is gaining ground. Rajkot and Pandit Pant's resolution are a complete triumph of Gandhiji and will undoubtedly strengthen his hands when he goes to interview the Viceroy.

Seven or eight hours of squatting on the floor without lunch or tea is the most back-breaking experience I have ever known.

SAFEGUARD

your family's food supply

You cannot afford to take risks with the health of your family. Hot, humid weather has a bad effect upon many foodstuffs which is often undetected until it is too late.

An ELECTRIC REFRIGERATOR will keep all your food safe and fresh, and will avoid the grave dangers of food poisoning.

In addition to this, an ELECTRIC REFRIGERATOR is invaluable for making pure ice cubes and cold dishes and for keeping drinks really cold.

An ELECTRIC REFRIGERATOR can be hired from the B.E.S.T. for Rs. 10 per month. Call at our showrooms or write for a representative to come and discuss the matter with you.

Use an
ELECTRIC REFRIGERATOR

BEST SHOWROOMS
ELECTRIC HOUSE, - - - - FORT.
Telephone: 26024 (7 lines)

BRK. 2.

PLEASURE CRUISES

By OUR MOTOR LAUNCH:
JAYALAXMI

SPECIAL SATURDAY CRUISE
2 HOURS
5-30 to 7-30 P. M.
25 Miles.
ROUND DUFFERIN HAGISLAND,
PIRPAV, NAHAWA, ELEPHANTA, ETC.
from GATEWAY of INDIA.
FARE: Rs. 1. Children: Half Rates.

DAILY CRUISE
EVERY EVENING AT 6-15
from GATEWAY of INDIA

RADIO MUSIC
Refreshments Available
'PHONE: 21779; 27818.

WHOLE-DAY EXCURSION to ELEPHANTA on EVERY SUNDAY.
LAUNCH LEAVES FROM FERRY WHARF SHED NO. 5
AT 9 A.M. and RETURNS AT 5 P.M.
RETURN FARES:—
Rs. 2-8; 1-4 & As. 10.
Children: HALF-RATE.

SCINDIA HOUSE, DOUGALL RD. INDIAN CO-OPERATIVE NAVI. & TRAD. CO., LTD. BALLARD ESTATE, BOMBAY.

MAIL TRAINS RUN LATE because of *Night-Starvation*

STATION MASTER! WHY ARE THE TRAINS ALWAYS HELD UP AT THIS STATION? IT'S THE WORST-RUN STATION IN THE PRESIDENCY! IF HEAD OFFICE KNEW THERE'D BE TROUBLE.
I'M SORRY, SIR.
IT TAKES A MAN WITH VITALITY TO RUN THIS STATION. AND I'M AS LIMP AS A RAG. NO 'DRIVE' IN ME AT ALL. I WAKE TIRED. NERVY TOO. COULD DOCTOR THE HELP ME?
ALL MY VITALITY HAS GONE, DOCTOR. I'M TIRED EVEN WHEN I WAKE UP.
YOUR TROUBLE IS NIGHT STARVATION. YOU ARE NOT REPLACING USED-UP ENERGY DURING SLEEP. I RECOMMEND HORLICKS. TAKE A CUPFUL EVERY NIGHT. YOU'LL SOON BE FIT AGAIN!
NICE STUFF, HORLICKS! EASY TO MAKE, TOO. WITH THIS MIXER.
DEAD ON TIME!
(THINKS) IT'S EASY TO RUN THESE TRAINS TO SCHEDULE NOW I'VE GOT MY VITALITY BACK WITH HORLICKS!
Special Reduced Offer!
HORLICKS

Horlicks tastes best when made in the Horlicks Mixer. Just send the disc from the top of any Horlicks pack with As. 8/- (for the large Mixer) or As. 4/- (for the small Mixer) to P. O. Box 2229, Calcutta.

If you wake tired, if you suffer from 'nerves', enervation, depression and that dreadful feeling of exhaustion

GUARD AGAINST
"NIGHT STARVATION"
(Savarni Kamjori)

take **HORLICKS**
—you sleep soundly — wake refreshed — and have extra energy all day

Jawahar Clarifies Issues For Tripuri

Will New Comers In Congress Profit By Experience?

The following is the last of the articles by Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru on the issues before Congress:—

Soon after my return from Europe in November I was asked about the Congress presidentship. Who was going to be President next year? Would I agree to accept office again? I had not given a moment's thought to the matter and was not particularly interested. But I was quite clear in my own mind that there was no question of my re-election. What occupied my mind was not the personality of the President to be, but the policy that the Congress should follow, both nationally and internationally. I did not know then that Subhas Babu was likely to stand again.

Some time later I had occasion to discuss this matter with Gandhiji. I gave it as my decided opinion that Maulana Abul Kalam Azad would be the right choice for the presidentship. He seemed to me just to fit in from every point of view. He could carry on the old tradition of the Congress and yet not in any narrow or sectarian way. He had breadth of vision, a deep understanding of events, and round him every section of the Congress would gather and offer co-operation. He represented to me the ideal emblem of united working which I sought, especially at this critical juncture.

RE-ELECTION

I learnt that Subhas Babu was thinking in terms of re-election. I did not like this idea for a variety of reasons. I disliked it for the same reason as I disliked my own election. I felt that both he and I could serve our cause much better without the burden of the presidentship. During the past year his presidentship had made little difference to the policy of the Congress, and he had functioned more or less as a chairman. He had taken hardly any interest in the A.-I. C. C. office and the organisational side of the Congress and this had led to a certain deterioration. The rapid growth of the organisation required quick and efficient handling and the A.-I. C. C. office was unable to cope with this owing to the fact that the President was largely occupied with local and provincial affairs in Calcutta.

I felt instinctively that an election contest with Subhas Babu as a candidate would probably lead to various difficulties and to the creation of an atmosphere prejudicial to that united working which I deemed essential. The question of Left or Right did not arise. Indeed, so far as Gandhiji was concerned, he expressed his wish repeatedly in my presence that he would like a socialist as president. Apart from my own name, he mentioned Acharya Narendra Deva's name. But, for the reasons I have indicated above, I did not like the idea of a Socialist being President at this stage. I wanted the burden to be shouldered by those who were primarily responsible for the policy to be followed, and I had no desire to change that policy radically then for fear of producting serious complications in our organisation. I insisted therefore on Maulana's name. There was, so far as I know, no desire on any one's part to keep out a Leftist as such or to insist on a Rightist President.

THOSE STATEMENTS

I had a talk with Subhas Babu on the occasion of the Working Committee meeting and told him how I thought about this matter. I presumed that he appreciated my line of reasoning.

Maulana Azad did not readily agree to our proposal. Extraordinary sensitive and retiring as he is, it is no easy matter to push him forward in this age of conflict. Still I thought he would ultimately agree, and indeed when I went to Almora I had the definite news that he had agreed. But soon after, probably because of the possibility of a contest, he decided to withdraw.

It was only on my way down from Almora, on the very eve of the presidential election, that I read the various statements that had been issued. I was pained to read them and fervently wished that everybody might have suppressed the urge to issue statements to the press and take the world into confidence. There seems to be a particular passion in India for all of us (I am an old and inveterate sinner in this respect) to rush with a statement to the press, and our friends of the press encourage us in this failing.

ASTONISHING CHARGES

The charges that Subhas Babu had made in his statements regarding a conspiracy to accept Federation, and even plans for the formation of Ministries, astonished me, for I had not heard anything about all this. If even a rumour to this effect had reached us, it was up to us to thrash it out in the Working Committee. So far as I know there was never any difference of opinion in regard to Federation in the Working Committee. Indeed there was hardly any marked difference over any other matter, except to some extent about the formation of coalition ministries, on which Subhas Babu held strong views, which I was unable wholly to share. But this was hardly a matter of principle.

I felt therefore that very unfair charges had been made on colleagues, and although no names were mentioned, the public would inevitably imagine that some members of the Working Committee were involved. This was a new and serious development in the upper circles of our political life and it meant the creation of high barriers which would be difficult to overcome. A small group could hardly function together in a responsible position if there was utter lack of confidence and intrigue was suspected. If this happened at the top, what of the lower ranks of the Congress? We could not face in this way the growing indiscipline which was weakening our movement.

Later, after the President's re-election, he passed certain direct orders in provincial and local matters, sometimes over the head of the Provincial Congress Committee concerned. Some of these orders seemed to me to be wrong, but what filled me with apprehension was the manner in which all this was done. It seemed to me that our organisation would suffer grievously if this method was followed. Then came the Working Committee meeting which could not be held.

The President's re-election was a tribute to his personality and popularity. It was the delegates' way of showing that they wanted a stiffening up of our policy. It was also an expression of disapproval of what was considered authoritarianism at the top. It was not a defeat for Gandhiji, as he called it, but indirectly it might be considered a criticism of the Working Committee which had functioned under his guidance. The curious part of it is that the President himself had been responsible for what the Working Committee had done.

Under ordinary circumstances it would have been right and proper for those members of the Working Committee who had been dubbed Rightists and so condemned, to retire and be replaced by others. The fact that personal charges had been made against them of a serious nature made their position still more untenable.

WHAT NOW?

What is to be done now? It would be somewhat presumptuous and a little premature for me to suggest what steps should be taken to resolve our internal crisis when unusual events and strange developments are taking place from day to day. The Congress President, on whom the burden rests primarily, is most unfortunately lying ill. Gandhiji has to-day started a fast the consequences of which no one can tell.

But within a few days we meet at Tripuri and each one of us must shoulder his or her part of the burden and responsibility. We dare not shirk them. Let us hope that all of us will do so with forbearance and dignity, keeping ever in mind the cause for which we have laboured and the high purposes which have animated us. We shall take our part great or small, in the decisions that will be made and abide by them in all loyalty. For the organisation is greater than the individuals of whom it consists, and the principles we stand for are more important than personalities. We must avoid all personal bickering and private animosity, and view our problems from the high level which benefits the Congress and the chosen representatives of the Indian people.

FIRST CONCERN

It would be easy and desirable for me, as for others, to make suggestions about matters of policy and programme. But for the moment other issues take precedence and these affect the very structure and life of our great organisation. There are no vital differences about policy or programme to-day, but even if there were such differences, our first concern must be to maintain the Congress as the representative organ of the Indian people and the effective fighting organisation for India's freedom. If it ceases to be so, what do our resolutions matter and where does our brave talk lead to?

Many people talk about the weakness and vulnerability of British Imperialism to-day and imagine that if we shout loudly enough or threaten persistently, the walls of the citadel will fall down. British Imperialism is weak to-day and the Empire of Britain seems to be fading away before our eyes. But the forces of evil and reaction dominate the world to-day and are triumphantly aggressive and British Imperialism lines up with them. Even by itself it is not so weak or vulnerable as our wishes lead us to think, and, outside scripture, shouting has not been known to bring down the walls of citadels or cities. We dare not underrate the strength of the adversary. If we win it will be by our own strength, not the weakness of our opponent, for however weak he might be, he will know how to profit by our lack of strength.

It is a patent fact to-day that the British Government cannot hinder our progress to independence if we can hold together and act in a disciplined and united manner. It is only our own weaknesses and lack of unity and discipline that give it the chance to hold us down and frustrate us. We are strong enough to-day potentially; how can we convert that potentiality into actuality?

SHORT MEMORIES

Long years of struggle and training hardened us and disciplined our minds and bodies. Instead of talk we spoke the language of action, and even our mildest whispering had weight because it had the promise of action behind it. Success came to us in some measure and that very success made people forget that training and discipline which had laid the foundation for it. It is strange how short our memories are, how soon we forget.

A generation has gone by since the Congress took to this new path of disciplined and peaceful struggle. Many of our dearly-loved captains and comrades are no more, and we, who linger on still, feel lonely as our old companions in the struggle drop out. New people come and fill the ranks and grow rightly impatient at the slowness of change. They are eagerly welcomed with their fresh enthusiasm and desire to achieve. They represent to-day more than we do, and to-morrow is theirs. But these new-comers have no memory of that training and discipline of the long years of trouble. Will they profit by the experience of the passing generation, or will they stumble along and themselves learn in that bitter school? The world is heavy with sorrow and tragedy stalks everywhere. Abyssinia, Spain, China, Palestine—can we forget them? Can we forget the mad folly of our communal troubles? There is no easy walkover to freedom anywhere, and many of us will have to pass through the valley of the shadow again and again before we reach the mountain tops of our desire.

Dangers and difficulties have not detered us in the past; they will not frighten us now. But we must be prepared for them like men who mean business and who do not waste their energy in vain talk and idle action. The way of preparation lies in our rooting out all impurity and indiscipline from our organisation and making it the bright and shining instrument that will cleave its way to India's freedom.

MONTHLY REPORT OF AIR SERVICES OF INDIA

Three hundred and seven passengers travelled in the planes of Air Services of India, Ltd., on the Bombay Kathiawar Service during the month of February as against 86 during the corresponding month of February 1938. The total freight carried during the month of February 1939 including mails, parcels and newspapers was about 9930 lbs., says the company's month's report.

Twenty-eight passengers travelled in the Bombay-Poona-Kolhapur Service during the month of February 1939.

The Company undertook seven charter flights during the month—one each for Baroda, Porbandar, Bansda, Palitana, Karachi Bhavnagar and Rangoon. The last one (Rangoon Charter) is the longest route that has ever been undertaken by the Company.

SIGNAL SERVICE TO CITY AS MAYOR AND CHANCELLOR

Tributes To Mr. V. N. Chandavarkar, Retiring Vice-Chancellor

A farewell party was given in honour of Mr. V.N. Chandavarkar, retiring Vice-Chancellor of the University of Bombay by the Technological Association. University of Bombay, on Thursday evening, in appreciation of the services rendered by him in promoting education in general and development of science in particular.

Dr. K. Venkataraman, Head of the Department of Chemical Technology of the University and president of the Association, said that the outstanding event of the year was the munificent offer of Rs. 11,00,000 from the Shinganee Trust secured to the Department through the efforts of Mr. Chandavarkar. He hoped that with the donation, the activities of the Department would expand. Mr. Chandavarkar had created a record by his services as Mayor of Bombay, Vice-Chancellor of the University and chairman of the Millowners' Association. The present position occupied by the University and the Department of Chemical Technology was in no small measure due to the efforts of Mr. Chandavarkar.

Dr. R. B. Forrter, a former president of the Association, said that since Mr. Chandavarkar became Vice-Chancellor six years ago, the University of Bombay had really become a teaching University from being an examining body. He congratulated the University in securing Mr. R. P. Masani as successor to Mr. Chandavarkar.

Mr. Chandavarkar, said that his selection as Vice-Chancellor six years ago was an unexpected one, and it was his good fortune that during his term of office he received excellent co-operation from everyone connected with the University. He referred to his experience in the Bombay Municipal Corporation, which he thought was a great self-governing institution. The University of Bombay could claim credit for the great part it played in building up this institution.

Mrs. C. N. Vakil distributed the prizes for the successful competitors in the annual sports.

THIS IS NOT THE END OF SPAIN

(Continued from page 6.)

readily than most Europeans, know how to face death without regret. But death they must face in any event. "Better the battlefield," as Colonel Lister has put it, "than the slaughter-house."

The tragedy of this situation is that we are likely to witness both of the gallant soldier's alternatives. This is the curse that follows all dictatorships. The dictator can permit only one attitude in his subjects, and that is unquestioning obedience.

He must exterminate or imprison every man whose courage is too high for this prostrate attitude. The utmost that one may ask of his mercy is that he may be satisfied with exile.

The crime of British policy throughout these years is that it weighted the scales so that dictatorship should triumph.

We Can Help

The one detail on which we may congratulate ourselves is that this act of recognition does not yet involve the grant of belligerent rights. Franco is not yet authorised by London and Paris to starve out Madrid by a formal blockade.

The decision whether the armies of the Centre shall fight on lies with them and not with us. If they elect to fight, our part is to back our comrades to the end.

They are doing what the Socialists of Vienna did, when they chose to go under with flags flying. They are keeping alive men's faith in human courage and devotion.

Ideas which still can find such servants will live on through the dark years of slavery and reaction.

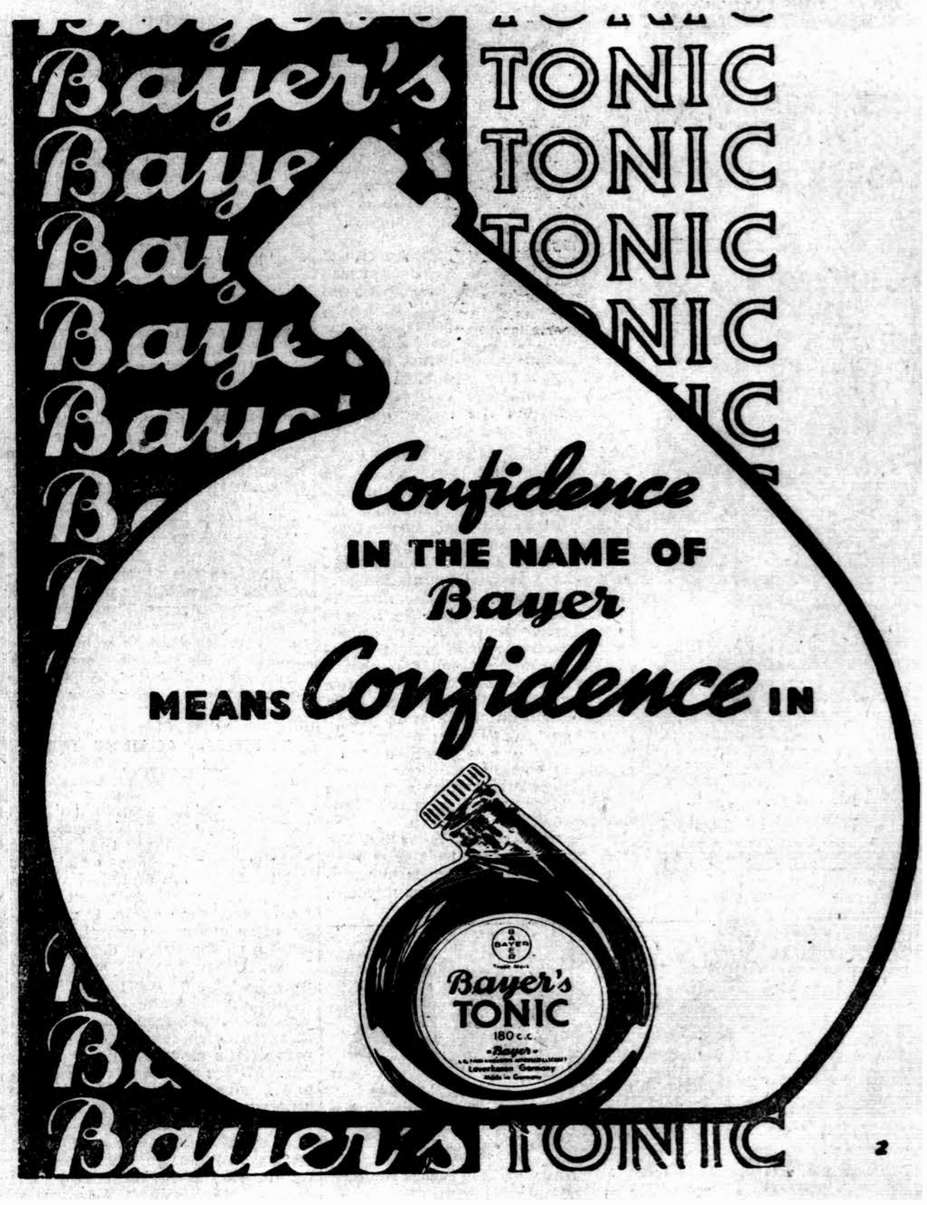
We are the commissariat of this unbeaten army. If we do our share, it may still be able to extort the terms which our country might with ease have won for them.

Hunger may take them in the rear. In this dark hour for Europe, our duty, and the whole of our duty, is to send them food. May I again mention that the Labour Spain Committee, which has raised £4,200, thanks to the zeal of parties and the generosity of friends, is still sending food to the ports of Central Spain?

Gifts of money should go to its treasurer, Mr. Austen Albu, 20, East Heath-road, N.W. 3. It has no overhead expenses and is served wholly by volunteers. Every food ship, so far, has been safely unloaded.

(World Copyright Reserved)

CAPTAIN FRANK CUTLER, R.N.
Founder of the Firm of Cutler-Palmer & Co. in 1815
Cognac Brandy
Exshaw
Cutler Palmer
For our customers' convenience we have branches in
LONDON BOMBAY CALCUTTA
LAHORE MADRAS COLOMBO
and are represented, through selected agents, in
ALLEPPEY: Darragh Smail & Co., Ltd. QUETTA: Heeramull & Sons.
CAWNPORE: P. D. Gooba & Sons. KASHMIR: S. N. Chana & Sons.
KARACHI: Forbes, Forbes, Campbell & Co., Ltd.
DELHI & SIMLA: R. S. Bhola Ram & Sons., Ltd.
1815
1938



Reception Chairman On National And International Problems

(Continued from page 20).

genial soil in Mahakoshal. The Muslim League came in existence in our province only last year. We always rejoice to remember that on the eve of the Simon Commission's visit to India the landholders of Mahakoshal convened a meeting and passed a unanimous resolution to boycott the unwanted Commission. All provinces of India have vied with one another in offering sacrifices for the freedom of the country. All that we claim is that whatever our shortcomings in other directions the province of Mahakoshal, to which you have allowed the privilege of welcoming you to-day, has not been found wanting in its devotion to the Congress.

WHY CZECHOSLOVAKIA WAS SACRIFICED

After the example of the Chairman of the Haripura Congress Reception Committee, I had decided to wind up my speech here. The situation which has developed in the country during the past few weeks as also the international situation, however, compel me to add a few words. The world is passing through a crisis. Small or big wars have been already going on in Europe and Asia, and any day a world war might break out. Even if India so desires, she cannot keep wholly aloof. In order to decide our attitude towards any such war we shall have to gauge the position of England and France on one side, of Germany and Italy on the other, and of America and Japan on the third. After the conquest of Abyssinia by Italy it is only the Arabian Sea that separates us from the new Italian Empire. Again, both Italy and Germany having obtained foothold in Spain, the Mediterranean route is no longer as open to England as it had been in the past. Whenever a war breaks out, our armies are speedily sent out to Europe. In case of an invasion from outside, India will have no means of defence left to her. We are now threatened with foreign invasions not only from the West but also from the East. The rising power of Japan is as much a menace to us now as some Western nations had been in the past. Japan kept aloof during the last war, but this time her attitude seems to have changed. A section of the American Press has gone even to the extent of asserting that Czechoslovakia was sacrificed at Munich solely on account of the fear of Japan. It is rumoured that secret reports from British spies stationed in the Far East stated that as soon as England would declare war against Germany over the Czechoslovakian issue, Japan would invade Australia and India, and that it was on receipt of these reports that Mr. Chamberlain hurriedly made up his mind to see Hitler and sacrifice Czechoslovakia. The Mediterranean Sea have almost become an "Italian Lake." The only hope of protecting British possessions in the Far East lies in America's siding in any future war with England. At present all the efforts of England are directed towards inducing America to join the war. England desires that America should commit herself to love's labour of protecting British Empire in the East. History records so far no such example of altruistic alliance in the world of politics. Small wonder that at the present moment public opinion in America is against any sacrifice on the part of America in men and money for the protection of British possessions in the East.

Under the circumstances, it is doubtful how far British will be able to defend India. She will have to defend herself; and she cannot do so until she has complete control over her army and her foreign policy. Thus it is obvious that the problem of India's self-defence cannot be separated from the bigger question of her independence.

WHY WE MUST BE FREE.

It is said that Germany, Japan and Italy are determined upon a war because they need land for their surplus population. Considering from this point of view, India's needs are even greater. Her population is growing rapidly, but the doors of other countries are being banged against her people. A large number of Indians have settled in foreign lands for about a century and with the sweat of their brow have made these countries fit for human habitation. Even in these lands our countrymen are not allowed to live in peace and on terms of equality. The question of clove trade in Zanzibar was solved only yesterday. In Kenya the highlands can be acquired by the Whites of any nationality but the coloured. The fact that they may not be British subjects is immaterial. However, our countrymen, who have lived there for many years and who are also supposed to be British subjects have no rights to purchase those lands. England can even tolerate the talk of returning Tanganyika to Germany, but declares herself powerless to protect the interests of her own subjects in South and East Africa. Only last year the British Government entered into a trade agreement on behalf of India with South Africa against the commercial interests of the country and without the consent of the Central Legislature. The Minister for Interior in the Union of the South Africa only the other day hinted at legislation for segregating Indians residing in Natal and Transvaal. Even Ceylon, Fiji and Malaya and British Guiana continuously give pin-pricks to our people settled there. Last year I saw with my own eyes, the pitiable condition of our people in Africa. It is there that we fully realise the fact of our political bondage. Had we been independent, we would not have tolerated this condition even for a single day. I could understand only after visiting Africa why after fighting for the rights of Indians overseas for so many years Mahatma Gandhi arrived at the conclusion that the question of Indian settlers is dependent for its solution upon the question of Indian independence.

MAHATMA: CREATOR OF CONGRESS

Thus, turn wherever we may, we find ourselves faced with difficulties. At this juncture what we need most is solid patriotism, political sagacity and sound leadership. What a pity that at this very critical hour in our history signs of internal strife should manifest themselves. We have begun to think of changing horses in the mid-stream.

The Indian National Congress was founded for carrying on the struggle for freedom, and from time to time we have not hesitated to be guided by dictators. Even during the periods intervening between various movements we could not fully follow democratic principles. Even England, known as the birthplace of democracy, substitutes a coalition ministry on the basis of dictatorship in times of war. Our Congress organisation can be compared with the Fascist party of Italy, the Nazi party of Germany and the Communist party of Russia, although they have embraced violence and we are wedded to the creed of non-violence. All the inhabitants of Italy are not Fascists, the entire German public is not Nazi, neither are all Russians Communists; yet almost all Italians, Germans and Russians have faith in their respective parties. Every Indian is not a four-anna member of the Congress, yet all Indians are with the Congress. Mahatma Gandhi occupies the same position among Congressmen as that held by the leadership of Mussolini among Fascists, Hitler among Nazis and Stalin among Communists. The Congress as at present constituted is the creation of Mahatma Gandhi. Its aims and objects and the means of attaining them, i.e., Truth and Non-violence, have been laid down by him. The various struggles for independence initiated during the past 20 years were started, carried on and terminated in accordance with his dictates. True, the Mahatma has no specific place assigned to him in the written constitution of the Congress, but who will deny that a practice has grown up to elect as the Congress President the person upon whom Mahatma Gandhi's choice falls and for the President to nominate on his Working Committee mostly those approved by him? In brief, he has been all in all in the Congress. Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru declared the other day in Europe that Gandhiji is even greater than the Congress. The President of this year was right when he said recently that it would be a tragedy if he got the confidence of others, but failed to win the confidence of the greatest man of India.

STRUGGLE AGAINST FEDERATION

To-day we have assembled here under peculiar circumstances. Mahatmaji has declared the election of this year's President as his own defeat. It is also stated that the new programme is to resort to direct action once again, if necessary, after giving six months' ultimatum to the British Government. I plead ignorance of secrets, but as far as I am aware Mahatma Gandhi or any one of his colleagues has never expressed himself in favour of accepting the Federal part of the Government of India Act. If this position is conceded, and I have no reason to suspect otherwise, I make bold to say that the issue before us is quite simple. A struggle against Federation is a foregone conclusion. What remains for decision is the time and the manner of initiating the campaign. I hope that the fight will be a non-violent one. Mahatma Gandhi is the Acharya of non-violence and knows best the technique of non-violent struggle. It is, therefore, naturally expected that it should be left to the good, old teacher to decide when and how the next fight should be started. As a matter of fact, the struggle is already in progress. The Federation is designed to comprise Indian States and the British Provinces. The majority of the British Provinces are under the control of the Congress to-day. If I have correctly followed the views of the President, I think his desire is to extend the Congress regime also over the remaining provinces. Gandhiji has already started the struggle in Indian States with the result that Shrimati Kasturba Gandhi, Shrimati Maniben Patel and Deshbhakta Seth Jamnalal Bajaj have been snatched away from us. The country will be gainer if, as I have stated above, the Congress secures control over the remaining provinces and throws its full weight in the struggle to win the fight in Indian States. I have not the least doubt that Mahatmaji will himself give a new turn to the struggle at the opportune moment, and what the President wants to-day will surely happen to-morrow. I admire the enthusiasm of those who are impatient to give a fight. In politics enthusiasm alone, however, does not bring success; confidence in the accredited leader and discipline are essential. The strength gained by the country under the leadership of Mahatma Gandhi during the past twenty years is unprecedented in our political history. Like a tried General several times he asked us to march forward, and when necessary he slowed down our pace, and at times cried halt. Under his guidance we have not stumbled yet, and there is no reason why we should deviate from the path so far followed by us. The great poet Kalidas has said:

"Diplomacy devoid of valour is cowardice, and valour without diplomacy is brutish."

In my humble opinion Mahatmaji combines in himself the qualities of both valour and discretion. Recently while speaking on the agitation in Rajkot and Jaipur Nehruji described Gandhiji's voice as "soft but iron." It reminded me of Bhavabhuti, the great Sanskrit poet, who said of Ramchandra: that is, harder than diamond but softer than flower. In these words of Nehruji and Bhavabhuti we have the true picture of Mahatmaji. The enemies of our freedom recognise the iron hidden in the flower, but, unfortunately, sometimes we ourselves seem to mistake it for weakness.

Just at the moment both the national and the international situations are critical, and I pray to the Almighty to grant every son and daughter of India present at Tripuri wisdom and strength to reach a correct decision.

Once again I extend a hearty welcome to you, brothers and sisters, on behalf of the entire province of Mahakoshal, and crave your indulgence for the shortcomings in our arrangements and lapses in my address.

"VANDE MATARAM."

'DRY DAY' IN CITY

Strict Watch Kept: Kurla And Bandra Shops Brought In 'Dry Area'

BOMBAY, Friday.

Bombay city from Colaba to Mahim is once again to-day in the grips of the Prohibition Law. A strict watch is kept at railway stations, docks, and Mahim Causeway to prevent liquor or toddy being smuggled in.

Mr P. A. Reporter, Excise Superintendent and his staff of 50 officials and 300 constables have been busy since early morning enforcing the Prohibition Law. The mills and other institutions are however working as usual and there is nothing like a holiday to induce the people to feel the pinch of the "Dry" day.

A refreshment room near Kurla station and another near Bandra station have also been brought under the "Dry" area as people used to resort there to quench thirst, being within easy reach of the railway station.

As the "Dry" day is enforced for two days only, it is easy for the people to store their requirements in advance and therefore it is difficult to say how far the enforcement of prohibition has been successful.

Those who are used to take liquor or toddy, store the same one day advance for two days' consumption. Of course during meat bars and hotels do not serve liquor and that is the only good the prohibition can do for these two days

"DOCTOR, QUICKLY!" you can always get a doctor quickly if you have a telephone

Illness during the night is not only alarming, it can also be dangerous if you have to rely on a messenger to bring a doctor.

A telephone in your home removes all anxiety. Day or night you can be in touch with the doctor, or anyone else, in less than a minute.

The telephone has saved many lives by its prompt service. Why don't you have a telephone put in? The cost is less than 8 annas for 24 hours. All local calls are free.

GET A TELEPHONE OF YOUR OWN

To THE BOMBAY TELEPHONE CO., LTD., Home St., BOMBAY

Please send me free of charge full particulars of the telephone service.

(Mr. Mrs. Miss).....

Address.....

.....

.....No. B.C.15

Don't let your son stay a lightweight

BUILD UP HIS STRENGTH WHILE HE GROWS

THE THIN BOY IS HANDICAPPED FOR LIFE

IT'S not natural for your son to be thin. He cannot grow up to be a vital, successful man unless his growth as a child is sound and solid. Illnesses attack thin children more easily and recovery is slower. Irritability, and a tendency to get tired easily, spoil the thin boy's work and play.

Build up your son while you can, when he is still growing. Give him SCOTT'S EMULSION and see it put up his weight and vigour, cut down his "bad temper" within a few weeks. Doctors have prescribed this food-tonic for 60 years, because it is complete; it contains:

COD LIVER OIL — Nature's own food-tonic and concentrated source of:

VITAMIN A — the bio-chemical principle of growth and of resistance against infections.

VITAMIN D — without which the body cannot make calcium into bones and teeth.

SCOTT'S EMULSION is three times as effective as plain Cod Liver Oil. Scott's is assimilated within thirty minutes while digestion of plain oil begins only after seven hours. Creamy Scott's stimulates appetite and makes other foods yield more nourishment.

HYPOPHOSPHITES OF LIME & SODA which supply calcium for solid bones and sound teeth; and phosphorus for healthy nerves and brain-tissue.

SCOTT'S EMULSION builds up resistance to infection in the body, provides extra food to enrich the blood and renews all tissues. It is specially strengthening to the lungs. Unlike chemical tonics which give a temporary stimulus, Scott's provides natural stamina. Every drop of Scott's has a lifetime's effect.

PHYSICAL EDUCATION—Exercise is essential to develop your son's body, but it cannot make him into a big, strong man without enough body material. In fact a thin child, unless he takes Scott's Emulsion, may be overstrained by exercise intended for normal children. SCOTT'S EMULSION will quickly build up bone, muscles and nerves to enable him to get the greatest benefit from physical training.

1 dessert spoonful of Scott's Emulsion has more bone-building value than 2 pints of fresh milk.

SCOTT'S Emulsion

Gives Strength for Life

Sold in 8 oz. and 16 oz. bottles—the larger size is better value.

Wholesale Distributors: Imperial Chemical Industries (India) Ltd.
Calcutta . Bombay
Madras . Karachi
Rangoon . Colombo
Cawnpore . Patna
Ahmedabad . Cochin
Calicut . Visagapatam
Lahore . Amritsar

Brightens & enriches your metalware

Brasso Liquid Metal Polish

Have it used every week

DON'T SUFFER FROM

DYSPEPSIA
BILIOUSNESS
GENERAL DEBILITY
CONSTIPATION
NERVOUSNESS
LOSS OF APPETITE, ETC.

TAKE

A WONDERFUL BLOOD PURIFIER

DR. KAUFMANN'S SULPHUR BITTERS is a world known tonic. It builds up the entire system by purifying and nourishing the blood. It gives new vigour... new health ..., makes you feel young again.

START TAKING IT TODAY

Trade Inquiries: P. O. BOX 511, BOMBAY

IN WEAKNESS DEBILITY

ANÆMIA use Deschiens' Syrup

Already 30.000 Doctors throughout the world have agreed that this radical remedy ALWAYS CURES, and gives health and strength.

INSIST ON THE NAME OF DESCHIENS, PARIS (France)

TRADE AND FINANCE

Good Demand For Funds At Call Rate 2 P. C.

RECOVERY OF MID-WEEK FALL IN SHARES

Bullion Market Quietly Steady

WEEKLY MARKET REVIEW

(From Our Special Correspondent.)

BOMBAY: March 10.

MONEY

Demand for funds continued to be good during the week under report, call funds being quoted at 2 to 2-1/4 per cent., but at the close the situation eased somewhat, day-to-day funds being available at 1-3/4 per cent.

The statement of the Reserve Bank of India made upto 3rd March 1939 shows a decline of Rs. 86.99 lacs in Bankers' Deposits, while Government Deposits and other deposits are up by Rs. 7.30 lacs and Rs. 24.39 lacs respectively. Government borrowings under "Ways and Means" amount to Rs. 3.55 crores, while the item of 'Balances held abroad' shows an increase of Rs. 195.12 lacs. Total note circulation reveals an increase of Rs. 174.48 lacs while the ratio of gold plus sterling assets to total liabilities stands at 50.438 per cent.

The statement of the Imperial Bank of India made upto the same date shows a decline of Rs. 53.89 lacs in Fixed Deposits, while Advances by the Bank record a rise of Rs. 152.32 lacs. The Cash balance of the Bank and its Investment Portfolio show a decline of Rs. 154.28 lacs and Rs. 59.27 lacs respectively.

Total applications for three months' Treasury Bills amounted to Rs. 2.16 crores, of which Rs. 1 crore were accepted at an average rate of Rs. 2-8 per cent. per annum as compared to Rs. 2-9-4 per cent. in the preceding week. Intermediates to the extent of Rs. 59.50 lacs were sold from 1st to 6th March 1939 at Rs. 99-6. Fixed deposit rates were quoted at 2 per cent. for three months and 1-3/4 per cent. for six months.

GILT-EDGED

A mixed feeling about the future trend of political developments influenced movements in gilt-edged. 3-1/2 per cent. Rupee Paper, after opening around Rs. 96-14, advanced to Rs. 97-3 mid-week, but closed weaker at Rs. 97-1, while 3-1/2 per cent. India Sterling Stock declined from £87 to £86-3/4 on Monday and remained unchanged at that level during the rest of the week. Other dated bonds were, however, unaffected, quotations in most cases remaining unchanged throughout; 2-3/4 per cent. 1948-52 loan was quoted at Rs. 98-15, 3 per cent. 1941 bonds at Rs. 101-13 and 3 per cent. 1951-54 loan around Rs. 100-8. 3-1/2 per cent. 1947-50 loan ruled steady around Rs. 104-10, 4 per cent. 1943 bonds around Rs. 107-12 and 4 per cent. 1960-70 loan around Rs. 110-11. 4-1/2 per cent. 1955-60 loan was quoted down from Rs. 117-6 to Rs. 117, whilst 5 per cent. 1939-44 loan remained virtually pegged at Rs. 101, 5 per cent. 1940-43 loan at Rs. 104-8 and 3 per cent. 1963-65 new loan at Rs. 97.9. 5 per cent. 1945-55 (tax free) loan closed unchanged at Rs. 114-11.

EXCHANGE

Sterling exchange was steady at the opening, sellers of spot T. T. quoting 1s. 5-15/16d. and buyers 1s. 5-31/32d. but firmed up towards the latter part of the week, sellers of spot T. T. quoting 1s. 5-31/32d. and buyers 1s. 6d. At the close, however, the rate reacted fractionally, sellers quoting 1s. 5-61/64d. and with occasional buyers at 1s. 5-63/64d. There was some showing of merchandise export bills particularly in outside markets and some business in connection with export of gold was also put through.

Among the foreign exchanges in London, sterling was quieter in terms of the dollar till mid-week, the sterling/dollar cross-rate declining from 468.84 to 468.78 cents, but later improved to 469.15 cents, closing at 469.03 cents, while the premium on three months' forward dollars declined from 1.26 cents to 1.19 cents, but closed at 1.21 cents. The sterling/franc rate, after opening at frs. 176.94, declined and closed at frs. 176.88 on improved internal affairs in France. The discount on three months' forward francs also narrowed from frs. 0.25 to frs. .135. The guilder fluctuated between 8 83-9/16 and 8.82-3/8, the belga between 27.88-3/4 and 27.86-1/4 and the lira between 89.17 and 89-12. The Shanghai dollar and the yen were practically unchanged at 8d. and 1s. 2d. throughout the week.

GOLD.

Gold ruled quiet during the week under report in sympathy with the improvement in sterling, spot gold opening at Rs. 37, declined to Rs. 36-14-9. Gold for delivery in the March settlement was quoted at level rate with spot, while April settlement stood at a premium of six pies over spot. Small business for export of gold was reported to have been transacted, while purchases of gold by the Reserve Bank of India are estimated at ..... ounces according to market estimates. In London, spot gold declined from the opening level of 148s. 4d. to 148s. 2-1/2d., but closed somewhat higher at 148s. 3d. while the premium on gold over the dollar arbitrage parity declined from 1d. to 1/2d. at the close. Sovereigns in the local market were quoted at Rs. 23-10-6 throughout the week. Gold stocks are estimated at about 50,000 tolas, arrivals from up-country at 15,000 tolas a day and the daily offtake at about 1,500 tolas. Gold bullion and coins valued at Rs. 33,360 were imported during the week, while last week's shipment to London per s.s. "Cathay" is valued at Rs. 7,51,444. The highest and lowest rates recorded during the period were: Rs. 37 and Rs. 36-14-9 for spot, and March settlement and Rs. 37-0-6 and Rs. 36-15-3 for April settlement.

SILVER

After opening steady at Rs. 52-6-6, spot silver improved further to Rs. 52-11-6 at the close in consonance with the improvement in the London price of the metal. Silver for delivery during March was quoted one anna under spot, while April settlement silver stood at a discount of 4½ annas under spot. In London, spot silver opened at 20½d. and improved to 20-9/16d., while the discount on two months forward delivery was 11/16d. throughout except on Saturday when it stood at 5/8d. Floating stocks of silver are estimated at about 1,100 bars, while the average daily offtake works out to 35 bars. Silver coins worth Rs. 10,025 were imported during the week. The highest and lowest rates touched during the week were: Rs. 52-11-6 and Rs. 52-8-6 for spot, Rs. 52-11-6 and Rs. 52-7-6 for March settlement and Rs. 52-8-6 and Rs. 52-4 for April settlement.

CALCUTTA.

In a short-working week, jute shares in the Calcutta market evinced a downward trend. The price of hessians for forward delivery moved narrowly between Rs. 9-1 and Rs. 9-2. The turnover during the week was very meagre.

SHARES

This was a short-working week on the local stock exchange. Price variations were confined to a comparatively narrow range in almost all sections, and with the exception of a slight setback mid-week, the market generally displayed a steady tone. The turnover continues to be small and in the absence of any sizeable investment demand, the professional operators are inclined to keep their commitments at a minimum.

In the steel section Tata Iron and Steel Ordinaries declined from Rs. 259 to Rs. 249-8 on profit-taking, but closed fairly steady at Rs. 257-8, while Deferreds, after losing well nigh 50 points to Rs. 1,137-8, rose briskly to Rs. 1,186-4 at the finish. The cotton mill group ruled dull, but the trend was upwards; Bombay Dyeings, after remaining stagnant around Rs. 838-12, closed steady at Rs. 842-8, whilst Centuries moved narrowly and closed at Rs. 220. Central Indias improved from Rs. 214 to Rs. 216, Colaba Lands from Rs. 114 to Rs. 115-8, Gokaks from Rs. 131 to Rs. 132 and New Greats from Rs. 211 to Rs. 215-8. Khhinoors were quoted at Rs. 236-8xd. The Hydro-electric group was practically unchanged; Andhra Valleys closing at Rs. 1,410, Tata Hydro at Rs. 151, Tata Powers at Rs. 1,273-8 and Bombay Trams at Rs. 126-8. Bank and Railway shares were neglected; Bank of Indias were quoted at Rs. 140, Central Indias at Rs. 33-3 and Reserve Banks at Rs. 112-12. Imperial Bank Fully Paids were done at Rs. 1,540, whilst Partly Paids came to business at Rs. 370. There was hardly any inquiry in Ahmedabad Prantij Railway scrips which were quoted at Rs. 940, whilst Tapti Valleys closed unchanged at Rs. 760. In the miscellaneous group, Belapur Sugars, after opening at Rs. 172-8, closed better at Rs. 174; Bombay Burmas ruled steady around Rs. 436 and Scindia Steams around Rs. 16, Associated Cements, after declining to Rs. 111-8 mid-week, improved at the close to Rs. 113-8, whilst New Indias were maintained around Rs. 36.

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay, March 10.

GOVT. SECURITIES.	
3 1/2 per cent Paper	97/3
4 per cent 1960-70	110/11
5 per cent 1945-55	114/10
BANKS.	
Bank of Baroda	112/8
Bank of Hindusthan	29
Bank of India	140
Central Bank	33/2
Imperial Bank F.P.	1535
Imperial Bank P.P.	370
Indian Overseas Bank	48
Reserve Bank	112/8
Union Bank	5/13
TEXTILES.	
Ahmd New Textiles	410
Ambica	250/10
Arun	215
Arvind	1180
Asok	196/4
Bharatkhand	2250
Bombay Dyeing	841/4
Buckingham and Carnatics	154
Calico	597/8
Central India	215/10
Century	219/6
Colaba	115
Delhi Cloth and Gen. Mills	490
Elgin	112/8
Gokak	131/14
Hukumchand	168/2
Indore	46/4
Jubilee	211/14
Khatau Makanji	105
Kohinoor	XD236/4
Laxmi Cotton	480
Madhusudan	380
Marsden	96/14
Morarji	125
Mysore	86/14
Nandlal Bhandari	77/4
New Great	215
Raipur	700
Rajnagar	105
Sajjan	97/8
Sassoon and Alliance	98
Sholapur	3100
Simplex	70/10
Swadeshi	215
Vishnu	1120
HYDRO ELECTRICS	
Andhra Valley Ord.	1407/8
Tata Hydro Ord	150/10
Tata Power Ord.	1271/4
ELECTRICS	
Ahmedabad Electrics	137/8
Ajmer Electrics	11/8
Amalgamated	12/6
Bombay Suburban	142/8
Bombay Tram.	126/4
Lahore Electrics	440
Surat Electrics	162/8
MISCELLANEOUS.	
Alcock Ashdown	323/12
Associated Cements	113/4
Belapur	173/2
Bombay Burma New	148/2
Bombay Burma Old	435
Bombay Steam	212/8
Bombay Telephone	80
Br B. Petrol	3/8
Burma Corporation	6/5
Dalmia Cement	9/4
Indian Bleaching	125/10
Industrial Investment Tr.	40
Indian Radio Ord.	380
Indian Radio Defd	390
Indian Copper	2/1
Indian Iron	30/8
Mysore Sugar	28/2
Port Canning	67/4
Premier Construction	61/12
Rohtas Industries	25/6
Scindia Steam	18/1
Shivrajpur	38/12
Tata Oil	39/8
Tata Steel Ordy.	257
Tata Steel Defd.	1182/8
JUTES.	
Birla Jute	17/4
Howrah	56/11
Hukumchand	7/2
Kamarhatty	520
Kankanarrah	390
Lawrence	375
Reliance	65

Senator Smith's Bill To Increase Income Of Cotton Growers

Washington, Feb 17

Senator Ellison D. Smith, Chairman of the Agricultural Committee, has introduced a bill (Feb. 13) designed to increase the income of cotton farmers by means of subsidies and "establish a long-range policy which will save the cotton-growing industry of the United States."

The measure stipulates that the national acreage allotment for cotton for any year shall be at a minimum of 11,000,000 bales. Permission would be given growers to redeem at three cents a pound cotton now held by the Government. Redemptions would be restricted to the extent that growers reduce their 1939 acreage quotas.

Authorisation is provided for the transfer of 1,600,000 bales from the 1934 supply held by the Government for loans to the Surplus Commodities Corporation for use in developing greater consumption for the product, expanding markets, and distribution to the needy of the nation.

COTTON EXPORTS

Shipments of American cotton to foreign countries between August 1 and February 1 totalled 2,192,285 bales as compared with 3,632,247 bales during the corresponding period last season, the Commerce Department reports.

BOUNTY PAYMENTS

A bounty of del 212,000,000 will be split among producers of cotton, corn, wheat, and rice who plant within their 1939 acreage allotments, the Department of Agriculture has announced.

The rate of payment from this fund, which has been appropriated by Congress, will be as follows: Cotton growers, 1.6 cents a pound; wheat, 11 cents a bushel; rice, 12 cents a hundredweight; corn, 6 cents a bushel.

COTTON CONSUMPTION

American consumption of cotton during January totalled 591,991 bales of lint and 65,054 of linters as compared with 565,307 and 65,676 last December, the Census Bureau reports.—News Press Service.

BABY WEEK CHALLENGE SHIELD

The National Baby Week Council, England, awards annually a handsome Silver Challenge Shield (donated by the "News of the World") for the most effective Local Baby Week Campaign held throughout the Empire, including the Irish Free State, but excluding the United Kingdom. Conditions vary enormously throughout the Empire, and therefore each campaign is judged on its merits, particularly in relation to the way in which it is devised to meet the peculiar circumstances of the district it is to cover.

Bellary Municipality, Madras Presidency (India) was the winner of the shield in 1926-27, and it will be remembered that Bombay was highly commended in 1928.

A local Baby Week Campaign is a form of propaganda which by reason of its very intensity is calculated to have great effect. The British Isles, under the auspices of the National Baby Week Council, has led the way in Baby Week Celebrations. The movement is steadily spreading throughout the British Empire.

A Baby Week Committee may be formed by any Municipal or voluntary body for the purpose of organising a Baby Week and any Baby Week Committee so formed is eligible to compete for the Imperial Baby Week Challenge Shield.

A Baby Week Campaign, which must be announced as such and which may not, according to the discretion of the Competing Committee, be combined with a Health Week, must be held between the 1st June, 1938, and such time as will enable the records to be transmitted to, and received by, the National Baby Week Council Office in London, on or before the 1st June, 1939.

Any other information regarding this Competition may be obtained from Dr. Socrates Noronha, Over-seas Correspondent of the Imperial Council at the Bombay Branch of the Baby and Health Week Association, DeLisle Road, Bombay No. 11.

DEPEND ON YOUR OWN EYES!

YOUR OWN EYES WILL TELL YOU! Notice the fine tobacco of Capstan Magnums—It's excellent colour—it's better aroma! Compare the high standard of manufacture. Agree that this is the smoke you have been looking for. An English made Magnum cigarette possessing all the qualities that better blending alone can produce.

WILLS'S
CAPSTAN MAGNUMS
THE BETTER CIGARETTE FROM ENGLAND.

CMS/63

Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON FOUR POINTS UP

Smith Bill Approved By Senate Committee

INDIAN LOANS AND GILTS STRONG ON INVESTMENT DEMAND

Textiles Cheerful

BOMBAY, March 10

NEW YORK COTTON

The cotton displayed higher trend to-day following Senate Agricultural Committee's approval of the Smith Bill. Later profit-taking appeared causing a sharp decline of five points. Tone is quiet.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

Week-end considerations restricted any initiative. Oils were steady to firm. Textiles displayed cheerful disposition

Giltedgeds and Indian Loans were strong. Foreign bonds irregular.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

JULY 1939

New York, March 10

Previous closing	8.13
To-day's opening	8.20
Difference	+07
To-day's closing	8.17
Difference	+04

LIVERPOOL COTTON

JULY 1939

Liverpool, March 10

Previous closing	4.72
To-day's opening	4.81
Difference	+09
To-day's closing	4.83
Difference	+11

BROACH EXPECTATION

April May 1939	Rs. 154-0
July August	Rs. 156-0

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, March 10

The New York cotton opened seven points higher, July quoting at 8.20, on senate committee approval of the Smith Bill but registered the sharp decline of five points on profit taking. Thereafter, the market assumed a quiet tone.

BOMBAY COTTON Late Trading

Bombay, March 10

The trading in Broach April/May commenced at Rs. 154-12. The trend was higher following better New York advices. Broach was quoted at Rs. 155 at the close when New York futures were seven points higher.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, March 10

March	(8.65/8.65) 8.82/8.81
May	(8.26/8.26) 8.43/8.42
July	(8.03/8.03) 8.21/8.20

LIVERPOOL COTTON

London, March 10

American March	(4.95) 5.05
American May	(4.91) 5.00
Egyptian March	(6.50) 6.50
Egyptian May	(6.59) 6.50

LONDON COMMODITIES

TEAS

London, March 10

Indian Pekoe	(0-10 3/4) 0-10 3/4
Indian Pekoe higher	(1-2 1/4) 1-2 3/4
Ceylon Pekoe	(1-1) 1-1
Ceylon Pekoe higher	(1-7 1/2) 1-7 1/2

JUTE

First Marks C. I. F. Continent New Crop March April (£23 1/2 sellers) £23 5/3 sellers

Dunlop March (£28 1/2) £28 1/2

Lightning March (£25 3/4) £25 3/4

RUBBER

Spot (8 3/8 paid and sellers) 8 5/16 paid and buyers

Forward April June (8 7/16 paid and value) 8 3/8 paid and buyers

SEEDS

Castorseed Bombay March-April (£10 1/2 sellers) £10 1/2 sellers

Linseed La Plata March (£12 5/8 sellers) £12 5/8 sellers

Linseed La Plata March (£11 1/16 sellers) £11 1/8 sellers

Groundnuts Coromandal April (£10 1/2 sellers) £10 7/16 sellers

METALS

Tin (£216 3/4 buyers £217 sellers. Firm) £216 1/4 buyers £216 1/2 sellers. Steady

Lead (£14 3/4 buyers £14 13/16 sellers. Steady) £14 7/8 buyers £14 15/16 sellers. Steady

Electrolytic Copper (£48 1/2 to £49 1/4) £48 1/2 to £49 1/4

Iron (102) 102

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, March 10

General Motors (dol 51 1/2) dol 51 1/8

Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 33) dol 29 3/4

U S Common New Stock (dol 65 3/8) dol 64 3/4

U S Steel Pref (unquoted) dol 119

Chicago Wheat

Chicago, March 10

Chicago wheat opened steady with May option quoting at 67 3/4. The trading was not broad as professionals were confined to side lines with liberal Argentine supplies overhanging the market. Export sales were restricted. The price improved to 68 at the close.

EXCHANGES

CROSS RATES

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, March 10

Previous closing	4.69 1/16
To-day's opening	4.69 1/8
At the time of New York cotton closing	4.68 1/16

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, March 10

Previous closing	4.69.07
To-day's opening	4.69.03
To-day's closing	4.69.12

T. T. LONDON ON PARIS

London, March 10

Previous closing	176.88
To-day's opening	176.88
To-day's closing	176.91

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, March 10

London exchanges opened steady with the sterling dollar at 469.03. There was little speculative activity but the price improved to 469.07 on lack of offering.

Franc opened at 176.88 and stood at same level throughout, movements were meagre in the absence of any stimulating news.

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-5 31/32) 1-5 31/32

Paris on Bombay (13.251) 13.251

New York on Bombay (35.15) 35.18

Berlin on Bombay (87 1/4) 87 1/4

London on Milan (89.17) 89.17

London on Shanghai (0-8 5/16 nominal) 0-8 3/8 nominal

London on Kobe (1-2) 1-2

BULLION

Influx (Nil) Nil

Withdrawal (nil) nil

Gold (£7-8-3) £7-8-3

Silver (20 1/2d) 20 5/8d.

DISCOUNTS

3 months (9/16 to 9/16 per cent) 9/16 to 9/16 per cent

4 months (9/16 to 5/8 per cent) 9/16 to 5/8 per cent

6 months (5/8 to 11/16 per cent) 5/8 to 11/16 per cent

LONDON SILVER CABLE

Bombay, March 10

The following cable regarding silver market was received in Bombay to-night:—

"Speculators bought. Business small. Market quietly steady."

LONDON SILVER

London, March 10

Spot	(20 1/2d) 20 5/8d+1/8
Forward	(19 15/16d) 20d +1/16

LONDON GOLD

London, March 10

Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£7-8-3) £7-8-3

BOMBAY BULLION Latest Quotation

SILVER

Bombay, March 10

Silver ready	52 11 0
Silver Chaitar	52 9 0
Silver Vaishakh	52 6 0

GOLD

Gold ready	36 15 0
Gold Chaitar	36 15 3
Gold Vaishakh	36 15 6
Sovereign	23 9 9

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, March 10

Wheat May	3 5 6
Wheat September	3 6 3
Linseed May	5 3 9
Linseed September	5 6 6

Liverpool Wheat

Liverpool, March 10

Liverpool wheat opened steady and values subsequently advanced fractionally on smaller Australian shipments, together with occasional week-end covering. May option opened at 52 3/8d. and improved to 52 3/4d. this afternoon.

3½% GOVT. LOAN

Latest Quotation

Bombay, March 10

3 1/2 per cent Government Paper was quoted at Rs. 97-2-6 at 5 p.m.

INDIAN STERLING LOANS

London, March 10

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed at £86 3/4

Closing quotations on the previous days were:—

Wednesday, March 1, £87

Thursday, March 2, £87

Friday, March 3, £87

Monday, March 6, £86 3/4

Tuesday, March 7, £86 3/4

Wednesday, March 8, £86 3/4

Thursday, March 9, £87

INDIAN LOANS

London, March 10 4-30 p.m.

3 per cent Indian (£95 1/2 £95 3/4

3 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (£87) £86 3/4

4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950-55 (£108 3/4) £109

4 1/2 per cent 1958/68 (£112 1/2) £112 3/4

4 per cent Indian Stock 1948-53 (£105) £105

5 per cent Indian 1942-47 (£107 3/4) £107 3/4

5 per cent Indian 1942-47 (£99 1/2) £99 3/4

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

5 per cent Australian Loan 1945/58 (£103 7/8) £103 7/8

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent (£70 3/8) £70 3/4

3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£97 1/8) £97 1/2

4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£104) £104

5 per cent Funding Loan (£109 1/8) £109 1/2

3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£98 1/4) £98 3/4

4 per cent Victory Bonds (£107 1/8) £107 3/8

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, March 10

3 1/2 centum Indian Sterling Stock opened unchanged at £87 steady. The market ruled strong but the price subsequently receded to £86 3/4 at the close.

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors (19-3) 19-3

Motors and Spencers Ordinary (63) 63

Hydro Electric (dol 4 1/2) dol 5

Elec Music Industry (15-1 1/2) 14-1 1/2

Princhin Johnson (25-10 1/2) 25-6

Imperial Chemcal (32) 32

Woolsworth New Ordinary (64-10 1/2) 64-10 1/2

San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rates 1930 (£21) £25

Unilever Ordinary (38-3) 37-7 1/2

Ford Motors (19-8) 19-9

Cables and Wireless New Ordinary (£47 1/2) £47 3/4

British American Tobacco Ordinary (102-6) 102-6

Carreas 'A' (£6 5/8) £6 5/8

Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (138-9) 137-6

P and O. S. N. Company Deferred (23-3) 23-3

Distillers (94-0) 94-0

Bredford Dyers (4-1 1/2) 5-3

British Celanese (4-9) 4-9

J and P Coates Ordinary (38-6) 38-6

Courtaulds Ordinary (28-9) 28-9

Fine Cotton Spinners (3-6) 3-10 1/2

Vickers Limited Ordinary (22-6) 21-9

Inter Nickels (dol 56 1/4) dol 57 3/4

Indian Irons (44-4 1/2) 44-4 1/2

TEA SHARES

Assam Tea (17-6) 17-6

Donaro Tea (35-0) 34-4 1/2

Empire of India (23-9) 23-9

JUTE SHARES

Barnagore (£11 3/4) £11 3/4

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (28-0) 28-0

Gula Kelampong (21-10 1/2) 21-10 1/2

Rubber Plant Inv Trust (31-7) 31-3

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (33-9) 33-9

Burma Corporation (9-6) 9-6

Rio Tintos (£14 1/8) £13 3/4

East Rand Proprietors (55-7 1/2) 55-7 1/2

Rand Mines (£8 7/8) £8 7/8

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (£16 1/8) £16

Associated Portland Cement (74-4 1/2) 73-9

Trinidad Leaseholds (92-6) 92-6

Sub Nigel (£11 3/4) £11 5/8

Spring Mines Split Shares (28-9) 29-4 1/2

Union Corporation (£7 7/8) £7 7/8

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (25-7 1/2) 25-0

Anglo Iranian (97-6) 96-10 1/2

Burma Oil (86-10 1/2) 86-3

Mexican Eagle (7-1 1/2) 7-1 1/2

Shell Transport (88-9) 88-9

Royal Dutch (£36 7/8) £36 7/8

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary (£29 1/2) £30 3/4

London Midland Ordinary (£14 1/2) £14 3/4

London North Eastern Def (£2 7/8) £2 7/8

London Southern Def (£16 1/2) £16 1/2

London Transport 5 per cent (£120 3/4) £121 1/2

London Transport 'C' (£76 3/4) £77 1/4

LIVERPOOL WHEAT QUOTATIONS

Liverpool, March 10

The market closed with March being quoted at 51 1/8d.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

Irregular Tone On Week End Realising

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, March 10

On the Stock Exchange week-end realising caused a somewhat irregular tone among industrials, apart from textiles, which continued to encounter good demand. Giltedged stocks were strong on investment buying. Indian bonds were sympathetically higher.

Among foreign bonds, Brazilians improved on the news that the United States was granting credits amounting to 24 million sterling to Brazil. Leading oils tended to be easier. Others were steady.

Among commodities, cotton was firmer following American Senate Agricultural Committee's approval of the Smith Bill.

Wall Street opened quiet.

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

Steadier Sentiment

CALCUTTA, March 10

Jutes ruled steady at their decline and only limited trading took place. In coals prices showed very little alterations. Business was rather on a restricted scale. Teas were dull. Miscellaneous section disclosed no special feature. Speculative issues kept more or less unchanged. Government securities were steady and unchanged.

The following are the closing quotations:—

Securities: 3 1/2 per cent G P 97; 3 1/2 per cent loan 1947/50 104/15; 5 per cent loan 1939/44 100/14 small lot.

Reserve Bank 113/8 small lot.

Cotton: New Victoria Cotton ord as. 15.

Coals: Bengal 312; Central Kurkend 10/12; Hurriladih 13/12; Jainty Central 1/10; Mundulpoor 8/7; Seebpore 20/12; prem; Union 2/12; Talcher 1/3.

Jutes: Auckland 180; Bally 2½/8; Caledonian 369; Clive 27/8 small lot; Chitavaishah 12/8; Cheviot Pref 139; Delta 374/8 small lot; Ganges 252; Gourepore 574; Hooghly pref 1/8; Howrah 56/15; India 312; Kanknarrah 391 small lot; National 22/14 small lot.

Miscellaneous: Burma Corpn 6/5; Consolidated Tin 6/2; Indian Copper 2/2; Rawalpindi Elec 23/12; Burn and Co 7 per cent pref 151; Indian Iron and Steel 30/8; Kumardhubi Eng pref 73; National Iron and Steel 4; Steel Corpn 11/8; Balmer Lawrie 237/8; B I Corpn ord 2/12 c div; Ditto pref 151 c div; Calcutta Safe Deposit 9/4; small lot; Calcutta Silk pref 102/8; Dunlop Rubber ord 16 small lot; Ditto first pref 138 small lot; Ditto second pref 103/8; New India Investment 28 small lot; Walford Transport 1/5; British Burma Petrol 3/7; India Paper Pulp 101; Titaghur Paper 'A' ordy 13/4; Ditto 'B' ordy 13/4; Ditto first pref 168; Humayan Property pref 9/4 ex div; small lot; Balrampore 8/12 small lot; Cawnpore ord 15/12; Ditto pref 157 small lot; Champaran 11/10; New Savan 7/4; Raza 11/10; Ryam 14; South Behar 21/2; Baradighi 3/8; Banarhat pref 137; Murphulani pref ordy 5/8; Sapoi 8.

Debentures: Four and quarter per cent 1949/54 Agarpara Jute Debs 99/12; three and quarter 1956/66 Howrah Bridge Debs 102/6 small lot.—A. P.

AZAD PRESIDES IN ABSENCE OF BOSE

(Continued from page 1).

Address, which was the briefest Congress Presidential Addresses on record, Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose, brotner of the Congress President, read the English Speech.

When Mr. Sarat Bose went up the rostrum to read the English Speech, of the Congress President, there were shouts of "Subhas Bose Ki Jai." Later, when Mr. Sarat Bose reached that part of the speech where the Congress President referred to the resignation of Sardar Patel, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad and Babu Rajendra Prasad cries of "shame" were heard from a section of the delegates.

MESSAGES GALORE

Mr. Narsingh, Acting Secretary of the Congress, then read a number of messages of good wishes received from all parts of the world. These included messages from the Communist party in China, the Indian National Committee in Japan, Rashbehari Bose, Indian Association in Zanzibar, Dr. Attal, leader of the Indian Medical Unit in China, Malacca Indians and from Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya. Pandit Malaviya emphasised the need of unity in the Congress ranks and also the need for fighting communalism. Mr George Arundale in a message hoped that unity would be established in the country.

JAWAHAR'S TRIBUTE TO EGYPTIAN DELEGATION

Maulana Azad requested Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru to move a vote of thanks to the Egyptian Delegation and Pandit Jawaharlal was greeted with prolonged cheers when he rose up to thank the Egyptian Delegation. Pandit Jawaharlal said that the Egyptian Delegation was there today to fulfil their longstanding promise. They had brought a message of hope to the people of India. "I hope we will be able to send through the delegates a similar message to Egypt also".

COMMON LINK

Pandit Nehru continued "the Egyptian struggle is part of our own struggle, as they are fighting the same enemy as ourselves, namely, British imperialism. It is true that conditions in India are different, but yet we can benefit from each other's experiences, as both of us have to combat the same enemy. Therefore, it is a peculiar pleasure for us to meet them here tonight, but our great regret is that their great leader, Nahas Pasha, was unable to accompany the delegation. When I visited Egypt, he had expressed his eagerness to visit India, and I have no doubt that when he is in a position, he will visit India".

Mahmoud Bey, leader of the Delegation, emphasised the need for unity, and said that Egypt became victorious because of unity and, therefore, suggested that India should also adopt measures for such unity.

LEADER THANKS INDIA

Continuing Mr Mahmoud Bey said, "It is my honour and privilege to express our deepest thanks on behalf of myself and my colleagues for your kind invitation to attend the 52nd session of your Congress, and our gratitude for the welcome and enthusiastic reception we received from the very moment we set foot on the land of your great country by the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, members of the Government of Bombay and by the people of Bombay. We wish to express our heartfelt thanks to Mahatma Gandhi, who, in spite of his weak health and numerous preoccupation, sent us a kind message of welcome. We wish him speedy and complete recovery.

We thank Mr. Subhas Bose for his cordial welcome. We thank Pandit Nehru for his gracious speech of welcome and recall that he and Nahas Pasha were initiators of this happy idea of exchanging missions between Egypt and India.

We thank the President of the Congress Committee of Bombay. We thank the Hon. Mr. K. M. Munshi, Home Minister of the Government of Bombay for his hospitality. It was the ardent desire of our leader and President of the Wafdist party Mohammad Nahas Pasha to attend this session of your national Congress and it is equally shared by all members of the Wafd."

Stressing the unity between India and Egypt in cultural, religious and political spheres, the delegation observed "Has not the East bound us together. Has not the East given us a glorious civilisation and cultures when countries in the West were immersed in darkness. Egypt and India had been connected together through immemorial centuries through religious and cultural relations.

"Egypt has won independence and national solidarity under the inspiring leadership of Zaghlul Pasha who, despite threat and tribulations, despite temptations and opportunities for self-glorification, led the country with a lion's heart from victory to victory.

"You have such a leader in the person of Mahatma Gandhi. Follow his leadership with perfect unity and harmony, courage and discipline and you are sure to win your goal of Independence. Egypt is now independent, because of unswerving loyalty to her leader and complete unity. You must try and achieve that unity under Mahatmaji and swear your loyalty to him and pray that God may give him strength to lead you to victory."

The speaker invited an Indian delegation to Egypt to attend their political conference in coming April and thus strengthen the bond of mutual understanding and friendship which was already established.—A. P. and U. P. Congress Special Service.

All-India Weather

(From Our Correspondent.)

POONA, March 10.

The following are the maximum-minimum temperature and rainfall figures recorded at various stations during twenty-four hours ending 8 a.m. to-day:—

Station	Temperature Max	Temperature Min.	Rainfall Past 24 Hours	Rainfall Total	Since 1st Nov	Difference to normal.
Agra	90	64	—	1.2		—0.3
Amraoti	97	70	—	0.3		—1.7
Akola	99	67	—	—		—1.9
Ahmedabad	95	67	—	0.1		—0.3
Ajmer	87	66	—	1.6		+0.4
Ahmednagar	97	62	—	—		—1.5
Ambala	69	61	0.2	5.4		+1.0
Allahabad	93	61	—	1.3		—0.8
Benares	92	61	—	3.0		+1.0
Bareilly	89	64	—	1.1		—1.7
BOMBAY	84	72	—	1.1		+0.5
Bangalore	93	69	—	0.7		—3.3
Bhopal	93	68	—	0.4		—
Baroda	95	61	—	—		—
Belgaum	95	62	—	1.1		—1.1
Banawalpore	81	53	T	0.9		—0.3
Bijapur	99	71	—	0.1		—1.5
Bellary	101	77	—	0.1		—2.6
Bhavnagar	97	68	—	0.5		—
Chittagong	85	71	—	4.7		—0.3
Calcutta	95	71	—	1.7		—1.0
Cuttack	100	72	—	0.7		—2.5
Cawnpore	94	64	—	1.3		—0.6
Calicut	89	78	—	1.5		—5.5
Colombo	89	75	—	15.3		—9.2
Cheerapunji	70	55	—	4.9		—3.1
Cocanada	95	75	—	10.2		+3.2
Cochin	87	78	—	6.7		—3.3
Dehra Dun	73	53	0.3	3.6		—2.7
Delhi	87	63	—	1.5		—1.0
Dehra I. Khan	61	45	0.6	2.1		+0.3
Darjeeling	50	42	—	0.9		—2.3
Desa	90	58	—	0.2		—0.3
Dalhousie	—	—	0.9	22.5		+4.3
Fort Sandeamn	56	35	0.2	5.5		+2.7
Gorakhpur	93	62	—	1.1		—0.6
Hyderabad (Dn.)	99	68	—	—		—2.0
Hyderabad (Sd.)	89	62	—	0.8		+0.1
Indore	91	64	—	—		—1.1
Jhansi	94	69	—	0.7		—0.8
Jubbulpore	95	60	—	1.8		—0.9
Jacobabad	84	53	—	1.8		+0.9
Jaipur	89	66	—	1.4		+0.1
Karwar	—	—	—	—		—
Karachi	78	65	—	2.3		+1.1
Kodaikanal	69	52	—	19.0		+1.9
Khandwa	97	67	—	0.3		—1.0
Lucknow	91	61	—	1.0		—1.1
Ludhiana	73	61	0.2	3.5		—0.7
Lahore	73	56	—	4.0		+1.3
Lyallpur	75	53	T	2.4		+0.9
Multan	77	53	—	1.8		+0.5
Mysore	95	69	—	1.0		—2.3
Madras	93	75	—	3.2		—18.6
Marmagoa	84	73	—	1.0		—
Malegaon	98	61	—	0.1		—1.0
Mussoorie	59	41	0.4	8.3		—1.1
Mahableshwar	84	63	—	1.3		—0.7
Murree	43	27	2.2	20.4		+8.8
Mount Abu	73	53	—	0.7		—0.2
Masulipatam	92	70	—	15.5		+8.3
Mandalay	93	63	—	4.1		+1.4
Mangalore	89	78	—	2.1		—1.7
Meerut	—	—	—	4.4		+1.4
Mercara	81	63	—	2.9		—1.5
Nagpur	98	69	—	0.1		—2.4
Ootacamund	72	49	—	5.0		—4.9
Patna	90	63	—	3.4		+1.7
Peshawar	56	45	1.1	7.8		+3.4
Poona	98	59	—	0.3		—1.0
Pachmarhi	84	59	—	0.6		—2.1
Port Blair	88	70	—	19.4		—2.2
Quetta	53	27	0.2	9.4		—
Ranchi	88	60	—	4.7		+1.1
Rawalpindi	55	42	1.8	10.8		+6.9
Rangoon	97	72	—	10.1		+6.4
Ratnagiri	84	71	—	2.9		+1.8
Rajkot	94	64	—	—		—0.4
Sialkot	69	53	0.5	7.9		+2.8
Srinagar	—	—	—	—		—
Sholopur	101	70	—	—		—1.8
Shillong	69	50	—	4.7		+1.1
Simla	54	41	0.1	5.4		—3.1
Surat	95	73	—	—		—0.4
Salem	100	76	—	1.5		—3.8
Trichinopoly	100	72	—	4.5		—5.1
Trivandrum	89	79	—	6.2		—4.4
Vizagapatam	90	75	—	12.1		+6.3

T indicates rainfall of 1 to 4 Cents.

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVED

Bombay, March 10

Volkart Bros ss Hoegh Merchant of 2920 reg tons, Captain J B Aslaksen arrived from Basrah with general cargo.

L Edwards ss Agra of 2605 reg tons Captain R Magusson arrived from Oslo via Gothenburg, Hamburg, Antwerp, Rotterdam, Port Said, Suez, Port Sudan and Karachi with passengers and general cargo.

O S Kaisha ss Nissan Maru of 3887 reg tons, Captain S Nagasha arrived from Yokohama via Japan Ports, Hongkong, Singapore and Colombo with passengers and general cargo.

T Morrison ss Jehangir of 2157 reg tons, Captain H Cranby arrived from Jeddah via Karachi with passengers and specie cargo.

F F Campbell ss Trentbank of 3003 reg tons, Captain S Letton arrived from New York via St. John Alexandria, Suez and Karachi with general cargo.

P and O S N ss Stratheden of 14127 reg tons, Captain R Harrison arrived from Brisbane via Australian Ports and Colombo with passengers and general cargo

SAILED

L Triestino ss Dandolo of 2949 reg tons, Captain G Levi sailed for Basra via Karachi with local and some bottom cargo

T Morrison ss Subadar of 3397 reg tons, Captain H W Palmer sailed for Bassein in water ballast.

LOADING

The following vessels booked for loading on 10-3-39

S S Riv (L T) for Madras Calcutta and Rangoon.

S S Hilda (L T) for Europe and American Ports.

S S Soudan (M M) for Europe and American Ports.

STEAMERS IN DOCKS

ALEXANDRA DOCK

Bombay, March 10

3 Dandolo 2949 Karachi 10-3 L Triestino

12 Clan Macindoe 2775 Cochin 12-3 J Finlay.

13 Kenya 4646 Durban 15-3 M M

15 Lahore 3161 Kobe 12-3 M M

16 President Polk 7005 New York 11-3 F F Campbell

VICTORIA DOCK

2 Chakdina 1580 Persian Gulf 15-3 M M

3 Vita 1955 Karachi 11-3 M M

16 Revati 250 Malabar Coast 13-3 Malabar Steamship.

PRINCE'S DOCK

B Rio Blanco 2511 Burma Ports 10-3 Scindia S N

E El Madina 1628 N F 12-3 Scindia S N

G Janaki 530 N F N F Malabar Steamship.

Steamers Expected

FROM LONDON

Comorin 6-4-39 P and O S N

Strathnaver 9-3-39 P and O S N

Strathmore 16-3-39 P and O S N

Narkunda 23-3-39 P and O

Carthage 30-3-39 P and O

Viceroy of India 30-3-39 P and O S N

FROM LIVERPOOL

City of Simla 13-3-39 K Nixon

Castalia 11-3-39 Anchor Line

FROM HAMBURG

Neidenfels 12-3-39 L Edwards

Aimkerk 21-3-39 L Edwards

FROM GOTHENBURG

Thalata 22-3-39 L Edwards

FROM NEW YORK

Pres. Polk 9-3-39 F F Campb.

Trentbank 11-3-39 F F Campb.

Wichita 12-3-39 L Edwards

FROM TRIESTE

Conte Verde 20-3-39 L Triestino

Dandolo 12-3-39 L Triestino

FROM GENOA

Riv 9-3-39 L Triestino

FROM CHINA AND JAPAN

Soudan 12-3-39 P and O S N

Conte Biancamano 9-3-39 L Triestino

Mebourne Maru 3-4-39 O S Kaisha

Zinzan Maru 17-3-39 N Y Kaisha

Ginyo Maru 27-3-39 N Y Kaisha

Mansei Maru 27-3-39 O S Kaisha

Conte Rosso 21-3-39 L Triestino

FROM BASRA

Barala 9-3-39 M M

Varsova 11-3-39 M M

FROM SYDNEY

Strathedan 11-3-39 P and O S N

FROM DURBAN

Karanja 1-4-39 M M

Takliwa 18-3-39 M M

FROM JEDDAH

Rahmani 14-3-39 T Morrison

FROM CALCUTTA

Jalapalaka 12-3-39 Scindia S N

FROM KARACHI

Vita 16-3-39 M M

Tango Maru 10-3-39 N Y Kaisha

Castalia 28-3-39 Anchor Line

Sailing Dates

FOR LONDON

Viceroy of India 1-4-39 P and O S N

Dalgoma 13-3-39 P and O S N

Strathmore 18-3-39 P and O S N

Maloja 25-3-39 P and O S N

FOR LIVERPOOL

Britannia 7-4-39 Anchor Line

City of Simla 5-4-39 K Nixon

City of Hongkong 20-3-39 K Nixon

Castalia 28-3-39 Anchor Line

FOR NEW YORK

Trentbank 13-3-39 F F Campbell

FOR TRIESTE

Conte Rosso 21-3-39 L Triestino

FOR GENOA

Victoria 5-4-39 L Triestino

FOR CHINA AND JAPAN

Conte Verde 20-3-39 L Triestino

Nissan Maru 21-3-39 O S Kaisha

Bangalore 23-3-39 P and O S N

Conte Biancamano 10-4-39 L Triestino

Tango Maru 15-3-39 N Y Kaisha

Carthage 30-3-39 P and O S N

Zinzan Maru 2-4-39 N Y Kaisha

Tokyo Maru 26-2-39 O S Kaisha

Lahore 12-3-39 P and O S N

FOR SYDNEY

Strathnaver 9-3-39 P and O S N

FOR BASRA

Chakdina 15-3-39 M M

Varsova 16-3-39 M M

FOR DURBAN

Takliwa 29-3-39 M M

Kenya 15-3-39 M M

FOR MAURITIUS

Jehangir 13-3-39 T Morrison

FOR CALCUTTA

Riv 10-3-39 L Triestino

FOR KARACHI

Falkenfels 10-3-39 L Edwards

Vita 18-3-39 M M

B. P. T. GENERAL LANDING DATES

S S Chakdina 9-3-39

S S Rio Blanco 9-3-39

S S Hashemi 9-3-39

S S Bhadravati 9-3-39

S S Irrawadi 10-3-39

S S Vita 10-3-39

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours neding 8 a.m. of 10-3-1939.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours plus .046 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 76.1 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 70.3 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hrs 84.3 degrees 0.6 (below normal)

Minimum temperature during 24 hrs 72.4 degrees 2.4 (above normal)

Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 74 per cent.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. N

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 9 miles per hour.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 186 miles

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 27 miles per hour

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 7

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 10-3-39.

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 79.2 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.09 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.90 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

FLYING BOAT DAMAGED IN COLLISION

LONDON, March 10.

The Imperial Airways flying boat "Carpentaria", which was proceeding from Britain to Hong-Kong was damaged in a collision with a Chinese junk while it was moored in the river at Bangkok.

It is learned from the Imperial Airways, London, that "Carpentaria" will be taken out from normal service pending minor repairs.—Reuter.

HAJ PILGRIM SHIP 'RAHMANI'

Intimation has been received from Messrs. Turner, Morrison and Co. Ltd. Bombay, that their s.s. 'Rahmani' left Jedda with pilgrims for Bombay via Aden and Karachi on the 1st March, 1939. She is expected to arrive here on or about the 14th March, 1939, and arrangements will be made to disembark the pilgrims in the Prince's Dock.

ANNIVERSARY OF MATUNGA ARYA VIR DAL

To celebrate the anniversary of the Matunga Arya Vir Dal, public meetings will be held to-day (Saturday) and to-morrow (Sunday) from 5 to 9 p.m. at the Municipal Park opposite Arya Samaj Mandir, Matunga (G. I. P. Ry.) Lectures will be delivered on religions, social and political subjects. Prof. Satyapal will show his art of archery.

Smith Bill Approved By Agricultural Committee

WALLACE FAVOURS FLAT SUBSIDY TO COTTON EXPORTS

Sharp Upturn In New York Cotton Prices On Prospect Of No Release Of Loan Cotton

BOMBAY, March 10.

Approval of the Smith Bill by the Senate Agricultural Committee, including the provision that there will be no release of loan stocks until July 1940, caused a sharp upturn on the New York Cotton market on Thursday where previously Bombay selling had been a bearish influence.

The administration is seriously considering the Wallace proposal of flat subsidy to cotton export.

The journal of commerce estimates area under cotton cultivation 25,680,000 acres.

The Agricultural Senate Committee passed the Smith Bill and two important cables received from Washington read as under:—

"Washington:—It was learned from official quarters that the Administration is seriously considering the Wallace proposal of flat subsidy to cotton exports. Complete details are held in abeyance until it is decided whether the proposal in the present form will be submitted to the Congress, according to Dow Jones. The subsidy programme would closely follow the present wheat export subsidy in practice."

"Washington:—The Senate Agricultural Committee made public the resolution stating the committee does not intend to report or support any Bill having effect of reducing domestic price of cotton. The resolution which according to Mr. Bankhead was unanimously approved goes on "It is the view of the Committee that unless the price of cotton is maintained at or above the loan level, it is not desirable that a quantity of this year's crop will be forced into Government loan during the approaching marketing season. "The resolution was intended to refute the widespread rumours that the passage of the Smith Bill would tend to lower cotton price."

However it is generally anticipated that the Bill not be passed in the present form unless the Administration supports it. It appears that the Government is anxious to release loan stocks and is prepared grant export subsidy on lines of wheat but domestic price structure will be maintained. If the subsidy gets approval of the Congress it will have a depressing effect on foreign cotton prices.

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET

The New York cotton market opened steady and advanced despite easier cables of overnight accumulation and trade fixing against larger textile sales but reached in midmorning liquidation. Then prices advanced on reports that the Committee approved the Smith Bill. Textiles were active and firm.

At the opening July was quoted 8.03 but prices declined 5 points from the opening level to 7.98 which was the lowest level for the day. Later on prices advanced 19 points and July was quoted 8.17 which was the highest level. The market closed at a net rise of 11 to 14 points. Spot cotton prices advanced 8 points at 9.10c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton was also fairly firm with improved buying and prices closed at a rise of 13 to 15 points. Spot cotton prices advanced 13 points at 8.80c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET

The Liverpool cotton futures market was due to open 3 points down but it opened 6 points down at 4.72 for July. Renewed uncertainties surrounding the possibility of loan release were undermining confidence. There was Bombay selling and hedging of outsiders and also scattered liquidation. Demand was limited with trade calling. Report that United States administration is considering proposal for that subsidy of cotton exports unsettled sentiment. There was scattered liquidation and straddle selling against New York and Indian hedge selling against trade calling and local replacement buying. The market closed at a decline of 8 to 5 points. Middling American spot cotton prices declined 5 points at 5.30d. per lb.

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Egyptian cotton market was quiet Giza futures declined 9 points and Uppers futures closed 8 points lower. The Alexandria cotton market was easy with increased selling and Sakels futures declined 32 to 28 points while Ashmouni futures were marked down by 16 to 18 points.

PRIVATE CABLES.

N. Y. July Highest (12-54 p.m.)	8.17+16
N. Y. July Lowest (10-44 a.m.)	7.98—03
Liverpool July Highest	4.74—04
Liverpool July Lowest	4.70—08

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co., Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:—

New York.—Smith Bill favourably reported provision stimulating near months.

New York.—Smith Bill approved today by Senate Agricultural Committee provides no special release of loan cotton before July 1940 and Committee adopted resolution to not support any bill for release that would lower domestic price. This indicates special release most improbable. Therefore believe July gradually advancing above 8.75 cents.

Messrs. Bishwambharlal Maheshwari have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:—

New York:—

Smith Bill favourably reported provision stimulating near months.

Senate Committee approved bill if not changed think market will be supported if market declines recommend buying on declines May July.

Amendment likely to be modified U. S. Congress in a few weeks advance is premature.

Think Smith Bill will not pass in present form compromise might ensue important point if Government determined to prevent further increase in 11250000 bales loan which should be bearish on new crop.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, March 9.

March	8.75+13
May	8.35+11
July	8.13+12
October	7.69+14
December	7.65+13
January	7.65+12
Middling spot	9.10+06

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New York, March 9.

March	8.85+15
May	8.45+13
July	8.24+14
Middling Spot	8.80+13

NEW YORK

New York, March 9.

11 a.m. Ranges—

March	8.61/8.61
May	8.22/8.22
July	8.01/8.01
Noon Call.—	
March	8.69
May	8.30
July	8.09

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

New York, March 9.

	Bales.
Day's receipts at all U.S. Ports	4,000
Day's exports to Great Britain	Nil
Day's exports to the Continent	13,000
Day's exports to China and Japan	4,000

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, March 9.

March	4.93—08
April	4.91—07
May	4.89—07
June	4.80—07
July	4.72—06
August	4.67—06
September	4.61—06
October	4.56—06
November	4.55—05
December	4.55—05
January	4.56—05
February	4.57—05
March	4.59—05
Middling spot	5.30—05
10-12 a.m. Quotations.—	
May	4.91
July	4.73

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Liverpool, March 9.

GIZA—	
Spot	7.15—5.
March	6.41—9.
May	6.50—9.
GIZA No. 2.—	
March	6.97—8.
May	7.00—7.
July	7.05—7.
October	7.05—8.
November	7.05—8.
January	7.06—8.
UPPERS—	
Spot	6.07—4.
March	5.90—8.
May	5.92—8.
July	5.96—8.
October	5.82—8.
November	5.84—8.
January	5.88—8.

LONDON SPELTER

London, March 9.

Spelter hard (Indian brand) f.o.b. 11 1/2 to 12 1/2

Alexandria Cotton

Alexandria, March 9.

SAKEL—	
March	12.45—32.
May	12.49—28.
July	12.46—32.
ASHMOUNI—	
April	10.18—18.
June	10.23—18.
August	10.25—16.
October	9.99—16.
GIZA—	
March	12.49—26.
May	12.51—24.
July	12.52—23.
November	12.39—16.
January	12.39—20.

LONDON RUBBER

London, March 9.

Smoked sheets standard ribbed per lb. sellers 8 7/16

Hair rio coffee No. 7 quality 5 1/8

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, March 10.

After days fall, prices on the New York cotton market again recovered on reports that no loan cotton will be released before July 1940. However it is reported that Washington administration is seriously thinking a plan of flat subsidy on cotton exports.

The local market in response to firm New York advices was expected to open at Rs. 154 but it opened quiet at Rs. 153/8 and declined to Rs. 153/2 on scattered selling. Later on there was improved demand and prices advanced to Rs. 153/12. The market was very steady.

Liverpool market was due to open 5 points up but it opened 9 points up and in the local market there was increased buying and Broach A/M was quoted at Rs. 154/4. The market finally closed at 5 p.m. as under:—

F. G. M. G.—	
Broach A/M	Rs. 154 10 0
Broach J/A	156 12 0
Fine M. G.—	
Oomra March	142 4 0
Oomra May	143 4 0
Oomra July	143 14 0
F G. M. G.—	
Bengal March	117 2 0
Bengal May	117 12 0
Bengal July	118 8 0

Cotton Room Rates

Bombay, March 10

	Extra Sprfine	Sup	Fine	FG Good
M G—				
Bengal U P	124	121	118	115
Punjab	124	121	118	115
Rajputana	126	123	120	117
Oomra No. 3	149	146	143	140
C P No. 1	164	161	158	155
C P No. 2	155	152	149	146
Broach No. 2		158	156	154 152
Surat		202	200	198 196
Rajpipla		200	198	196 194
Navsari		212	210	208 206

Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay, March 10.

Bengal Superfine	123/24
Bengal Fine	119/20
Bengal F.G.	117/18
C. P. 1	156/59
C. P. 2	149/50
Arvi	150/51
Amraoti	139/43
Ellichpur	146/47
Berar	139/43
Malkapur	136/38
Khandesh	121/31
Jaina/Sailu	135/37
Burwah/Sanavad	139/40
Khandwa	139/40
Mathia F.G.	111/16
Broach	153/56
Punjab 4 F.	176/80
Punjab 289F.	203/08
Sindh N.T.	188/93
Ankleshwar/Jaghadia	195/98
Surat	108/203
Navsari	208/09
Western Farm	168/73

Indian Cotton Figures

Bombay, March 10

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY

Since 1st Sept.

In full-pressed bales

	Yesterday	This year	Last year
Khandesh	293	34,030	41,217
Central India	1,367	188,955	31,975
Barsi and Nagar	504	55,806	106,576
Hyderabad Gaorani	17	4,183	33,611
Berar	640	128,224	238,582
Berar	640	128,224	238,882
Central Provinces	85	30,078	51,501
Total Oomras	2,906	441,276	505,762
Dholera	2,541	121,902	39,074
N W Provinces		2,155	2,267
Rajputana	938	47,602	9,253
Sind Punjab	1,299	267,381	409,877
Broach	8,822	158,209	19,587
Coompta & Dharwar	203	14,897	10,002
Westerns Northerns	282	20,241	7,135
Cocoanada		84	12
Tinnevelly and Cambodia		2,542	1,386
American		2,578	148,316
Egyptian African and Sudan	660	179,836	232,092
Comilla, Burma and other sorts		7	1,170
Total	17,651	1,258,710	1,385,933
Arrived by road to 2nd March 1939		235,702	

Exports From Bombay

1st Sept to 2nd Mar.

In full-pressed bales

	Yesterday	This year	Last year
Europe	685	150,415	144,307
Japan and China	6,850	565,583	312,869
Coast Ports	50	18,913	37,658
Up-country by Rail		150,753	220,633
Afloat in harbour for Europe China and Japan	a	20,068	11,280
Total	7,585	905,732	726,747

American Cotton Figures

	1938-39	1937-38
F P Bales		
Receipts to date 9-3-39	3417000	7076000
Receipts yesterday 9-3-39	4000	9000
Exports to date 9-3-39	2717000	4605000
Stock at Ports 3-3-39	2522000	3144000
Stock at Interior Towns 3-3-39	3093000	2498000
Stock at Liverpool 3-3-39	1005000	1209000
Visible Supply 3-3-39	6726000	7454000
Quantity in sight 3-3-39	7894000	12010000
Quantity out of sight 3-3-39	6903000	7437000

COTTON TENDERS

Bombay, March 10

	To-day	Total
Bengal March	100	200
Oomra March	50	500

Cotton Straddles

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES

Broach A/May—May Liverpool:—141 pts.

Broach J/Aug.—July Liverpool:—119 pts.

New York—Liverpool May:—134 pts.

New York—Liverpool October:—136 pts.

GOLD & SILVER

Bombay, March 10.

Yesterday London gold prices improved 1/2d. to £7-8-3. London Paris Exchange rate was unchanged at 176.88 and dollar sterling cross rate was 4.69 1/16. London Silver prices declined 1/16d. to 20 1/2d. for spot but forward prices improved 1/16d. at 19 15/16d. India bought forward and business was very small. The market was quiet. New York spot silver was unchanged at 42 3/4 cents and Shanghai T.T. on London was quoted 0/8. London Bombay spot parity was Rs. 53-15-0 and forward was Rs. 52-9-3. Sovereigns were quoted at Rs. 23-10-9. The local market was again quiet with a restricted turnover and prices fluctuated within a narrow range. Gold was barely steady and operators are not inclined to increase speculative risks.

GOLD

Ready	36 15 0
Fagan delivery	36 15 0
Chaitra delivery	36 15 3
Chaitra Tejimandi	0 2 3
Vaishakh delivery	36 15 6
Vaishakh Tejimandi	0 4 0

SILVER

Ready	52 12 0
Fagan delivery	52 11 0
Chaitra delivery	52 8 0
Chaitra Tejimandi	0 6 0
Vaishakh delivery	52 5 6
Vaishakh Tejimandi	0 12 0

LONDON SILVER

London, March 9.

Spot	20 1/2
Forward	19 15/16

LONDON GOLD

London, March 9.

Gold Bars Fine per oz £7-8-3

LONDON METALS

London, March 9.

Copper	£43 16 3
Lead	£14 18 9
Spelter	£14 2 6
Tin	£215 10 0

Bombay Metals

Bombay, March 10

London market—	
Standard copper cash (buyers)	£43-12-6
Standard copper 3 months	£43-17-6
Electrolytic copper	£49-5-0
Bombay market—	
Yellow metal sheets	Rs. 40-4-0
Copper sheets	Rs. 50-8-0

Tone: Very Steady.

Groundnuts Coromandel Shelled

London, March 9

April	£10 8 9
May	£70 10 0

Groundnuts And Seeds

Bombay, March 10.

Castorseeds May—	
Opening	27 9 0
Highest	27 9 0
Lowest	27 6 6
Closing	27 7 0
Groundnuts May—	
Opening	28 8 0
Highest	28 8 0
Lowest	28 5 3
Closing	28 6 6
Cottonseeds May—	
Opening	22 9 6
Highest	22 12 0
Lowest	22 9 3
Closing	22 11 3

SMALL INCREASE IN WHEAT AREA

The Director General of Commercial Intelligence has issued the following all-India second wheat forecast for 1938-39:—

The total area under cultivation in the current year is 32,492,000 acres against 32,403,000 acres corresponding last year, the increase being 0.3 per cent. The present condition of crop is reported to be fairly good on the whole.

Wheat Liverpool

Liverpool, March 9

March	51 1/4d.
May	52 1/2d.
March	49 1/8d. New
May	50 1/2d. New
July	51 7/8d.

Wheat Chicago

Chicago, March 9

May	dol 0.67 7/8
July	dol 0.68 1/8
September	dol 0.68 7/8

LONDON SUGAR

London, March 9.

March 6s. 3 1/2d.

New York Sugar

New York, March 9

July	1.88
September	1.91
November	1.94
January	1.89

Bombay Sugar

Bombay, March 10

Ready Javas	Rs. 15 14 0
Shipment March	5 13 9
Shipment April June	5 13 0
Shipment July Sept	5 12 6
Kesar	16 2 0
Saraya	15 5 0
Java Spot	F 6.45

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, March 9.

T. T. London on:—	
New York	4.69.07
Paris	176.88
Berlin	11.69
Madrid	100.00
Montreal	4.70 1/4
Amsterdam	8.83
Brussels	27.88 1/4
Milan	89.17
Berne	20.62 3/4

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, March 10.

3 1/2 per cent G P Notes	97/3
2 3/4 per cent	1948/62 Loan 98/12
3 per cent	1951/54 Loan 100/12
3 per cent	1941 Bonds 101/12
3 per cent	1963/65 97/9
3 1/2 per cent	1947/55 104/10
4 per cent	1940/43 Bonds 107/8
4 per cent	1960/70 Loan 110/8
4 1/2 per cent	1955/60 Loan 117/10
5 per cent U P Bonds 98	
5 per cent	1939/44 Loan 101/2
5 per cent	1940/43 Loan 104/8
TAX FREES	
5 per cent	1945/55 114/10/6
4 per cent	1953/63 Mysore 111/8
5 per cent	1955 Mysore 124
CORPORATION DEBENTURES	
4 per cent	1972 B P T 109/4
4 per cent	1974 M Deb 108/8
5 per cent	1954 M Deb. 117/8
6 per cent	M Deb 1954 129
6 per cent	K P T 1956 129

Tone: Steady.

MONEY MARKET

Bombay, March 10.

B C RATES—

T T D D 1/5 29/32

LONDON—

Bank's selling T T D D 1/5 15/16

Bank's buying T T 1/6

Bank's buying D D 1/6 1/32

Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 3/32 to 31st May.

NEW YORK—

Bank's selling T T 286 5/8

Bank's buying T T 283 3/8

Bank's buying D D 282 5/8

PARIS—

Bank's selling T T 1,310

Bank's buying T T 1,326

JAPAN—

Bank's selling T T 78 1/4

Bank's buying T T 77 1/2

Bank's buying 60 days 76 3/4

AMSTERDAM—

Bank's selling D D 65 3/8

JAVA—

Bank's selling D D 65 1/4

HONGKONG—

Bank's selling D D 84 1/8

SHANGHAI—

Bank's selling D D 48 1/8

SINGAPORE—

Bank's selling D D 156 1/2

BERLIN—

Bank's selling D D 86 1/2

CROSS RATE—

New York/London 4.69.06 9th instant.

Japan/London 1/2 1/64 10th instant.

Hongkong/London 1/2 29/32 10th instant.

Shanghai/London 0/8 3/8 10th instant

Java/London 8.80 1/2 10th instant.

London/Paris 176.88 9th instant.

Lohdon/Belgium 27.88 1/4 9th inst.

London/Switzerland 20.62 3/4 9th instant.

London/Berlin 11.69 9th instant.

London/Stockholm 19.42 3/8 9th instant.

London/New York 4.69.07 9th instant.

London/Amsterdam 8.82 3/4 9th instant.

London/Italy 89.17 9th instant.

Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Steady.

Gold £7-8-2 1/2 8th instant.

Gold £7-8-3 9th instant.

Silver London Ready 20 9/16 8th instant.

Silver London Ready 20 1/2 9th instant.

Silver London Forward 19 7/8 8th instant.

Silver London Forward 19 15/16 9th instant.

Silver New York Ready 43 8th instant

Silver New York Ready 43 9th instant.

London Discounts 3 months 9/16 per cent 8th instant.

London Discounts 3 months 9/16 per cent 9th instant.

London Discounts 6 months 11/16 per cent 8th instant.

London Discounts 6 months 11/16 per cent 9th instant.

Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.

Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.

Money:—

Call 1 per cent.

3 months 1 3/4 per cent.

6 months 1 3/4 per cent.

Tone: Steady.

INDIAN STERLING LOANS

London, March 9.

Call Loan London	1/2
3 per cent	74 1/2
3 1/2 per cent	87
3 1/2 per cent	1954/59 99 3/4
4 per cent	1948/53 105 1/4
4 1/2 per cent	1950/55 109
4 1/2 per cent	1958/68 112 1/2
5 per cent	1942/47 107 3/4
3 per cent	1949/52 96
2 1/2 per cent British Consols	70 3/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loan	98 1/4
4 per cent Funding Loan	1960/90 109 1/8
Indian Iron and Steel New Ordinary	45

BOMBAY YARN QUOTATIONS

Bombay, March 10.

Yarn No. 6 1/2s—	
April	97 0 0
June	97 0 0
August	97 0 0
Yarn No. 10 1/2s.—	
April	106 0 0
June	106 8 0
August	107 0 0
Yarn No. 20 1/2s—	
April	140 0 0
June	141 0 0
August	142 0 0
Yarn No. 40s.—	
April	216 0 0
June	217 0 0
August	217 0 0

Produce Receipts

Bombay, March 10.

Wheat	2,446 cwts.
Linseed	23,272 cwts.
Rape, Rai and Mustardseeds	518 cwts.
Gingellyseed	4 cwts.
Poppyseed	88 cwts.
Groundnuts	29,976 cwts.
Castorseed	4,347 cwts.
Rice	32,085 cwts.
Myrabollams	3,487 cwts.
Cottonseed	7,001 cwts.
Gram	1,487 cwts.
Joowar	1,177 cwts.
Bajree	520 cwts.
Indian Sugar	1,886 cwts.

Tata Steel Shares Recover

YESTERDAY'S SELLERS BEST BUYERS TO-DAY

Cotton Mill Shares Steady

BOMBAY: March 10.

Yesterday the Wall-Street Market was quiet and U. S. Steel shares declined 1/4 to dol. 64-5/8. In the absence of a follow through buying militated against Wall-Street, making headway upside, but sentiment remained optimistic under buoyancy of Washington Government's plans to assist business and continued firmness of foreign advices. The long-range outlook is bullish and Operators are anxiously looking for a steady rise.

The local market, which was unnecessarily depressed on unfounded rumours displayed good undertone and yesterday's sellers were buying back their sales. There was absence of selling and prices of Steel shares staged a good recovery.

Tata Steel Dfds. opened at Rs. 1,155 at a rise of Rs. 5 over yesterday's close and steadily kept on upward march and reached to Rs. 1,195. At this level the improvement was checked by scattered realising and prices finally closed at Rs. 1,186-4. Ordinary shares also improved to Rs. 257-8.

Cotton Mill shares were steady and Bombay Dyeings hardened to Rs. 842-8. Associated Cement shares also ruled steady and advanced to Rs. 113-8. Among Banks, Centrals were in demand at Rs. 33-3. Hydro-Electric shares were also steady with a moderate business and Tata Powers closed at Rs. 1,273-12.

TEXTILE SHARES

BOMBAY: March 10.

100	Ahmd. Advance	390 0
250	BOMBAY DYEING	842 8
100	CENTURY	220 0
100	CENTRAL INDIA	216 0
100	COLABA	115 8
100	Coorla	95 0
250	David	75 0
250	Dawn	303 12
1	E. D. Sassoon	0-3-6
100	Finlay	99 0
100	GOKAK	132 0
1.000	Hindustan	1,705 0
100	Indore	46 8
100	Khatau	105 0
100	KOHINOOR	XD. 236 8
250	Laxmi	480 0
250	Madras United	35 0
100	Morarji	115 0
250	Model	51 8
50	MYSORE	89 0
200	NEW GREAT	215 8
100	Oosmanshahi	40 0
100	PHOENIX	222 8
25	Sassoon Silk	68 0
1,000	Sholapur	3200 0
50	SIMPLEX	71 0
100	SWADESHI	216 0
100	Swan	98 0
500	Vishnu	1,115 0
1.000	Westerns	860 0
	BANKS	
50-100	Baroda	114 8
25-50	Central	33 3
500	Imperial	1,535 0
125-500	Imp. Conty.	370 0
50-100	Imp. XD.	140 0
100	Reserve Bank	112 12
5	Unions	5 13
	CEMENTS	
100	Associated	113 8
	INSURANCE	
100	Empire	685 0
15-100	Jupiter	12 8
20	Mercantile	53 0
15-75	New India	36 2
200	Oriental	4.250 0
10-50	Vulcan	7-3-6
	ELECTRIC	
100	Ah. Old	137 8
1,000	ANDHRA	1,410 0
10	Ajmer	11 8
50	Bombay Tram	126 4
100	Bombay Suburban	142 8
10	Broach	9 12
100	Karachi	190 0
100	Poona	172 8
100	Surat	167 8
100	TATA HYDRO	151 0
1,000	TATA POWERS	1,273 12
	RAILWAYS	
500	Ahmedabad Prantij	XD 941 4
100	C. Province	100 12
100	Dh Baramati	103 12
100	Gujarat	96 8
100	Mandra Bhon	101 8
100	Pachora Jamner	95 0
100	Sara Serajganj	99 0
500	Tapti Valley	760 0
	MININGS	
9	Burma Corn. XD	6 5
8sh.	Indian Copper	2 1
10	Indian Iron and Steel	30 8
10	Shivrajpur	39 12
30	TATA STEEL DEFDS	1,186 4
75	TATA STEEL ORD.	257 8
	MISCELLANEOUS	
100	Alcock	324 0
10	Air Services	8 8
50	BELAPUR SUGAR	174 0
200	Bombay Safe Dep.	840 0
250	BOMBAY STEAM	213 0
125	B. BURMA	436 0
50	BOMBAY Conty	148 2
8sh.	Petrol	3-8-9
50	BOMBAY TELEPHONE	80 0
100	Ind. BLEACHING	126 0
50	Ind Invest Trust	42 0
100	I. Radio Defd	390 0
100	I. Radio Ord.	380 0
100	Port Canning	67 12
30	Premier Con.	62 0
15	Scindia	18 1
25	Tata Oil Mill (nil)	39 8
	PREFERENCE	
5-1/2	Amalgamated (T.F.)	106 0
7	p.c. Andhra Valley	1,495 0
6	p. c. Bombay Steam	285 0
7	p.c. Bombay Tram (T.F)	74 8
5	p.c. Central India (T. F.)	564 0
6 1/2	p.c. Prem. Const 1st.	107 4
6 1/4	p.c. Prem Const 2nd	99 4
7	p.c. Tata Hydro	147 8
7 1/2	p.c. Tata Power	1,543 12
6	p.c. Tata Steel 1st	210 0
7 1/2	p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	157 12
7	p.c. Vishnu	717 8
	DEBENTURES	
3-3/4	p. c. Andhra Valley	102 2
6	p.c. Andhra Valley	105 10
4	p.c. Bombay Telephone	51 0
7	p. c Sholapur	80 0
6	p.c. Tata Hydro	106 6

(Capital Letters indicate Shares on Forward List).

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay, March 10.

Bombay Dyeing (838/12)	840 845 842
Century (219/8)	220 219 221 220
Central India (214/8)	215/8 216
Kohinoor (251)	XD 236 237 236/8
New Great (213)	214 215/8
Simplex (72)	71/8 70/8 71
Swadeshi (212/8)	212 214 215 216
Associated Cement	(112/8) 113 113/4 113/8 113/12 113/8
Andhra (1405)	1410
Tram. Ord.	(126/4) 126/8
Tata Hydro	(150/8) 150 151
Tata Power	(1267/8) 1272 1273
T. Steel Dfd.	(1150) 1155 1172 1167 1195 1185 1187 1186
T. Steel Ord.	(251/8) 254 256 255 259 257 258 257/8
Tata Steel 2nd Pref.	(157/12) 158 157/12
Bellapur	(172/8) 172 173 174
B. Steam	(213) 213
B. Burma	(432) XD 433 436 435 436

WALL STREET MARKET

New York, March 9.

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dol.
American Power and Light Common	6
American Power and Light 5 p.c. Pfd. A.	44
Electric Bond 5 p.c. Pfd.	63
Columbia Gas and Electric	8
American Tel and Tel	165
Sun Life of Canada	475
Western Union Telg.	23 1/4
New York Central	20 3/4
Union Pacific	102
Texas Corporation	44
Amrex Corporation	26 3/8
Union Carbon and Carbide	85XD.
Curtiss Wright	6
United States Steel	64 5/8
United States Steel Pref.	118 5/8
Bethlehem Steel	75
Republic Steel	22
United States Smelting	58
Anaconda Copper	30
Kennecott Copper	37
Int. Nickel of Canada	54 1/8
General Motors	51
General Electric	42 1/2
Consolidated Oil	8 3/4
Socony Vacuum	13 1/4
Chase National Bank	33 1/2
National City Bank	26 1/2

Turnover 1 1/4 million shares. Brokers loans up 111 millions dollars cardioadings up 38082 units. Although administration promises co-operation with business yet it is to be backed up by positive action. However, belief prevails that at least some disadvantages to business community will be removed. Spring trade revival has set in and while business reports remain favourable and administration's new policy continues, securities should continue their upward trend. Weakness in Anaconda and Kennecott copper stocks is due to the proposed plan by the Government of Chile to impose copper export tax to finance reconstruction of areas affected by the earthquake. When world price of copper is six to ten cents per pound, tax will be 10 per cent and when it is ten to fifteen cents per pound tax will be 20 per cent.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE.

London, March 9.

Rupee paper 3 1/2 per cent	£70 1/2
Indian Stock 3 per cent 1948	£74 1/2
Indian Stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	£87
Indian Stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	£109
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£70 3/8
Conversion Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£97 1/8
War Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952	£98 1/4
Funding Loan 4 per cent 1960/90	£109 1/8
Victory Bonds	£107 1/8
Chartered Bank of I. A. and China	£9 1/2
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank Lond Reg.	£91
National Bank of India	£32

LONDON PRODUCE

London, March 9.

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe Mar. sellers	21
Wheat Barletta Russo	unquoted
Wheat South Australian Afloat sellers	22/6

LINSEED OIL

London, March 9.

Linseed Oil naked London per cwt Mar. seller s	24/4 1/2
Linseed Oil naked London per cwt. May/Aug. sellers	24/3

LONDON SEEDS.

London, March 9.

Linseed La Plata Hull c.i.f. Mar sellers	11/1/3
Linseed Calcutta London c.i.f. March sellers	12/12/6
Linseed Bombay London c.i.f. Mar/Apr. paid	12/17/6
Rapeseed Toria Mar/Apr. sellers	11/12/6
Castorseed Bombay Hull c.i.f. Mar/Apr. sellers	19/10/3

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 17 April, 2017

Regd. No. B 1065

TIME IS MONEY.
A SURE WAY TO BETTER PROSPECTS.
WANTED: Men and Women to work DURING LEISURE on a monthly salary of Rs. 100. Send four half anna stamps for postage of our detailed scheme and literature. For any kind of insurance with any company of the world, purchase and sale of land, Building, Shares, and etc., Loans and Mortgages at cheap rates and development of trade of every kind, please write to:—
BHOGILAL HIRALAL SHAH & CO.,
Post Box No.— 713, BOMBAY.
Tel. Address:—"Bhogilalco", Bombay.

Regd. No. B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

BOMBAY'S LEADING HIGH CLASS HINDUS LODGING & BOARDING HOUSE
JOSHI HINDU LODGE
ZAVERI BAZAAR,
Opp. Mulji Jetha Market
Bombay 2.
Tel. No. 27396.
Telegram: Joshi Lodge.

BOMBAY: SATURDAY MARCH 11, 1939

FIGHT AGAINST FEDERATION INEVITABLE

Gandhiji Alone Can Lead It

"We Should Not Deviate From Path So Far Followed By Us"

SETH GOVIND DAS' APPEAL

VISHNUDUTT NAGAR, (Tripuri) March 10.

"The issue before us is quite simple. A struggle against Federation is a foregone conclusion. What remains for decision is the time and the manner of initiating the campaign. I hope that the fight will be a non-violent one. Mahatma Gandhi is the Acharya of non-violence and knows best the technique of non-violent struggle. It is, therefore, naturally expected that it should be left to the good old teacher to decide when and how the next fight should be started."

Thus declared Seth Govind Das, Chairman of the Reception Committee, in his address welcoming the delegates to the fifty-second Session of the Indian National Congress.

Proceeding the Chairman said: "The strength gained by the country under the leadership of Mahatma Gandhi during the past twenty years is unprecedented in our political history. Like a tried General several times he asked us to march forward, and when necessary, he slowed down our pace, and at times cried halt. Under his guidance we had not stumbled yet, and there is no reason why we should deviate from the path so far followed by us."

Welcoming the President and the delegates Seth Govind Das said:

Brother President and Delegates,

After the splendid welcome by plentiful Gujerat, you will probably find the reception in the midst of the hills and forests of Mahakoshal rather poor. However, we are confident that you will not judge the depth and cordiality of our feelings towards you by the simplicity of our reception. Our faith in the national institution, which you all represent, is as firm as the mountains, and our forests with their myriad tongues are shouting of liberty for achieving which we have all assembled here. Thousands of years ago when Shri Ramchandra visited our province a daughter of our forest tribes welcomed him by offering wild plums. And so, like Ramchandra do accept our humble offerings as the plums of Shavari and forgive us for numerous shortcomings in our arrangements that you may come across.

This town of ours made of wood and bamboo is a gift of our forests. We have named it Vishnudutt Nagar. The late Pandit Vishnu Dutt Shukla, was the first leader of our province Mahakoshal. The invitation for the Congress session of 1920 was extended on behalf of the entire Central Provinces. When the question of selecting the venue arose, the late Shuklaji did his best to have the session of the Congress at Jubbulpore, but it was eventually held at Nagpur. It was at Nagpur while attending that very Congress session that Panditji breathed his last. Mahakoshal could not forget its first leader nor his long cherished ambition. It is in commemoration of his memory that we have named the town as Vishnu Dutt Nagar.

MAHAKOSHAL'S RECORD

It was during the Nagpur Congress in 1920 that the Congress Provinces were constituted on a linguistic basis. A separate province was formed out of the Hindustani speaking districts and named Hindustani C. P. Its ancient name 'Mahakoshal' was revived during the Satyagraha movement of 1930, and subsequently it was approved by the Congress. In its loyalty to the Congress Mahakoshal claims a foremost place. Its political history of the last 18 years can well justify this claim. The people of this province gave a ready response to the Non-Co-operation and the Civil Disobedience movements. The flag Satyagraha which ultimately succeeded in Nagpur was started at Jubbulpore. The Forest Satyagraha was started at the instance of our province. Even in the parliamentary sphere it has no mean achievement to its credit. During 1923 elections the Swaraj Party secured majority only in Bengal and C. P. The Bengal majority broke down after some time, but in our province no ministry could be formed for full three years. In the elections of 1926 while the other districts of C. P. and Berar were carried away by the wave of Responsivism, Mahakoshal still kept the Congress flag flying high. The lavish praises bestowed upon Mahakoshal by the late Pandit Motilal Nehru after the elections will for ever remain a matter of pride to us. If one analyses the election results of 1937 and takes the figures of Mahakoshal separately from those of other parts of C. P. and Berar one will find that Mahakoshal leads all other provinces. There is only one reason for our success. The people of this province have never given even a moment's thought to any organisation other than the Congress. Whenever an election fight ensued, it was always directly between the Congressmen on one side and the apologists of the British rule on the other. The Hindu Sabha, the Responsivist Party, the Ambedkar Party, etc. never found a con-

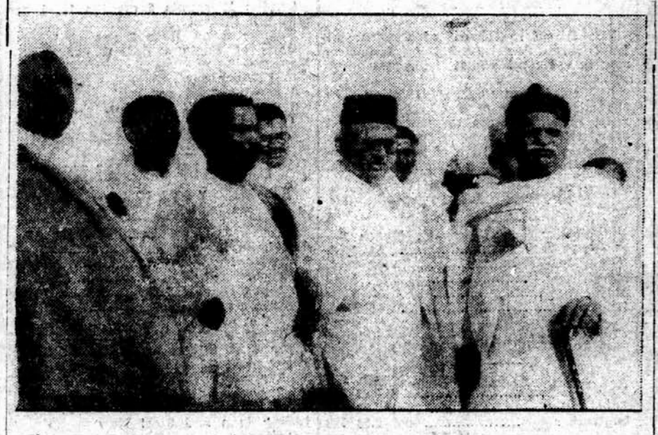
(Continued on page 16, col. 1).

Seth Govind Das, Chairman of the Reception Committee

VICEROY TO RECEIVE GANDHIJI ON MARCH 15

NEW DELHI, MARCH 10.

IT IS OFFICIALLY ANNOUNCED THAT H. E. THE VICEROY WILL RECEIVE GANDHIJI ON THE MORNING OF WEDNESDAY, MARCH 15.—A. P.



(Right to left) Mr. Madhavrao Aney, M. L. A. and Mr. S. Srinivas Iyengar with a number of Bengal delegates, on their way to the Subjects Committee meeting at Tripuri.

Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel and Babu Rajendra Prasad, ex-members of the Working Committee, sit with the delegates instead of on the dais, at the A. I. C. C. Meeting at Tripuri.

Acharya Kripalani in conversation with Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel and Maulana Abul Kalam Azad on their way to the Subjects Committee Meeting at Tripuri.

17 Lakhs Deficit In Assam Budget

SHILLONG, March 9.

The budget estimates for 1939-40 which were presented to-day in the Legislative Assembly by the Finance Minister show a deficit of Rs. 17,39,000. Receipts are expected to total Rs. 2,84,45,000 and expenditure Rs. 3,01,84,000.

The following figures will show the position of 1939/40 budget.

Opening balance Rs. 18,73,000.
Receipts (Revenue) Rs. 2,84,-45,000.
Receipts (Capital) Rs. 5,37,56,000
Expenditure (Revenue) 3,01,84,000
Total Rs. 8,40,74,000.
Expenditure (Capital) Rs. 5,16,-31,000.
Total Rs. 8,18,15,000.

Although the closing balance shows a surplus of Rs. 22,59,000 the revenue estimates disclose an excess of expenditure (charged to revenue) over revenue receipts of Rs. 17,39,000.

The Finance Minister announced that the Government proposed to bring in five taxation measures immediately, the important being levy of a tax on agricultural income, petrol and lubricant oil. Others are tax on amusement, betting, foreign liquor and other articles of luxuries.

The Minister said that levy of a tax on agricultural produce was estimated to bring a revenue of about 25 lakhs. Government proposed to spend portion of the amount from this source on the labour population in tea gardens.

Tax at the rate of two annas per gallon on petrol and three annas on lubricant oil is estimated to bring an income of about four lakhs a year. Another measure for which assent of the house was being sought was levy of a tax on sale of goods.—A. P.

GET RID OF INTERNAL CORRUPTION

Gandhiji's Message To Congress

TRIPURI, March 10.

Maulana Abul Kalam Azad presided when the Subjects Committee reassembled this afternoon.

If his health permits, Mr. Subhas Bose will preside at the opening session at this evening.

Before the Subjects Committee resumed business, Mr. Sarat Bose read out a telegram from Mahatma Gandhi to Mr. Subhas Bose saying that the first business that the Congress should do is to get rid of internal corruption.

Mr. Sarat Bose said that the President also fully agreed with Mahatma Gandhi.—A.P.

Edgar Wallace's Detective Story Day By Day

INSPECTOR WADE — THE HAND OF POWER

THESE GOLD BARS ARE HEFTY, SHINN/
WE DON'T HAVE TO CARRY 'EM TOPSIDE ... TAKE 'EM DOWN THAT PASSAGEWAY. THERE'S A FREIGHT DOOR LEVEL WITH OUR BOATS/
I'M BREAKING OUT THE GUNS/
NOT ENOUGH TIME/ WE MUST GET RID OF THEIR LIFEBOATS/
LOOK!
OUR BOATS/ WE'RE TRAPPED/

Printed and Published for the Bombay Chronicle Co., Ltd., by KESARINATH RAMKRISHNA GANDRE, at the Bombay Chronicle Press, Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.